

TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND COMMUNITY AFFAIRS  
**TDHCA Governing Board Approved Draft of the  
Federal Fiscal Year 2020 Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program State Plan**

**Disclaimer**

Attached is a draft of the Federal Fiscal Year 2020 Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program Model Plan that was approved by the TDHCA Governing Board on April 25, 2019. This document is scheduled to be published in the May 10, 2019, edition of the *Texas Register* and that published version will constitute the official version for purposes of public comment. The version herein is informational only and should not be relied upon as the basis for public comment.

**Public Comment**

**Public Comment Period: Starts: 8AM Austin local time on May 10, 2019 Ends: 5PM Austin local time on June 10, 2019**

Comments received after 5PM Austin local time on June 10, 2019, will not be accepted.

Written comments may be submitted, in hard copy/fax or electronic formats to:

Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs  
Attn: Gavin Reid  
P.O. Box 13941  
Austin, Texas 78711-3941  
Fax: 512-475-3935  
Email: [gavin.reid@tdhca.state.tx.us](mailto:gavin.reid@tdhca.state.tx.us)

Written comments may be submitted in hard copy, fax, or email formats within the designated public comment period. Those making public comment are encouraged to reference the specific draft rule, policy, or plan related to their comment as well as a specific reference or cite associated with each comment.

Please be aware that all comments submitted to the TDHCA will be considered public information.

**TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND COMMUNITY AFFAIRS**  
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**LOW INCOME HOME ENERGY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (LIHEAP)**

**MODEL PLAN**

**PUBLIC LAW 97-35, AS AMENDED**

**FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2020**

**GRANTEE: Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs**

**EIN: 17426105429**

**ADDRESS: P.O. Box 13941  
Austin, Texas 78711-3941**

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**CHECK ONE: TRIBE / TRIBAL ORGANIZATION \_\_\_\_\_ STATE X \_\_\_\_\_ INSULAR AREA \_\_\_\_\_**

**Department of Health and Human Services  
Administration for Children and Families  
Office of Community Services  
Washington, DC 20447**

**August 1987, revised 05/92, 02/95, 03/96, 12/98, 11/01**

**OMB Approval No. 0970-0075**

THE PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT OF 1995 (Pub. L. 104-13)

Use of this model plan is optional. However, the information requested is required in order to receive a Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP) grant in years in which the grantee is not permitted to file an abbreviated plan. Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and reviewing the collection of information. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

## Assurances

The Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs agrees to:

(1) use the funds available under this title to--

(A) conduct outreach activities and provide assistance to low income households in meeting their home energy costs, particularly those with the lowest incomes that pay a high proportion of household income for home energy, consistent with paragraph (5);

(B) intervene in energy crisis situations;

(C) provide low-cost residential weatherization and other cost-effective energy-related home repair; and

(D) plan, develop, and administer the State's program under this title including leveraging programs, and the State agrees not to use such funds for any purposes other than those specified in this title;

(2) make payments under this title only with respect to--

(A) households in which one or more individuals are receiving--

(i) assistance under the State program funded under part A of title IV of the Social Security Act;

(ii) supplemental security income payments under title XVI of the Social Security Act;

(iii) food stamps under the Food Stamp Act of 1977; or

(iv) payments under section 415, 521, 541, or 542 of title 38, United States Code, or under section 306 of the Veterans' and Survivors' Pension Improvement Act of 1978; or

(B) households with incomes which do not exceed an amount equal to 150 percent of the poverty level for such State; or

(i) an amount equal to 60 percent of the State median income;

except that a State may not exclude a household from eligibility in a Federal fiscal year solely on the basis of household income if such income is less than 110 percent of the poverty level for such State, but the State may give priority to those households with the highest home energy costs or needs in relation to household income.

(3) conduct outreach activities designed to assure that eligible households, especially households with elderly individuals or disabled individuals, or both, and households with high home energy burdens, are made aware of the assistance available under this title, and any similar energy-related assistance available under subtitle B of title VI (relating to community services block grant program) or under any other provision of law which carries out programs which were administered under the Economic Opportunity Act of 1964 before the date of the enactment of this Act;

(4) coordinate its activities under this title with similar and related programs administered by the Federal Government and such State, particularly low-income energy-related programs under subtitle

B of title VI (relating to community services block grant program), under the supplemental security income program, under part A of title IV of the Social Security Act, under title XX of the Social Security Act, under the low-income weatherization assistance program under title IV of the Energy Conservation and Production Act, or under any other provision of law which carries out programs which were administered under the Economic Opportunity Act of 1964 before the date of the enactment of this Act;

(5) provide, in a timely manner, that the highest level of assistance will be furnished to those households which have the lowest incomes and the highest energy costs or needs in relation to income, taking into account family size, except that the State may not differentiate in implementing this section between the households described in clauses 2(A) and 2(B) of this subsection;

(6) to the extent it is necessary to designate local administrative agencies in order to carry out the purposes of this title, to give special consideration, in the designation of such agencies, to any local public or private nonprofit agency which was receiving Federal funds under any low-income energy assistance program or weatherization program under the Economic Opportunity Act of 1964 or any other provision of law on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act, except that--

(A) the State shall, before giving such special consideration, determine that the agency involved meets program and fiscal requirements established by the State; and

(B) if there is no such agency because of any change in the assistance furnished to programs for economically disadvantaged persons, then the State shall give special consideration in the designation of local administrative agencies to any successor agency which is operated in substantially the same manner as the predecessor agency which did receive funds for the Federal fiscal year preceding the Federal fiscal year for which the determination is made;

(7) if the State chooses to pay home energy suppliers directly, establish procedures to--

(A) notify each participating household of the amount of assistance paid on its behalf;

(B) assure that the home energy supplier will charge the eligible household, in the normal billing process, the difference between the actual cost of the home energy and the amount of the payment made by the State under this title;

(C) assure that the home energy supplier will provide assurances that any agreement entered into with a home energy supplier under this paragraph will contain provisions to assure that no household receiving assistance under this title will be treated adversely because of such assistance under applicable provisions of State law or public regulatory requirements; and

(D) ensure that the provision of vendor payments remains at the option of the State in consultation with local grantees and may be contingent on unregulated vendors taking appropriate measures to alleviate the energy burdens of eligible households, including providing for agreements between suppliers and individuals eligible for benefits under this Act that seek to reduce home energy costs, minimize the risks of home energy crisis, and encourage regular payments by individuals receiving financial assistance for home energy costs;

(8) provide assurances that--

(A) the State will not exclude households described in clause (2)(B) of this subsection from receiving home energy assistance benefits under clause (2), and

(B) the State will treat owners and renters equitably under the program assisted under this title;

(9) provide that--

(A) the State may use for planning and administering the use of funds under this title an amount not to exceed 10 percent of the funds payable to such State under this title for a Federal fiscal year; and

(B) the State will pay from non-Federal sources the remaining costs of planning and administering the program assisted under this title and will not use Federal funds for such remaining cost (except for the costs of the activities described in paragraph (16));

(10) provide that such fiscal control and fund accounting procedures will be established as may be necessary to assure the proper disbursement of and accounting for Federal funds paid to the State under this title, including procedures for monitoring the assistance provided under this title, and provide that the State will comply with the provisions of chapter 75 of title 31, United States Code (commonly known as the "Single Audit Act");

(11) permit and cooperate with Federal investigations undertaken in accordance with section 2608;

(12) provide for timely and meaningful public participation in the development of the plan described in subsection (c);

(13) provide an opportunity for a fair administrative hearing to individuals whose claims for assistance under the plan described in subsection (c) are denied or are not acted upon with reasonable promptness; and

(14) cooperate with the Secretary with respect to data collecting and reporting under section 2610.

(15) beginning in Federal fiscal year 1992, provide, in addition to such services as may be offered by State Departments of Public Welfare at the local level, outreach and intake functions for crisis situations and heating and cooling assistance that is administered by additional State and local governmental entities or community-based organizations (such as community action agencies, area agencies on aging and not-for-profit neighborhood-based organizations), and in States where such organizations do not administer functions as of September 30, 1991, preference in awarding grants or contracts for intake services shall be provided to those agencies that administer the low-income weatherization or energy crisis intervention programs.

\* This assurance is applicable only to States, and to territories whose annual regular LIHEAP allotments exceed \$200,000. Neither territories with annual allotments of \$200,000 or less nor Indian tribes/tribal organizations are subject to Assurance 15.

(16) use up to 5 percent of such funds, at its option, to provide services that encourage and enable households to reduce their home energy needs and thereby the need for energy assistance, including needs assessments, counseling, and assistance with energy vendors, and report to the Secretary

concerning the impact of such activities on the number of households served, the level of direct benefits provided to those households, and the number of households that remain unserved.

Certification to the Assurances: As Chief Executive Officer, I agree to comply with the sixteen assurances contained in Title XXVI of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981, as amended. By signing these assurances, I also agree to abide by the standard assurances on lobbying, debarment and suspension, and a drug-free workplace.

Signature of the Tribal or Board Chairperson or Chief Executive Officer of the State or Territory.

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Title: Acting Director, Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs

Date: August, 2019

**The Governor of Texas has delegated the responsibility of signing this document to the Executive Director of the Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs. A copy of the letter is attached.**

**The EIN (Entity Identification Number) of the Texas Department of Housing & Community Affairs, which receives the grant funds, appears on the cover of this application.**

In the above assurances which are quoted from the law, "State" means the 50 States, the District of Columbia, an Indian Tribe or Tribal Organization, or a Territory; "title" of the Act refers to Title XXVI of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981 (OBRA), as amended, the "Low Income Home Energy Assistance Act"; "section" means Section 2605 of OBRA; and, "subsection" refers to Section 2605(b) of OBRA.

## Section 1<sup>1</sup>

### Program Components, 2605(a), 2605(b)(1) – Assurance 1, 2605(c)(1)(C)

1.1 Check which components you will operate under the LIHEAP program. (Note: You must provide information for each component designated here as requested elsewhere in this plan.)

	<u>Dates of Operation<sup>2</sup></u>		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Heating assistance	Start date: 10/01/2019	End date: 09/30/2021
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cooling assistance	Start date: 10/01/2019	End date: 09/30/2021
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Crisis assistance	Start date: 10/01/2019	End date: 09/30/2021
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Weatherization assistance	Start date: 10/01/2019	End date: 09/30/2021

### Estimated Funding Allocation, 2604(c), 2605(k)(1), 2605(b)(9), 2605(b)(16) – Assurances 9 and 16

1.2 Estimate what amount of available LIHEAP funds will be used for each component that you will operate: **The total of all percentages must add up to 100%**

10% heating assistance

40% cooling assistance

25% crisis assistance

Up to 15% weatherization assistance<sup>3</sup>

0% carryover to the following Federal fiscal year

10% administrative and planning costs

0% services to reduce home energy needs including needs assessment (Assurance 16)

0% used to develop and implement leveraging activities

100% **TOTAL**

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<sup>1</sup> Capitalized terms are defined in Title 10, Chapters 1, 2, or 6 (as applicable) of the Texas Administrative Code or by federal law.

<sup>2</sup> Dates of operation signify periods in which we most expect seasonal usage. Identification of these periods does not limit the payment of assistance on any “seasonal” basis.

<sup>3</sup> If 15% is not used for weatherization assistance, the balance will be added to heating, cooling, or crisis assistance as needed.

**Alternate Use of Crisis Assistance Funds, 2605(c)(1)(C)**

1.3 The funds reserved for winter crisis assistance that have not been expended by March 15 will be reprogrammed to:

- Heating assistance
- Weatherization assistance
- Cooling assistance
- Other (specify): funds are utilized for all eligible components

**Categorical Eligibility, 2605(b)(2)(A) – Assurance 2, 2605(c)(1)(A), 2605(b)(8A) – Assurance 8**

1.4 Do you consider households categorically eligible if one household member receives one of the following categories of benefits in the left column below?  Yes  No

Program	Cooling	Heating	Crisis	Weatherization
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	No	No	No	No
Supplemental Security Income	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	No	No	No	No
Means-tested Veterans Programs	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

1.5 Do you automatically enroll households without a direct annual application?  
 Yes  No

1.6 How do you ensure there is no difference in the treatment of categorically eligible households from those not receiving other public assistance when determining eligibility and benefit amounts?

Texas provides Categorical Eligibility for SSI and Means-Tested Veterans Programs into its program. State rules have a provision that there is to be no difference in the treatment of Categorically Eligible Households. The Department has a system for persons to submit complaints, and the monitoring reviews would also note any differences in treatment of persons that are or are not Categorically Eligible.

**SNAP Nominal Payments**

1.7 Do you allocate LIHEAP funds toward a nominal payment for SNAP households? If you answered “yes” to question 1.71 you must provide a response to 1.7b, 1.7c, 1.7d.

a.  Yes  No

b. Amount of Nominal Assistance: \$ \_\_\_ NA \_\_\_\_\_

c. Frequency of Assistance:

Once per year

Once every five years

Other (describe): \_\_\_\_\_ NA \_\_\_\_\_

d. How do you confirm that the household receiving a nominal payment has an energy cost or need?



## Determination of Eligibility – Countable Income

1.8 In determining a household's income eligibility for LIHEAP, do you use gross income or net income?

- Gross Income (except for self-employment or farm income or gambling/lottery winnings)<sup>4</sup>  
 Net Income

1.9. Select all of the applicable forms of countable income used to determine a household's income eligibility for LIHEAP.

- Wages (except as prohibited by the Workforce Investment Act of 1998)  
 Self-employment income  
 Contract income  
 Payments from mortgage or sales contracts  
 Unemployment Insurance  
 Strike pay  
 Social Security Administration (SSA) benefits  
     Including Medicare deduction       Excluding Medicare deduction  
 Supplemental Security Income (SSI)  
 Retirement / pension benefits  
 General Assistance benefits (except as excluded by federal law or 10 TAC §6.4-)  
 Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) benefits (except for one-time payments)  
 Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) benefits  
 Women, Infants, and Children Supplemental Nutrition Program (WIC) benefits  
 Loans that need to be repaid  
 Cash gifts  
 Savings account balance  
 One-time lump-sum payments, such as rebates/credits, refund deposits, etc.  
 Jury duty compensation  
 Rental income  
 Income from employment through Workforce Investment Act (WIA)  
 Income from work study programs  
 Alimony  
 Child support  
 Interest, dividends, or royalties  
 Commissions  
 Legal settlements  
 Insurance payments made directly to the insured  
 Insurance payments made specifically for the repayment of a bill, debt, or estimate  
 Veterans Administration (VA) benefits (except for 38 USC 1315, 1521, 1541, 1542)  
 Earned income of a child under the age of 18  
 Balance of retirement, pension, or annuity accounts where funds cannot be withdrawn without a penalty.  
 Income tax refunds  
 Stipends from senior companion programs, such as VISTA  
 Funds received by household for the care of a foster child  
 AmeriCorps Program payments for living allowances, earnings, and in-kind aid.  
 Reimbursements (for mileage, gas, lodging, meals, etc.)  
 Other Any item not excluded in 10 TAC §6.4 or by other federal law

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<sup>4</sup> Exceptions on use of net income are provided for in 10 TAC §6.4.

## Section 2 - HEATING ASSISTANCE

### Eligibility, 2605(b)(2) – Assurance 2

2.1 Designate the income eligibility threshold used for the heating component:

<i>Household Size</i>	<i>Eligibility Guidelines</i>	<i>Eligibility Threshold</i>
All Household Sizes	USHHS Poverty Guidelines	150%
All Household Sizes	State Median Income	60% <sup>5</sup>

2.2 Do you have additional eligibility requirements for **HEATING ASSISTANCE**?

Yes  No <sup>6</sup>

2.3 Check the appropriate boxes below and describe the policies for each.

- |  | Yes                                 | No                                  |
|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| ● Do you require an assets test?                             | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| ● Do you have additional/differing eligibility policies for: |                                     |                                     |
| ● Renters?   | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| ● Renters living in subsidized housing?                      | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| ● Renters with utilities included in the rent? <sup>7</sup>  | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| ● Do you give priority in eligibility to:                    |                                     |                                     |
| ● Elderly?   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| ● Disabled?  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| ● Young children?  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| ● Households with high energy burdens?                       | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| ● Other?   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Households with high energy consumption                      |                                     |                                     |

### Determination of Benefits, 2605(b)(5) – Assurance 5, 2605(c)(1)(B)

<sup>5</sup> In the county of a major disaster or emergency designated by the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services or by the President under the Disaster Relief Act of 1974, Texas will use the highest of 150% of the poverty guidelines or 60% of the State's median income (SMI). The State may also use this flexibility to set poverty guidelines in a local crisis as defined by the Department's Executive Director. Texas will communicate this designation to affected Subrecipients through email and by website posting. Subrecipients must receive prior written approval before using 60% SMI. Place based assistance must be performed in the county, but person based assistance for those displaced by a disaster or emergency may be in other counties.

<sup>6</sup> 10 TAC §6.307(e) states: "A Dwelling Unit cannot be served if the meter is utilized by another Household that is not part of the application for assistance. In instances where separate structures share a meter and the applicant is otherwise eligible for assistance, Subrecipient must provide services if: (1) the members of the separate structures that share a meter meet the definition of a Household per §6.2 of this Chapter (relating to Definitions); (2) the members of the separate structures that share a meter submit one application as one Household; and (3) all persons and applicable income from each structure are counted when determining eligibility."

<sup>7</sup> Per 10 TAC §6.309(h)(9), Subrecipient may make payments to landlords on behalf of eligible renters who pay their utility and/or fuel bills indirectly. Subrecipient shall notify each participating household of the amount of assistance paid on its behalf. Subrecipient shall document this notification. Subrecipient shall maintain proof of utility or fuel bill payment. Subrecipient shall ensure that amount of assistance paid on behalf of customer is deducted from customer's rent.

2.4 Describe how you prioritize the provision of heating assistance to vulnerable households, e.g., benefit amounts, application period, etc.

Subrecipients use a rating system which determines priority based on persons in Households who are particularly vulnerable such as the Elderly, Persons with Disabilities, Households with Young Children, Households with High Energy Burden, and Households with High Energy Consumption. Benefit amounts are determined on a sliding scale based on the Household's income. The number of benefit payments is based on the presence of a vulnerable member such as the Elderly, Persons with Disabilities, and Households with Young Children. The maximum benefit amount is determined per program year based on Household need, is split between heating and cooling assistance, and is not required to be applied equally to heating and cooling costs.

2.5 Check the variables you use to determine your benefit levels. (Check all that apply):

- Income
- Family (household) size
- Home energy cost or need:
  - Fuel type
  - Climate/region
  - Individual bill
  - Dwelling type
  - Energy burden (% of income spent on home energy)
  - Energy need
  - Other (Describe: Alternative Billing Method)

*Other Description:* Other - Utility assistance payment can be based on the previous twelve (12) month's home energy consumption history or, if this data is unavailable, payments may be based on payments of the current program year's bill or utilize an alternative billing method (ABM) for clients with incomplete billing histories. The Department recommends an alternative billing method where the subrecipient determines the average consumption amount (kWh, therms, MCF, gallons, etc.) per month, for each household size and type based on a minimum sample size of 30 files that contain complete billing histories. Subrecipients can propose other types of ABMs. The ABM proposed by the subrecipient must be approved by the Department prior to utilization.

The amount of benefit/assistance that an applicant is eligible for is based on their level of household income. Per 10 TAC §6.309(e), Households with incomes 0-50% of Federal Poverty Income Guidelines (FPIG) have a maximum of \$1,200 for the Utility Payment Assistance Component and the Household Crisis Component; Households with incomes at 51%-75% FPIG have a maximum of \$1,100 per Component; Households with incomes 76%-150% FPIG have a maximum of \$1,000 per Component; and there is a maximum of up to \$3,000 for Service and Repair of heating and cooling units. The maximum total eligible assistance is \$5,400.

**Benefit Levels, 2605(b)(5) – Assurance 5, 2605(c)(1)(B)**

2.6 Describe estimated benefit levels for FY 2020:

\$1 Minimum benefit      \$5,400 Maximum benefit

Note: Households are eligible for \$1,200 under utility assistance component and \$1,200 under Household Crisis Component. Non-vulnerable population households may be eligible for an additional \$3,000 for service and repair of existing heating and cooling units when the county is experiencing Extreme Weather Conditions. Vulnerable Population Households, regardless of weather conditions, that include at least one member that is Elderly, Disabled, or a Child age 5 or younger, may receive service and repair of existing heating and cooling units not to exceed \$3,000 or a portable air conditioning/evaporative coolers and heating units (portable electric heaters are allowable only as a last resort) regardless of weather conditions. If any component of the heating or cooling, or heating and cooling system cannot be repaired using parts, Subrecipients can replace the component in order to repair the heating or cooling, or heating and cooling system under the Household Crisis component.

The State of Texas does not have a minimum benefit amount. The amount of benefit/assistance indicates \$1.00, because the OLDC system requires that a figure be inserted in the minimum amount.

The amount of benefit/assistance that an applicant is eligible for is based on their level of household income. Households with incomes 0-50% of Federal Poverty Income Guidelines (FPIG) have a maximum of \$1,200 for the Utility Payment Assistance Component and the Household Crisis Component, incomes at 51%-75% FPIG up to \$1,100 per Component; incomes 76%-150% FPIG up to \$1,000 per Component; and up to \$3,000 for Service and Repair of heating and cooling units. The maximum total eligible assistance is \$5,400.

The maximum benefit amount per household is \$5,400 per program year and could be reached if a household received up to \$1,200 in Crisis Assistance, \$1,200 in Utility Assistance, and a \$3,000 repair or replacement of a heating or cooling unit or crisis-related purchase of portable heating and cooling units (the later limited to periods when the county is experiencing Extreme Weather Conditions). Vulnerable Households that include at least one member that is Elderly, Disabled, or a Child age 5 or younger, may receive service and repair of existing heating and cooling units not to exceed \$3,000 or a portable air conditioning/evaporative coolers and heating units (portable electric heaters are allowable only as a last resort) regardless of weather conditions.

2.7 Do you provide in-kind (e.g., blankets, space heaters) and/or other forms of benefits?

Yes       No -- If yes, describe.

Under energy crisis, a non-vulnerable Household may receive service and repair of existing heating and cooling units not to exceed \$3,000 when the county is experiencing Extreme Weather Conditions. Vulnerable Households that include at least one member that is Elderly, Disabled, or a Child age 5 or younger, may receive service and repair of existing heating and cooling units not to exceed \$3,000 or a portable air conditioning/evaporative coolers and heating units (portable electric heaters are allowable only as a last resort) regardless of weather conditions.

Eligible Households may receive temporary shelter not to exceed the annual household expenditure limit for the duration of the contract period in the limited instances when natural disasters result in energy supply shortages or other energy-related emergencies. Eligible Households may receive emergency deliveries of fuel up to 250 gallons per crisis per Household, at the prevailing price. This benefit may include coverage for tank pressure testing. When natural disasters result in energy supply shortages or other energy-related emergencies, LIHEAP will allow home energy related expenditures as described in 10 TAC §6.310 (e), which include blankets, fans, air conditioners, and generators.

**Section 3: COOLING ASSISTANCE**

**Eligibility, 2605(c)(1)(A), 2605(b)(2) – Assurance 2**

3.1 Designate the income eligibility threshold used for the cooling component:

#	Household Size	Eligibility Guidelines	Eligibility Threshold
1	All Household Sizes	USHHS Poverty Guidelines	150%
2	All Household Sizes	State Median Income	60% <sup>8</sup>

3.2 Do you have additional eligibility requirements for **COOLING ASSISTANCE**

Yes       No

3.3 Check the appropriate boxes below and describe the policies for each.

- |  | <u>Yes</u>                          | <u>No</u>                           |
|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| ● Do you require an assets test?                             | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| ● Do you have additional/differing eligibility policies for: |                                     |                                     |
| ● Renters?   | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| ● Renters living in subsidized housing?                      | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| ● Renters with utilities included in the rent? <sup>9</sup>  | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| ● Do you give priority in eligibility to:                    |                                     |                                     |
| ● Elderly?   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| ● Disabled?  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| ● Young children?  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| ● Households with high energy burdens?                       | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| ● Other?<br>Households with high energy consumption          | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |

3.3 Check the appropriate boxes below and describe the policies for each.

Explanations of policies for each “yes” checked above:

<sup>8</sup> In the county of a major disaster or emergency designated by the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services or by the President under the Disaster Relief Act of 1974, Texas will use the highest of 150% of the poverty guidelines or 60% of the State’s median income. Texas may also use this flexibility to set poverty guidelines in a local crisis as defined by the Department’s Executive Director. The State will communicate this designation to affected Subrecipients through email and by website posting. Subrecipients must receive prior written approval before using 60% SMI. Place based assistance must be performed in the county, but person based assistance for those displaced by a disaster or emergency may be in other counties.

<sup>9</sup> Per 10 TAC §6.309(h)(9), Subrecipient may make payments to landlords on behalf of eligible renters who pay their utility and/or fuel bills indirectly. Subrecipient shall notify each participating household of the amount of assistance paid on its behalf. Subrecipient shall document this notification. Subrecipient shall maintain proof of utility or fuel bill payment. Subrecipient shall ensure that amount of assistance paid on behalf of customer is deducted from customer’s rent.

10 TAC §6.307(d) states “Subrecipients must establish a written procedure to serve Households that have a Vulnerable Population Household member, Households with High Energy Burden, and Households with High Energy Consumption. High Energy Burden shall be the highest rated item in sliding scale priority determinations. The Subrecipient must maintain documentation of the use of the criteria.”

Priority must be given to Elderly, Disabled, Households with Young Children, and Households with High Energy Burden and High Energy Consumption.

3.4 Describe how you prioritize the provision of cooling assistance to vulnerable households, e.g., benefit amounts, application periods, etc.

Subrecipients use a rating system which determines priority based on persons in Households who are particularly vulnerable such as the Elderly, Persons with Disabilities, Families with Young Children, Households with High Energy Burden, and Households with High Energy Consumption. Benefit amounts are determined on a sliding scale based on the Household’s income. The number of benefit payments is based on the presence of a vulnerable member such as the Elderly, Persons with Disabilities, and Households with Young Children. The maximum benefit amount is determined per-program year based on Household need, is split between heating and cooling assistance, and is not required to be applied equally to heating and cooling costs.

**Determination of Benefits, 2605(b)(5) – Assurance 5, 2605(c)(1)(B)**

3.5 Check the variables you use to determine your benefit levels. (Check all that apply):

- Income
- Family (household) size
- Home energy cost or need
  - Fuel type
  - Climate/region
  - Individual bill
  - Dwelling type
  - Energy burden (% of income spent on home energy)
  - Energy need
  - Other (describe)

**Benefit Levels, 2605(b)(5) – Assurance 5, 2605(c)(1)(B)**

3.6 Describe benefit levels:

\$1 Minimum benefit \$5,400 Maximum benefit

Note: Households are eligible for \$1,200 under utility assistance component and \$1,200 under Household Crisis Component. Non-vulnerable population households may be eligible for an additional \$3,000 for service and repair of existing heating and cooling units when the county is experiencing Extreme Weather Conditions. Vulnerable Population Households, regardless of weather conditions, that include at least one member that is Elderly, Disabled, or a Child age 5 or younger, may receive service and repair of existing heating and cooling units not to exceed \$3,000

or a portable air conditioning/evaporative coolers and heating units (portable electric heaters are allowable only as a last resort) regardless of weather conditions . If any component of the heating or cooling, or heating and cooling system cannot be repaired using parts, Subrecipients can replace the component in order to repair the heating or cooling, or heating and cooling system under the Household Crisis component.

The State of Texas does not have a minimum benefit amount. The amount of benefit/assistance indicates \$1.00, because the OLDC system requires that a figure be inserted in the minimum amount.

The amount of benefit/assistance that an applicant is eligible for is based on their level of household income. Households with incomes at 0-50% of Federal Poverty Income Guidelines (FPIG) have a maximum of \$1,200 for the Utility Payment Assistance Component and the Household Crisis Component; Households with incomes at 51%-75% FPIG have a maximum of \$1,100 per Component; Households with incomes 76%-150% FPIG have a maximum of \$1,000 per Component; and there is a maximum of up to \$3,000 for Service and Repair of heating and cooling units. The maximum total eligible assistance is \$5,400.

The maximum benefit amount per household is \$5,400 per program year and could be reached if a household received up to \$1,200 in Crisis Assistance, \$1,200 in Utility Assistance, and a \$3,000 repair or replacement of a heating or cooling unit or crisis-related purchase of portable heating and cooling units (the latter limited to periods when the county is experiencing Extreme Weather Conditions). Vulnerable Households that include at least one member that is Elderly, Disabled, or a Child age 5 or younger, may receive service and repair of existing heating and cooling units not to exceed \$3,000 or a portable air conditioning/evaporative coolers and heating units (portable electric heaters are allowable only as a last resort) regardless of weather conditions.

3.7 Do you provide in-kind (e.g., fans, air conditioners) and/or other forms of benefits?

Yes  No -- If yes, describe.

Under energy crisis, a non-vulnerable Household may receive service and repair of existing heating and cooling units not to exceed \$3,000 when the county is experiencing Extreme Weather Conditions. Vulnerable Households that include at least one member that is Elderly, Disabled, or a Child age 5 or younger, may receive service and repair of existing heating and cooling units not to exceed \$3,000 or a portable air conditioning/evaporative coolers and heating units (portable electric heaters are allowable only as a last resort) regardless of weather conditions.

Eligible Households may receive temporary shelter not to exceed the annual household expenditure limit for the duration of the contract period in the limited instances when natural disasters result in energy supply shortages or other energy-related emergencies. Eligible Households may receive emergency deliveries of fuel up to 250 gallons per crisis per Household, at the prevailing price. This benefit may include coverage for tank pressure testing. When natural disasters result in energy supply shortages or other energy-related emergencies, LIHEAP will allow home energy related expenditures as described in 10 TAC §6.310 (e), which include blankets, fans, air conditioners, and generators.

Repair of existing heating and cooling units, purchase of portable heating/cooling units: Only as a result of natural disasters, provision of temporary shelter, blankets, fans, costs for certain transportation, air conditioners, and generators is allowed under conditions specified in 10 TAC §6.309 and §6.310.

## **Section 4: CRISIS ASSISTANCE,**

### **Eligibility - 2604(c), 2605(c)(1)(A)**

4.1 Designate the income eligibility threshold used for the crisis component:

<b>#</b>	<b>Household Size</b>	<b>Eligibility Guidelines</b>	<b>Eligibility Threshold</b>
1	All Household Sizes	USHHS Poverty Guidelines	150%
2	All Household Sizes	State Median Income	60% <sup>10</sup>

4.2 Provide your LIHEAP program’s definition for determining a crisis.

A bona fide Household Crisis exists when extraordinary events or situations resulting from extreme weather conditions and/or fuel supply shortages have depleted or will deplete Household financial resources and/or have created problems in meeting basic Household expenses, particularly bills for energy so as to constitute a threat to the well-being of the Household, particularly Vulnerable Population Households (the Elderly, Persons with Disabilities, or Children age 5 and younger). A utility disconnection notice may constitute a Household energy crisis.

4.3 What constitutes a life-threatening crisis?

A life threatening crisis exists when at least one person in the applicant Household would be adversely affected without the Subrecipient's utility assistance, because there is a shut-off notice or a delivered fuel source is below a ten (10) day supply (by customer report) to the degree that, in the opinion of a reasonable person, the effect could cause loss of life. Examples of life-sustaining equipment include, but are not limited to, kidney dialysis machines, oxygen concentrators, cardiac monitors, and in some cases heating and air conditioning when ambient temperature control is prescribed by a medical professional. Documentation must not be requested about the medical condition of the applicant/customer but must state that such a device is required in the Dwelling Unit to sustain life.

Per 10 TAC §6.310 (f): Time Limits for Assistance. Subrecipients shall ensure that for customers who have already lost service or are in immediate danger of losing service, some form of assistance to resolve the crisis shall be provided within a 48-hour time limit (18 hours in life-threatening situations). The time limit commences upon completion of the application process. The application process is considered to be complete when an agency representative accepts an application, and completes the eligibility process.

Per 10 TAC §6.310(g): Subrecipients must maintain written documentation in customer files showing the crises resolved within appropriate timeframes. Subrecipients must maintain documentation in customer files showing that a utility bill used as evidence of a crisis was received by the Subrecipient during the effective contract term. The Department may disallow improperly documented expenditures.

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<sup>10</sup> In the county of a major disaster or emergency designated by the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services or by the President under the Disaster Relief Act of 1974, Texas will use the highest of 150% of the poverty guidelines or 60% of the State’s median income (“SMI”). Texas may also use this flexibility to set poverty guidelines in a local crisis as defined by the Department’s Executive Director. Texas will communicate this designation to affected Subrecipients through email and by website posting. Subrecipients must receive prior written approval before using 60% SMI. Place based assistance must be performed in the county, but person based assistance for those displaced by a disaster or emergency may be in other counties.



Acceptable means of intervention would be entering into an agreement with the vendor to accept a pledge and continue service or in cases where the vendor requires other payment arrangements, arrangements can be made. Crisis assistance, whether for utility payment assistance, disconnection notice, life threatening crisis, temporary shelter, emergency fuel deliveries, assistance related to natural disasters shall be considered part of the total maximum Household allowable assistance. Service and repair or purchase of heating or cooling, or heating and cooling units for up to \$3,000 will not be counted towards the total maximum Household allowable assistance under the utility assistance and crisis components

**Crisis Requirements, 2604(c)**

4.4 Within how many hours do you provide an intervention that will resolve the energy crisis for eligible households? 48 Hours

4.5 Within how many hours do you provide an intervention that will resolve the energy crisis for eligible households in life-threatening situations? 18 Hours<sup>11</sup>

**Crisis Eligibility, 2605(c)(1)(A)?**

4.6 Do you have additional eligibility requirements for **CRISIS ASSISTANCE?**

Yes  No

4.7 Check the appropriate boxes below and describe the policies for each.

- |  | <u>Yes</u>                          | <u>No</u>                           |
|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| ● Do you require an assets test?   | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| ● Do you give priority in eligibility to:  |                                     |                                     |
| ● Elderly?   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| ● Disabled?  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| ● Young children?  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| ● Households with high energy burdens?   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| ● Other?   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Households with high energy consumption  |                                     |                                     |
| ● In order to receive crisis assistance: <sup>12</sup>                                     |                                     |                                     |
| ● Must the household have received a shut-off notice or have a near empty tank?            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| ● Must the household have been shut off or have an empty tank?                             | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| ● Must the household have exhausted their regular heating benefit?                         | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| ● Must renters with heating costs included in their rent have received an eviction notice? | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |

<sup>11</sup> Pursuant to §2604(c)(2) of the LIHEAP Statute, the Department provides “some form of assistance that will resolve the energy crisis” not later than 18 hours after a household applies for crisis benefits if such household is eligible to receive such benefits and is in a life-threatening situation.

<sup>12</sup> The program has different requirements depending on whether the household contains a member of a priority group.

- Must heating/cooling be medically necessary?
- Must the household have non-working heating or cooling equipment?
- Other?

● Do you have additional/differing eligibility policies for:

- Renters?
- Renters living in subsidized housing?
- Renters with utilities included in the rent? <sup>13</sup>

**Determination of Benefits**

4.8 How do you handle crisis situations?

- Separate component
- Fast Track
- Other

4.9 If you have a separate component, how do you determine crisis assistance benefits?

- Amount to resolve crisis, up to a maximum of \$1200
- Other  
Heating and cooling equipment repair or replace up to \$3,000

**Crisis Requirements, 2604(c)**

4.10 Do you accept applications for energy crisis assistance at sites that are geographically accessible to all households in the area to be served?

- Yes  No

Explain: 10 TAC §6.313(d): “Subrecipients shall accept applications at sites that are geographically and physically accessible to all Households requesting assistance. If Subrecipient's office is not accessible, Subrecipient shall make reasonable accommodations to ensure that all Households can apply for assistance.”

4.11 Do you provide individuals who have physical disabilities the means to:

- Submit applications for crisis benefits without leaving their homes?  
 Yes  No If no, explain.

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<sup>13</sup> Per 10 TAC §6.309(h)(9), Subrecipient may make payments to landlords on behalf of eligible renters who pay their utility and/or fuel bills indirectly. Subrecipient shall notify each participating household of the amount of assistance paid on its behalf. Subrecipient shall document this notification. Subrecipient shall maintain proof of utility or fuel bill payment. Subrecipient shall ensure that amount of assistance paid on behalf of customer is deducted from client's rent.

Applications can be mailed in. In some cases, applications may be completed online or the organization will go to the applicant's home to take the application.

■ Travel to the sites at which applications for crisis assistance are accepted?  
 Yes  No If yes, explain.

If you answered "No" to both questions 4.11, please explain alternative means of intake to those who are homebound or physically disabled.

**Benefit Levels, 2605(c)(1)(B)**

4.12 Indicate the maximum benefit for each type of crisis assistance offered.

Winter Crisis \$ 0 maximum benefit

Summer Crisis \$ 0 maximum benefit

Year-round Crisis \$1200 maximum benefit

4.13 Do you provide in-kind (e.g., blankets, space heaters, fans) and/or other forms of benefits?  
 Yes  No If yes, describe.

Under energy crisis, a non-vulnerable Household may receive service and repair of existing heating and cooling units not to exceed \$3,000 when the county is experiencing Extreme Weather Conditions. Vulnerable Households that include at least one member that is Elderly, Disabled, or a Child age 5 or younger, may receive service and repair of existing heating and cooling units not to exceed \$3,000 or a portable air conditioning/evaporative coolers and heating units (portable electric heaters are allowable only as a last resort) regardless of weather conditions.

Eligible Households may receive temporary shelter not to exceed the annual household expenditure limit for the duration of the contract period in the limited instances when natural disasters result in energy supply shortages or other energy-related emergencies. Eligible Households may receive emergency deliveries of fuel up to 250 gallons per crisis per Household, at the prevailing price. This benefit may include coverage for tank pressure testing. When natural disasters result in energy supply shortages or other energy-related emergencies, LIHEAP will allow home energy related expenditures as described in 10 TAC §6.310(e).

Repair of existing heating and cooling units, purchase of portable heating/cooling units. Only as a result of natural disasters, provision of temporary shelter, blankets, fans, costs for certain transportation, air conditioners, and generators is allowed under conditions specified in 10 TAC §6.309 and §6.310.

4.14 Do you provide for equipment repair or replacement using crisis funds?  
 Yes  No

4.15 Check appropriate boxes below to indicate type(s) of assistance provided:

Type of Assistance	Winter Crisis	Summer Crisis	Year-round Crisis
Heating system repair			X
Heating system replacement (only components of a central HVAC system)			X
Cooling system repair			X
Cooling system replacement (only components of a central HVAC system)			X
Wood stove purchase			
Pellet stove purchase			
Solar panel(s)			
Utility poles / Gas line hook-ups			
Other (Specify): For Households which include a member of a Vulnerable Population, service and repair or purchase of portable heating and cooling units can be provided if a system is non-existent up to \$3000. For Households who do not have a member of a Vulnerable Population, such assistance is limited to times when the county is experiencing Extreme Weather Conditions.			X

4.16 Do any of the utility vendors you work with enforce a winter moratorium on shut offs? If you respond "Yes" to question 4.16, you must respond to question 4.17.  Yes  No

4.17 Describe the terms of the moratorium and any special dispensation received by LIHEAP clients during or after the moratorium period.

Specific to energy assistance clients, §25.483(i) of the Texas Public Utilities Commission rules provides that a Retail Electric Provider (REP) shall not authorize a disconnection for nonpayment of electric service to a delinquent residential customer for a billing period in which the REP receives a pledge, letter of intent, purchase order, or other notification that the energy assistance provider is forwarding sufficient payment to continue service provided that such pledge, letter of intent, purchase order, or other notification is received by the due date stated on the disconnection notice, and the customer, by the due date on the disconnection notice, either pays or makes payment arrangements to pay any outstanding debt not covered by the energy assistance provider. Additionally, the rule provides that if an energy assistance provider has requested monthly usage data pursuant to §25.472(b)(4) (relating to Privacy of Customer Information), the REP shall extend the final due date on the disconnection notice, day for day, from the date the usage data was requested until it is provided; and that a REP shall allow at least 45 days for an energy assistance provider to honor a pledge, letter of intent, purchase order, or other notification before submitting the disconnection request to the TDU.

There are protections for several other categories of clients and situations applicable to LIHEAP clients served:

§25.483(g) provides that a REP shall not authorize a disconnection for nonpayment of electric service at a permanent, individually metered dwelling unit of a delinquent Critical Care Residential Customer when that customer establishes that disconnection of service will cause some person at that residence to become seriously ill or more seriously ill.

§25.483(h) provides that a REP shall not authorize a disconnection for nonpayment of electric service at a permanent, individually metered dwelling unit of a delinquent customer when that customer has been designated as a Chronic Condition Residential Customer pursuant to 25.497 with noted rule exceptions.

§25.483(j) provides that a REP shall not authorize a disconnection for nonpayment of electric service for any customer in a county in which an extreme weather emergency occurs. A REP shall offer residential customers a deferred payment plan upon request by the customer that complies with the requirements of 25.480 (relating to Bill Payment and Adjustments) for bills that become due during the weather emergency. The term “extreme weather emergency” shall mean a day when:

(A) the previous day’s highest temperature did not exceed 32 degrees Fahrenheit, and the temperature is predicted to remain at or below that level for the next 24 hours anywhere in the county, according to the nearest National Weather Service (NWS) reports; or

(B) the NWS issues a heat advisory for a county, or when such advisory has been issued on any one of the preceding two calendar days in a county.

## Section 5: WEATHERIZATION ASSISTANCE

### Eligibility, 2605(c)(1)(A), 2605(b)(2) – Assurance 2

5.1 Designate the income eligibility threshold used for the weatherization component:

#	Household Size	Eligibility Guidelines	Eligibility Threshold
1	All Household Sizes	USHHS Poverty Guidelines	150%
2	All Household Sizes	State Median Income	60% <sup>14</sup>

5.2 Do you enter into an interagency agreement to have another government agency administer a **WEATHERIZATION component**?  Yes  No

5.3 If yes, name the agency. N/A

5.4 Is there a separate monitoring protocol for weatherization?  Yes  No

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<sup>14</sup> In the county of a major disaster or emergency designated by the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services or by the President under the Disaster Relief Act of 1974, Texas will use the highest of 150% of the poverty guidelines or 60% of the State’s median income (“SMI”). Texas may also use this flexibility to set poverty guidelines in a local crisis as defined by the Department’s Executive Director. TDHCA will communicate this designation to affected Subrecipients through email and by website posting. Subrecipients must receive prior written approval before using 60% SMI. Place based assistance must be performed in the county, but person based assistance for those displaced by a disaster or emergency may be in other counties.

**WEATHERIZATION - Types of Rules**

5.5 Under what rules do you administer LIHEAP weatherization? (Check only one.)

- Entirely under LIHEAP (not DOE) rules
- Entirely under DOE WAP (not LIHEAP) rules
- Mostly under LIHEAP rules with the following DOE WAP rule(s) where LIHEAP and WAP rules differ: (Check all that apply.)

- Income Threshold
- Weatherization of entire multi-family housing structure is permitted if at least 66% of units (50% in 2- & 4-unit buildings) are eligible units or will become eligible within 180 days.
- Weatherization of shelters temporarily housing primarily low income persons (excluding nursing homes, prisons, and similar institutional care facilities).
- Other (describe): TDHCA uses a priority list for LIHEAP households at 150% or below USHHS poverty income level. Energy-related home repair: TDHCA will allow the use of LIHEAP weatherization funds for structural and ancillary repairs only if required to enable effective weatherization. If LIHEAP funds are included in a DOE unit, the SIR/audit must be used to justify all measures.

Under what rules do you administer LIHEAP weatherization? (Check only one.)

- Mostly under DOE WAP rules, with the following LIHEAP rule(s) where LIHEAP and WAP rules differ: (Check all that apply.)

- Income Threshold.
- Weatherization not subject to DOE WAP maximum statewide average cost per dwelling unit.
- Weatherization measures are not subject to DOE Savings to Investment Ratio (SIR) standards.
- Other (describe)

**Eligibility, 2605(b)(5) – Assurance 5**

5.6 Do you require an assets test? Yes No

5.7 Do you have additional/differing eligibility policies for:

- Renters?
- Renters living in subsidized housing?

5.8 Do you give priority in eligibility to:

- Elderly?
  - Disabled?
  - Young children?
  - Households with high energy burdens?
  - Other?
- Explanation: Households with high energy consumption

### Benefit Levels

5.9 Do you have a maximum LIHEAP weatherization benefit/expenditure per household?

5.10 If yes, what is the maximum amount? \$6,500

NOTE: unless additional expenditure is authorized in writing by the Department. **Types of Assistance, 2605(c)(1), (B) & (D)**

5.11 What LIHEAP weatherization measures do you provide? (Check all categories that apply.)

Weatherization needs/assessments/audits

Cooling system replacement

Caulking and insulation

Other (describe)

Storm windows

Solar screens or window film. Smart thermostats, miscellaneous repairs up to \$500 for structural and ancillary only if required to enable effective weatherization; Window screens to help prevent exposure to the Zika virus for Households with pregnant women.

Furnace/heating system modifications/repairs

Furnace replacement

Cooling system modifications/repairs

Water conservation measures

If any of the questions require further explanation or clarification that could not be made in the fields provided, attach a document with said explanation here.

Compact fluorescent light bulbs

Energy related roof repair

Major appliance repairs

Major appliance replacement

Windows/sliding glass doors

Doors

Water Heater

**Section 6: Outreach, 2605(b)(3) – Assurance 3, 2605(c)(3)(A)**

6.1 Select all outreach activities that you conduct that are designed to assure that eligible households are made aware of all LIHEAP assistance available:

- Place posters/flyers in local and county social service offices, offices of aging, Social Security offices, VA, etc.
- Publish articles in local newspapers or broadcast media announcements.
- Include inserts in energy vendor billings to inform individuals of the availability of all types of LIHEAP assistance.
- Mass mailing(s) to prior-year LIHEAP recipients.
- Inform low income applicants of the availability of all types of LIHEAP assistance at application intake for other low-income programs.
- Execute interagency agreements with other low-income program offices to perform outreach to target groups.
- Other (specify):

**Section 7: Coordination, 2605(b)(4) – Assurance 4**

7.1 Describe how you will ensure that the LIHEAP program is coordinated with other programs available to low-income households (TANF, SSI, WAP, etc.)

- Joint application for multiple programs
- Intake referrals to/from other programs
- One-stop intake centers
- Other – describe:

**Section 8: Agency Designation, 2605(b)(6) – Assurance 6**

8.1 How would you categorize the primary responsibility of your State agency?

- Administration Agency
- Commerce Agency
- Community Services Agency
- Energy/Environment Agency
- Housing Agency
- Welfare Agency
- Other – describe:



## Alternate Outreach and Intake, 2605(b)(15) – Assurance 15

### 8.2 How do you provide alternate outreach and intake for **HEATING ASSISTANCE**?

Report of available services at various workgroup meetings with community stakeholders (disability, health services, homeless, etc), and presentation at area events.

### 8.3 How do you provide alternate outreach and intake for **COOLING ASSISTANCE**?

Report of available services at various workgroup meetings with community stakeholders (disability, health services, homeless, etc), and presentation at area events.

### 8.4 How do you provide alternate outreach and intake for **CRISIS ASSISTANCE**?

In instances of natural disaster, subrecipients coordinate with other assistance organizations (shelters, Red Cross, etc.). Report of available services at various workgroup meetings with community stakeholders (disability, health services, homeless, etc), and presentation at area events.

<b>Question 8.5</b>	<b>Heating</b>	<b>Cooling</b>	<b>Crisis</b>	<b>Weatherization</b>
8.5a. Who determines client eligibility?	Local governments, CAAs and Other Nonprofits	Local governments, CAAs and Other Nonprofits	Local governments , CAAs and Other Nonprofits	Local governments, CAAs and Other Non-profits
8.5b. Who processes benefit payments to gas and electric vendors?	Local governments, CAAs and Other Nonprofits	Local governments, CAAs and Other Nonprofits	Local governments , CAAs and Other Nonprofits	N/A
8.5c. Who processes benefit payments to bulk fuel vendors?	Local governments, CAAs and Other Nonprofits	Local governments, CAAs and Other Nonprofits	Local governments , CAAs and Other Nonprofits	N/A
8.5d. Who performs installation of weatherization measures?	N/A	N/A	N/A	Local governments, CAAs and Other Nonprofits-most subcontract with local contractors

Note for 8.5: In the USHHS-OLDC system where the State Plan is entered, it only allows states to select one type of entity. The Department will select Nonprofits; although we will also contract with Units of government and CAAs.

8.6 What is your process for selecting local administering agencies?

The Department ensures that to the extent it is necessary to designate local administrative agencies in order to carry out the purposes of Title 42 U.S.C. §§8621, et seq. special consideration is given to any local public or private nonprofit agency which was receiving CSBG or LIHEAP funds.

(1) The Department before giving such special consideration, determines that the agency involved meets program and fiscal requirements established by law and by the Department; and

(2) if there is no such agency because of any change in the assistance furnished to programs for economically disadvantaged persons, then the Department gives special consideration in the designation of local administrative agencies to any successor agency which is operated in substantially the same manner as the predecessor agency which did receive funds for the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year for which the determination is made.

Currently, the Department administers all aspects of program delivery through subrecipients that have demonstrated that they are operating the program in accordance with the Economic Opportunity Act of 1964, the Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Act of 1981, as amended (42 U.S.C. §§8621, et seq.), and Department rules. If subrecipients are successfully administering the program, the Department may offer to renew the contract.

Under this model, if the Department determines that an organization is not administering the program satisfactorily, corrective actions are taken to remedy the problem. Thereafter, if a subrecipient fails to administer the program correctly, the Department will proceed with the process provided for in Department rules of removing funds and reassign the service area or a portion to another existing subrecipient or conduct solicitation or selection of a new subrecipient in accordance with the Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Act of 1981. The affected subrecipient may request a hearing in accordance with §2105.204 of the Texas Government Code.

However, the Department retains the right to go through a procurement process for some or all aspects of the LIHEAP program.

8.7 How many local administering agencies do you use? 37

8.8 Have you changed any local administering agencies from last year?  Yes  No

8.9 If so, why?

- Agency was in noncompliance with grantee requirements for LIHEAP
- Agency is under criminal investigation
- Added agency
- Agency closed
- Other – describe – voluntary relinquishment

## Section 9: Energy Suppliers, 2605(b)(7) – Assurance 7

9.1 Do you make payments directly to home energy suppliers?

Heating  Yes  No

Cooling  Yes  No

Crisis  Yes  No

Are there exceptions?  Yes  No

If yes, describe:

9.2 How do you notify the client of the amount of assistance paid?

The administering agency informs them once the determination is made.

9.3 How do you assure that the home energy supplier will charge the eligible household, in the normal billing process, the difference between the actual cost of the home energy and the amount of the payment?

Vendor agreements are used in all components. The Department provides subrecipients with a Department approved Vendor Agreements to utilize. The document can be found at the Department's website at <https://www.tdhca.state.tx.us/community-affairs/ceap/guidance.htm>

9.4 How do you assure that no household receiving assistance under this title will be treated adversely because of their receipt of LIHEAP assistance?

Vendor Agreements are used in all components. The Department provides subrecipients with a Department approved Vendor Agreement to utilize. The document can be found at the Department's website at <https://www.tdhca.state.tx.us/community-affairs/ceap/guidance.htm>

9.5 Do you make payments contingent on unregulated vendors taking appropriate measures to alleviate the energy burdens of eligible households?  Yes  No. If so, describe the measures unregulated vendors may take.

## Section 10: Program, Fiscal Monitoring, and Audit, 2605(b)(10) – Assurance 10

10.1. How do you ensure good fiscal accounting and tracking of LIHEAP funds?

1. Review annual audits
2. Monitor fiscal records
3. Review current and prior year monthly expenditure and performance reports

### Audit Process

10.2. Is your LIHEAP program audited annually under the Single Audit Act and OMB Circular A-133?  Yes  No

10.3. Describe any audit findings rising to the level of material weakness or reportable condition cited in the A-133 audits, Grantee monitoring assessments, inspector general reviews, or other government agency reviews of the LIHEAP agency from the most recently audited federal fiscal year.

Finding <sup>15</sup>	Type	Brief Summary	Resolved?	Action Taken
Additional controls are needed for expenditure of LIHEAP funds.	Non Compliance	Department charged LIHEAP grant \$57.19 related to travel to a meeting held for Texas Interagency for the Homeless. Expense was not related to LIHEAP and is therefore disallowed.	Pending HHS Response to Close Review	In regards to travel, the Department has provided a copy of the Department's internal employee travel policies and procedures which instructs both the program area (employee and management) and the financial administration area to review invoices for proper charging to each of the federal grants. Additionally, the Department has reversed the charges to the LIHEAP grant for \$57.19, and has provided the backup documentation for the reversal of the accounting record. Subgrantee contracts reflect that they are held to the guidelines in the Department's rules. For LIHEAP CEAP Program, those rules are found at 10 TAC §6.308, Allowable Subrecipient Administrative and Program Service Costs. For Weatherization activities with LIHEAP funds, 10 TAC §6.409(a) and (b) under the LIHEAP Weatherization Requirements.

<sup>15</sup> Based on USHHS-OCS LIHEAP Compliance Review Letter of July 2018. The word subgrantee is used in this chart to reflect the language in the review letter, but the entity type described is called a Subrecipient in the Department's rules.

<p>Additional controls are needed for revision to LIHEAP State Plan</p>	<p>Non Compliance</p>	<p>FY 2016 LIHEAP State Plan estimated using zero percent LIHEAP funds. At the beginning of 2016, TDHCA was not providing Assurance 16 activities; however, after public feedback started providing it. Though TDHCA revised the budgets in subgrantee contracts to allocate 5% for Assurance 16 activities, the FY 2016 LIHEAP plan was not updated to reflect the change.</p>	<p>Pending HHS Response to Close Review</p>	<p>The Department has revised our standard operating procedures to reflect a revised internal process that coordinates programmatic decisions (such as the one cited in the LIHEAP program) with an internal conversation designed to provide a review of the existing plan with any proposed changes that may necessitate an amendment to the plan. The revised process is designed to ensure that LIHEAP funds are programmed in a compliant manner and in accordance with the LIHEAP Plan. In addition to the revision of the plan, the revised operating procedure contemplates any additional internal action (such as receiving Board approval) for the requested change and provides for coordination among Department divisions in order to remain compliant with the federal grant award.</p>
<p>Additional controls needed regarding waste, fraud, and abuse</p>	<p>Non Compliance</p>	<p>TDHCA does not provide its subgrantees with guidance on preventing, detecting or reporting LIHEAP-related instances of suspected waste, fraud, and abuse. TDHCA stated each</p>	<p>Pending HHS Response to Close Review</p>	<p>The Department has revised its guidance to the subgrantee network and has conducted a training webinar in the fall of 2018 and reviewed the guidance, expectations, and next steps for subgrantee agencies in regards to reporting fraud, waste, and abuse. During the</p>

		<p>subgrantee is responsible for deciding how to handle fraud, waste, and abuse. This can lead to inconsistent procedures among subgrantees. There is also an increased risk that subgrantees are unaware of the expectations with regard to preventing, detecting and reporting suspected waste, fraud, and abuse or the consequences of such activities.</p>		<p>webinar, the Department facilitated discussion about proper Fraud, Waste, and Abuse controls and establishing and maintaining a culture that identifies risks provides mitigations, and properly follows through on allegations of fraud, waste, and abuse.</p>
<p>Lack of supporting documentation for general ledger transactions</p>	<p>Non Compliance</p>	<p>TDHCA was unable to provide adequate documentation for some of the transactions that were tested and monitors were unable to determine that LIHEAP funds were used for necessary and allowable purposes.</p>	<p>Pending HHS Response to Close Review</p>	<p>The Department provided documentation for general ledger transactions for five (#3,4,5,6,8, 13) of the six transactions from identified Subgrantees. The sixth transaction, (#15) in the amount of \$103 was incorrectly coded and the Department has reversed the \$103 charge to correct the coding error.</p>

10.4. Audits of Local Administering Agencies

What types of annual audit requirements do you have in place for local administering agencies/district offices?

Local agencies/district offices are required to have an annual audit in compliance with 2 CFR 200 – Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance).<sup>16</sup>

Local agencies/district offices are required to have an annual audit (other than 2 CFR 200 – Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)).

10.4 (continued)

Local agencies/district offices 2 CFR 200 – Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) or other independent audits are reviewed by Grantee as part of compliance process.

Grantee conducts fiscal and program monitoring of local agencies/district offices.

## Compliance Monitoring

10.5. Describe the Grantee's strategies for monitoring compliance with the Grantee's and Federal LIHEAP policies and procedures by:

Grantee employees:

Internal program review

Departmental oversight

Secondary review of invoices and payments

Other program review mechanisms are in place. Describe: Cross Division peer review of documents

Local Administering Agencies/District Offices:

On-site evaluation

Annual program review

Monitoring through Central Database

Desk reviews

Client File Testing/Sampling

Other program review mechanisms are in place. Describe: Desk review of 2 CFR 200 – Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance); A review of the Subrecipient's resolution of prior monitoring or Single Audit reports is performed prior to awarding new contracts.

10.6. Explain, or attach a copy of, your local agency monitoring schedule and protocol.

See attached monitoring schedule and monitoring instruments.

Describe how you select local agencies for monitoring reviews?

On-site monitoring visits and desk reviews are mechanisms used for in-depth investigation and overall assessment, respectively. The Department will conduct on-site monitoring reviews and desk reviews of contracts based on an assessment of risk of non-compliance and failure to achieve performance outcomes. Subrecipient monitors review necessary program documents and financial records through

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<sup>16</sup> For 2019, Subrecipients will follow the audit requirements in 45 CFR 75 Subpart F, as applicable, and the requirements in the Texas Single Audit Act.

desk reviews and on-site reviews to ascertain compliance with program requirements. Selection of contracts for monitoring is primarily based on risk assessment. LIHEAP subrecipients are monitored at least once every three years. This is a component of the risk assessment score. If a subrecipient also has Community Service Block Grant funds, the LIHEAP monitoring may be done at the same time. subrecipients that leverage LIHEAP funds with DOE funds for weatherization are subject to an inspection review according to the DOE monitoring schedule (once a year). Contracts may also be selected for monitoring based on other factors, such as prior findings, complaints, or special requests.

10.7. Site Visits: Onsite monitoring visits are conducted at least once every three years. The Department will inspect a minimum of 5% of all LIHEAP weatherized units reported as complete.

Desk Reviews: Some materials are requested and reviewed at the Department's office prior to the onsite visit.

10.8. How often is each local agency monitored? At least once every three years.

10.9. What is the combined error rate for eligibility determinations? (Optional question) Optional

10.10. What is the combined error rate for benefit determinations? (Optional question)  
Optional

10.11. How many local agencies are currently on corrective action plans for eligibility and/or benefit determination issues? (Number only) -1

10.12. How many local agencies are currently on corrective action plans for financial accounting or administrative issues? (Number only) -1

### **Section 11: Timely and Meaningful Public Participation, 2605(b)(12) – Assurance 12, 2605(c)(2)**

11.1 How did you obtain input from the public in the development of your LIHEAP plan?

Check all that apply:

- Tribal Council meeting(s)
- Public Hearing(s)
- Draft Plan posted to website and available for comment
- Hard copy of plan is available for public view and comment
- Comments from applicants are recorded
- Request for comments on draft Plan is advertised
- Stakeholder consultation meeting(s)
- Comments are solicited during outreach activities
- Other, describe:

11.2 What changes did you make to your LIHEAP plan as a result of this participation?

TBD

### **Public Hearings, 2605(a)(2)**

11.3 List the date(s) and location(s) that you held public hearing(s) on the proposed use and distribution of your LIHEAP funds?



Date	Event Description
Tuesday, May 28, 2019 from 2:00 p.m. - 3:00 p.m.	LIHEAP Plan Public Hearing – TDHCA Headquarters, Room 116, 221 East 11 <sup>th</sup> Street, Austin, Texas 78701
Tuesday, May 28, 2019 from 6:00 - 7:00 p.m.	LIHEAP Plan Public Hearing – Southside Community Center, 959 E. Rosedale, Fort Worth, TX 76104
Wednesday, May 29, 2019 from 2:00 p.m.-3:00 p.m.-:	LIHEAP Plan Public Hearing – West Texas Opportunities Offices, 1415 East 2 <sup>nd</sup> Street, Odessa, TX 79762
Thursday, May 30, 2019 form 6:00 p.m.-7:00 p.m.	LIHEAP Plan Public Hearing – Baker Ripley Office, 3838 Aberdeen Way, Houston, TX 77025

11.4 How many parties commented on your plan at the hearing(s)? TBD

11.5 Summarize the comments you received at the hearing(s).

COMMENT SUMMARY #1: TBD

**General Comments:**

COMMENT SUMMARY #2-4: To be determined (TBD) once public hearings are held.

11.6 What changes did you make to your LIHEAP plan as a result of the comments received at the public hearing(s)? TBD once public hearings are held.

**Section 12: Fair Hearings, 2605(b)(13) – Assurance 13**

12.1 How many fair hearings did the grantee have in the prior Federal fiscal year?  
None at this time.

12.2 How many of those fair hearings resulted in the initial decision being reversed? N/A

12.3 Describe any policy and/or procedural changes made in the last Federal fiscal year as a result of fair hearings? None

12.4 Describe your fair hearing procedures for **households whose applications are denied**.  
Subrecipient contracts include the following section:

**SECTION 39. APPEALS PROCESS**

In compliance with the LIHEAP Act, Subrecipient must provide an opportunity for a fair administrative hearing to individuals whose application for assistance is denied, terminated or not acted upon in a timely manner. Subrecipient must establish a denial of service complaint procedure in accordance with 10 TAC §6.8 of the State Rules. The rule states:

(b) Subrecipient shall establish a denial of service complaint procedure to address written complaints from program applicants/customers. At a minimum, the procedures described in paragraphs (b)(1) - (8) of this subsection shall be included:

(1) Subrecipients shall provide a written denial of assistance notice to applicant within ten (10) calendar days of the determination. Such a determination is defined as a denial of assistance, but does not include a level of assistance lower than the possible program limits or a reduction in assistance, as

long as such process is in accordance with the Subrecipient's written policy. This notification shall include written notice of the right of a hearing and specific reasons for the denial by program. The applicant wishing to appeal a decision must provide written notice to Subrecipient within twenty (20) days of receipt of the denial notice.

(2) A Subrecipient must establish an appeals committee composed of at least three persons. Subrecipient shall maintain documentation of appeals in their customer files.

(3) Subrecipients shall hold a private appeal hearing (unless otherwise required by law) by phone or in person in an accessible location within ten (10) business days after the Subrecipient received the appeal request from the applicant and must provide the applicant notice in writing of the time/location of the hearing at least seven (7) calendar days before the appeal hearing.

(4) Subrecipient shall record the hearing.

(5) The hearing shall allow time for a statement by Subrecipient staff with knowledge of the case.

(6) The hearing shall allow the applicant at least equal time, if requested, to present relevant information contesting the decision.

(7) Subrecipient shall notify applicant of the decision in writing. The Subrecipient shall mail the notification by close of business on the third calendar day following the decision (three day turn-around).

(8) If the denial is solely based on income eligibility, the provisions described in paragraphs (2) - (7) of this subsection do not apply and the applicant may request a recertification of income eligibility based on initial documentation provided at the time of the original application. The recertification will be an analysis of the initial calculation based on the documentation received with the initial application for services and will be performed by an individual other than the person who performed the initial determination. If the recertification upholds the denial based on income eligibility documents provided at the initial application, the applicant is notified in writing.

(c) If the applicant is not satisfied, the applicant may further appeal the decision in writing to the Department within ten (10) days of notification of an adverse decision.

(d) Applicants/customers who allege that the Subrecipient has denied all or part of a service or benefit in a manner that is unjust, violates discrimination laws, or without reasonable basis in law or fact, may request a contested hearing under Tex. Gov't Code, Chapter 2001.

(e) The hearing under subsection (d) shall be conducted by the State Office of Administrative Hearings on behalf of the Department in the locality served by the Subrecipient, for which the procedures are further described in §1.13, relating to Contested Case Hearing Procedures, of this title.

(f) If the applicant/customer appeals to the Department, the funds should remain encumbered until the Department completes its decision.

12.5 When and how are applicants informed of these rights?

Within ten days of the determination, the subrecipient must provide written notification to the applicant..

12.6 Describe your fair hearing procedures for **households whose applications are not acted on in a timely manner.**

The LIHEAP Comprehensive Energy Assistance Program contract has a provision stating that applicants have an opportunity for a fair administrative hearing for persons whose application for

assistance is denied, terminated, or not acted upon in a timely manner. Refer to attachment "Section 12 Question 12.6 & 12.7\_2018\_LIHEAP\_contract\_Section38\_appealsprocess.

Subrecipients are required to have a written policy and to inform applicants and clients of their right to a hearing. Applicants or clients who request a hearing will be granted one by the subrecipient. If the applicant or client is not satisfied with the decision, they can appeal the decision in writing to the Department. Applicants/customers who allege that the subrecipient has denied all or part of a service or benefit in a manner that is unjust, violates discrimination laws, or without reasonable basis in law or fact, may request a contested hearing under Texas Government Code, Chapter 2001.

Additionally, the Department has an online complaint system and staff phone numbers are posted online. In general, applicants who have a complaint are given contact information for TDHCA at the time the subrecipient receives the complaint. Applicants who call are encouraged to use the online system. Staff documents the complaint and proceeds as if the complaint were a denial of services appeal. Staff researches the complaint and work with the subrecipient and/or complainant to resolve the complaint. Complainants will then receive a final determination from staff.

10 TAC §6.8, relating to Potential Applicant/Applicant/Customer Denials and Appeals Rights was amended in 2018 to add hearing rights for potential applicants. 10 TAC §1.13 describes the Contested Case Hearing Procedures. Please refer to the attachment for question 12.6 and 12.7.

12.7 When and how are applicants informed of these rights?

Subrecipient shall provide a written denial of assistance notice to applicant within ten (10) calendar days of the determination. This notification shall include written notice of the right of a hearing and specific reasons for the denial by program. The applicant wishing to appeal a decision must provide written notice to Subrecipient within twenty (20) calendar days of receipt of the denial notice. Subrecipients must establish a written procedure for the handling of denials of service and shall establish a denial of service complaint procedure to address written complaints from program applicants/customers.

Applicants who have a complaint are given contact information for TDHCA at the time the complaint is received by the Subrecipient.

Please refer to the attachment of Texas Administrative Code related to question 12.6 and 12.7. Applicants are to be provided a written denial of assistance notice within ten (10) calendar days of the determination and shall include written notice of the right of a hearing. 10 TAC §6.8 (b)(1).

### **Section 13: Reduction of home energy needs, 2605(b)(16) – Assurance 16**

13.1 Describe how you use LIHEAP funds to provide services that encourage and enable households to reduce their home energy needs and thereby the need for energy assistance?

N/A- The State does not use funds under Assurance 16.

13.2 How do you ensure that you don't use more than 5% of your LIHEAP funds for these activities?

NA-The State does not use funds under Assurance 16.

13.3 Describe the impact of such activities on the number of households served in the previous Federal fiscal year.

NA-The State does not use funds under Assurance 16.

13.4 Describe the level of direct benefits provided to those households in the previous Federal fiscal year.

NA-The State does not use funds under Assurance 16.

13.5 How many households applied for these services?

NA-The State does not use funds under Assurance 16.

13.6 How many households received these services?

NA-The State does not use funds under Assurance 16.

**Section 14: Leveraging Incentive Program, 2607A**

14.1 Do you plan to submit an application for the leveraging incentive program?

Yes       No

14.2 Describe instructions to any third parties and/or local agencies for submitting LIHEAP leveraging resource information and retaining records.      NA

14.3 For each type of resource and/or benefit to be leveraged in the upcoming year that will meet the requirements of 45 C.F.R. § 96.87(d)(2)(iii), describe the following:

<b>Resource</b>	<b>What is the type of resource or benefit?</b>	<b>What is the source(s) of the resource?</b>	<b>How will the resource be integrated and coordinated with LIHEAP?</b>
NA	NA	NA	NA

## Section 15: Training

15.1 Describe the training you provide for each of the following groups:

a. Grantee Staff:

Formal training on grantee policies and procedures

How often?

Annually

Biannually

As needed

Other – Describe:

Employees are provided with policy manual

Other – Describe:

Employees are provided with a notebook with plans, rules, the contract, and budget. The Department training team provides grantee staff with programmatic training. New staff are provided an orientation training, and invited to attend Subrecipient trainings as well.

b. Local Agencies:

Formal training conference

How often?

Annually

Biannually

As needed

Other – Describe: The Department offers a manager training for newly hired managers or Executive Directors, as needed, which is then followed up with individualized technical assistance. The Department conducts quarterly network calls and/or webinars to update Subrecipients on changes. The Department provides training at an annual conference which is sponsored by the Texas Association of Community Action Agencies. The Department provides Energy Audit training to agencies as needed, along with Department posted Energy Audit Student Guide and Best Practices on its website. The Department provides a template for developing the Annual Service Delivery Plan and a guide for developing it. The Department develops data tools and trains agencies on how to analyze their data to improve efficiency and productivity.

On-site training

How often?

Annually

Biannually

As needed

Other –

The Department identifies key areas for training needs based upon monitor reports and Sub-grantee requests. The Department provides on-site training as needed to individual agencies or through regional trainings on a variety of topics such as: process mapping, production, data analysis, intake, client file documentation, weatherization assessments, audits, final inspections, working with contractors, and reporting.

- Employees are provided with policy manual
- Other – Describe: The Department uses an online portal that agencies use daily for quick responses to questions or for requesting training. The Department schedules a webinar each quarter to provide information, training, and technical assistance to the local agencies. The Department hosts an additional weatherization quarterly webinar to provide updates on rules, regulations, and technical issues that are identified. The Department creates tools, guides, best practices, and FAQs that are posted on program webpages.

c. Vendors

- Formal training conference
  - How often?
  - Annually
  - Biannually
  - As needed
  - Other – Describe:
- Policies communicated through vendor agreements
- Policies are outlined in a vendor manual
- Other – Describe:

15.2 Does your training program address fraud reporting and prevention?

- Yes
- No

**Section 16: Performance Goals and Measures, 2605(b)**

16.1 Describe your progress toward meeting the data collection and reporting requirements of the four required LIHEAP performance measures. Include timeframes and plans for meeting these requirements and what you believe will be accomplished in the coming federal fiscal year.

The Department was able to meet the four LIHEAP performance measures.

The Department currently requires subrecipients to upload data related to the four performance measures into our State reporting system. The Department has made this reporting a contractual requirement for all LIHEAP subrecipients. The Department periodically reviews uploaded summary reports and offers technical assistance to subrecipients who may not understand what to report or may not upload the data in a timely fashion. The Department is currently working on merging the uploaded data with our current reporting system and capturing client level data in addition to performance measure data. We hope to have this project completed for use in reporting PY2019 data in 2020. We will continue to work on implementing this project, which will include testing, prior to roll out of the new system.

**Section 17: Program Integrity, 2605(b)(10)**

17.1 Fraud Reporting Mechanisms

a. Describe all mechanisms available to the public for reporting cases of suspected waste, fraud, and abuse. Select all that apply.

- Online Fraud Reporting
- Dedicated Fraud Reporting Hotline
- Report directly to local agency/district office or Grantee office

- Report to State Inspector General or Attorney General
- Forms and procedures in place for local agencies/district offices and vendors to report fraud, waste, and abuse.
- Other – describe:

Note: TDHCA’s website has a webpage named “Report Fraud, Waste, and Abuse by TDHCA Management and Staff” directing persons who suspect fraud, waste, and abuse by TDHCA management and staff to report to the State Auditor’s Office at <https://sao.fraud.texas.gov/ReportFraud/>. Subrecipients are required to establish fraud, waste, and abuse procedures.

17.1 (continued)

b. Describe strategies in place for advertising the above-referenced resources. Select all that apply.

- Printed outreach materials
- Addressed on LIHEAP application
- Website
- Other – describe:

17.2 Identification Documentation Requirements

a. Indicate which of the following forms of identification are required or requested to be collected from LIHEAP applicants or their household members.

Type of Identification Collected	Collected from Whom?		
	Applicant Only	All Adults in HH	HH Members Seeking Assistance*
Social Security Card is photocopied and retained	Required <input type="checkbox"/>	Required <input type="checkbox"/>	Required <input type="checkbox"/>
	Requested <input type="checkbox"/>	Requested <input type="checkbox"/>	Requested <input type="checkbox"/>
Social Security Number (without actual card)	Required <input type="checkbox"/>	Required <input type="checkbox"/>	Required <input type="checkbox"/>
	Requested <input type="checkbox"/>	Requested <input type="checkbox"/>	Requested <input type="checkbox"/>
Government-issued identification card (e.g.,: driver’s license, state ID, Tribal ID, passport, etc.)	Required <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Required <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Required <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Requested <input type="checkbox"/>	Requested <input type="checkbox"/>	Requested <input type="checkbox"/>

#	Other	Applicant Only Required	Applicant Only Requested	All Adults in Household Required	All Adults in Household Requested	All Household Members Required	All Household Members Requested
1	Other: clients provide identification to the subrecipients at the time of application. See attachment.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

\*Households may include members who are not seeking assistance and may not be included in the household count. A live in aide or attendant is not considered part of the Household for purposes of determining Household income, but is considered for a benefit based on the size of the Household.

b. Describe any exceptions to the above policies: NA

### 17.3 Identification Verification

Describe what methods are used to verify the authenticity of identification documents provided by clients or household members. Select all that apply.

- Verify SSNs with Social Security Administration
- Match SSNs with death records from Social Security Administration or state agency
- Match SSNs with state eligibility/management system (e.g., SNAP, TANF)
- Match with state Department of Labor system
- Match with state and/or federal corrections system
- Match with state child support system
- Verification using private software (e.g., The Work Number)
- In-person certification by staff (for tribal grantees only)
- Match SSN/Tribal ID number with tribal database or enrollment records (for tribal grantees only)
- Other – describe:

Subrecipients verify the authenticity of identification documents provided by clients who are not U.S. citizens or nationals. That verification is made through the Systematic Alien Verification for Entitlements (SAVE) system.

### 17.4 Citizenship/Legal Residency Verification

What are your procedures for ensuring that household members are U.S. citizens or aliens who are qualified to receive LIHEAP benefits?

- Clients sign an attestation of citizenship or legal residency
- Clients' submission of Social Security cards is accepted as proof of legal residency
- Noncitizens must provide documentation of immigration status
- Citizens must provide a copy of their birth certificate, naturalization papers, or passport
- Noncitizens are verified through the SAVE system
- Tribal members are verified through Tribal database/Tribal ID card
- Other – describe: U.S. Nationals will have to provide documentation of that status.

### 17.5 Income Verification

What methods does your agency utilize to verify household income?

- Require documentation of income for all adult household members
  - Pay stubs
  - Social Security award letters
  - Bank statements
  - Tax statements
  - Zero-income statements
  - Unemployment Insurance letters
  - Other – describe: Court Documents or government benefit statements as applicable.



- Computer data matches:
  - Income information matched against state computer system (e.g., SNAP, TANF)
  - Proof of unemployment benefits verified with state Department of Labor
  - Social Security income verified with SSA
  - Utilize state directory of new hires
- Other – describe:

#### 17.6 Protection of Privacy and Confidentiality

Describe the financial and operating controls in place to protect client information against improper use or disclosure.

- Policy in place prohibiting release of information without written consent
- Grantee LIHEAP database includes privacy/confidentiality safeguards
- Employee training on confidentiality for:
  - Grantee employees
  - local agencies/district offices
- Employees must sign confidentiality agreement
  - Grantee employees
  - local agencies/district offices
- Physical files are stored in a secure location
- Other – describe: Grantee contracts include the following section:

### SECTION 9. RECORD KEEPING REQUIREMENTS

Subrecipient acknowledges that all information collected, assembled, or maintained by subrecipient pertaining to this Contract, except records made confidential by law, is subject to the Texas Public Information Act (Chapter 552 of Texas Government Code) and must provide citizens, public agencies, and other interested parties with reasonable access to all records pertaining to this Contract subject to and in accordance with the Texas Public Information Act.

#### Texas Administrative Code, Title 10 Chapter 1, Subchapter D §1.409 requires that:

(a) Client Records including Multifamily Development Owners. The Department requires subrecipient organizations to document client services and assistance. Subrecipient organizations must arrange for the security of all program-related computer files through a remote, online, or managed backup service. Confidential client files must be maintained in a manner to protect the privacy of each client and to maintain the same for future reference. Subrecipient organizations must store physical client files in a secure space in a manner that ensures confidentiality and in accordance with Subrecipient organization policies and procedures. To the extent that it is financially feasible, archived client files should be stored offsite from Subrecipient headquarters, in a secure space in a manner that ensures confidentiality and in accordance with organization policies and procedures.

(b) Records of client eligibility must be retained for five (5) years starting from the date the Household activity is completed, unless otherwise provided in federal regulations governing the program.

(c) Other records must be maintained as described in the Contract or the LURA, and in accordance with federal or state law for the programs described in the Chapters of this Part.

#### 17.7 Verifying the Authenticity of Energy Vendors

What policies are in place for verifying vendor authenticity?

- All vendors must register with the State/Tribe

- All vendors must supply a valid SSN or TIN/W-9 form
- Vendors are verified through energy bills provided by the household
- Grantee and/or local agencies/district offices perform physical monitoring of vendors
- Other – describe, and note any exceptions to policies above:

#### 17.8 Benefits Policy – Gas and Electric Utilities

What policies are in place to protect against fraud when making benefit payments to gas and electric utilities on behalf of clients? Select all that apply.

- Applicants required to submit proof of physical residency
- Applicants must submit current utility bill
- Data exchange with utilities that verifies:
  - Account ownership
  - Consumption
  - Balances
  - Payment history
  - Account is properly credited with benefit
  - Other – describe:
- Centralized computer system/database tracks payments to all utilities
- Centralized computer system automatically generates benefit level
- Separation of duties between intake and payment approval
- Payments coordinated among other heating assistance programs to avoid duplication of payments
- Payments to utilities and invoices from utilities are reviewed for accuracy
- Computer databases are periodically reviewed to verify accuracy and timeliness of payments made to utilities
- Direct payment to households are made in limited cases only
- Procedures are in place to require prompt refunds from utilities in cases of account closure
- Vendor agreements specify requirements selected above, and provide enforcement mechanism
- Other – describe:

#### 17.9 Benefits Policy — Bulk Fuel Vendors

What procedures are in place for averting fraud and improper payments when dealing with bulk fuel suppliers of heating oil, propane, wood, and other bulk fuel vendors? Select all that apply.

- Vendors are checked against an approved vendors list
- Centralized computer system/database is used to track payments to all vendors
- Clients are relied on for reports of non-delivery or partial delivery
- Two-party checks are issued naming client and vendor
- Direct payment to households are made in limited cases only
- Vendors are only paid once they provide a delivery receipt signed by the client
- Conduct monitoring of bulk fuel vendors
- Bulk fuel vendors are required to submit reports to the Grantee
- Vendor agreements specify requirements selected above, and provide enforcement mechanism
- Other – describe:

#### 17.10 Investigations and Prosecutions

Describe the Grantee's procedures for investigating and prosecuting reports of fraud, and any sanctions placed on clients/staff/vendors found to have committed fraud. Select all that apply.

- Refer to state Inspector General

- Refer to local prosecutor or state Attorney General
- Refer to US DHHS Inspector General (including referral to OIG hotline)
- Local agencies/district offices or Grantee conduct investigation of fraud complaints from public
- Grantee attempts collection of improper payments. If so, describe the recoupment process.
- Clients found to have committed fraud are banned from LIHEAP assistance. For how long is a household banned?
- Contracts with local agencies require that employees found to have committed fraud are reprimanded and/or terminated
- Vendors found to have committed fraud may no longer participate in LIHEAP
- Other — describe: A Subrecipient may be referred to the Department's Enforcement Committee or proposed for debarment.

## **Section 18: Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, and Other Responsibility Matters**

### **Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, and Other Responsibility Matters--Primary Covered Transactions**

#### Instructions for Certification

1. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective primary participant is providing the certification set out below.

2. The inability of a person to provide the certification required below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective primary participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such person from participation in this transaction.

3. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the department or agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective primary participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default.

4. The prospective primary participant shall provide immediate written notice to the department or agency to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective primary participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.

5. The terms covered transaction, debarred, suspended, ineligible, lower tier covered transaction, participant, person, primary covered transaction, principal, proposal, and voluntarily excluded, as used in this clause, have the meanings set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of the rules implementing Executive Order 12549. You may contact the department or agency to which this proposal is being submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations.

6. The prospective primary participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is proposed for debarment under 48 CFR part 9, subpart 9.4, debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction.

7. The prospective primary participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," provided by the department or agency entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions.

8. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that it is not proposed for debarment under 48 CFR part 9, subpart 9.4, debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant may decide the method and frequency by which it determines the eligibility of its principals. Each participant may, but is not required to, check the List of Parties Excluded from Federal Procurement and Non-procurement Programs.

9. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and

information of a participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

10. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph 6 of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is proposed for debarment under 48 CFR part 9, subpart 9.4, suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default.

### **Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, and Other Responsibility Matters--Primary Covered Transactions**

(1) The prospective primary participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:

(a) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded by any Federal department or agency;

(b) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property;

(c) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (1)(b) of this certification; and

(d) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.

(2) Where the prospective primary participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

### **Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Covered Transactions**

#### Instructions for Certification

1. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier participant is providing the certification set out below.

2. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

3. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or had become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.

4. The terms covered transaction, debarred, suspended, ineligible, lower tier covered transaction, participant, person, primary covered transaction, principal, proposal, and voluntarily excluded, as used

in this clause, have the meaning set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of rules implementing Executive Order 12549. You may contact the person to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations.

5. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, [[Page 33043]] should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is proposed for debarment under 48 CFR part 9, subpart 9.4, debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated.

6. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions.

7. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that it is not proposed for debarment under 48 CFR part 9, subpart 9.4, debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant may decide the method and frequency by which it determines the eligibility of its principals. Each participant may, but is not required to, check the List of Parties Excluded from Federal Procurement and Nonprocurement Programs.

8. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of a participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

9. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph 5 of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is proposed for debarment under 48 CFR part 9, subpart 9.4, suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

#### **Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility an Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Covered Transactions**

(1) The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction by any Federal department or agency.

(2) Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

By checking this box, the prospective primary participant is providing the certification set out above.

## Section 19: Certification Regarding Drug-Free Workforce Requirements

This certification is required by the regulations implementing the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988: 45 CFR Part 76, Subpart, F. Sections 76.630(c) and (d)(2) and 76.645(a)(1) and (b) provide that a Federal agency may designate a central receipt point for STATE-WIDE AND STATE AGENCY-WIDE certifications, and for notification of criminal drug convictions. For the Department of Health and Human Services, the central point is: Division of Grants Management and Oversight, Office of Management and Acquisition, Department of Health and Human Services, Room 517-D, 200 Independence Avenue, SW Washington, DC 20201.

### Certification Regarding Drug-Free Workplace Requirements (Instructions for Certification)

1. By signing and/or submitting this application or grant agreement, the grantee is providing the certification set out below.
2. The certification set out below is a material representation of fact upon which reliance is placed when the agency awards the grant. If it is later determined that the grantee knowingly rendered a false certification, or otherwise violates the requirements of the Drug-Free Workplace Act, the agency, in addition to any other remedies available to the Federal Government, may take action authorized under the Drug-Free Workplace Act.
3. For grantees other than individuals, Alternate I applies.
4. For grantees who are individuals, Alternate II applies.
5. Workplaces under grants, for grantees other than individuals, need not be identified on the certification. If known, they may be identified in the grant application. If the grantee does not identify the workplaces at the time of application, or upon award, if there is no application, the grantee must keep the identity of the workplace(s) on file in its office and make the information available for Federal inspection. Failure to identify all known workplaces constitutes a violation of the grantee's drug-free workplace requirements.
6. Workplace identifications must include the actual address of buildings (or parts of buildings) or other sites where work under the grant takes place. Categorical descriptions may be used (e.g., all vehicles of a mass transit authority or State highway department while in operation, State employees in each local unemployment office, performers in concert halls or radio studios).
7. If the workplace identified to the agency changes during the performance of the grant, the grantee shall inform the agency of the change(s), if it previously identified the workplaces in question (see paragraph five).
8. Definitions of terms in the Nonprocurement Suspension and Debarment common rule and Drug-Free Workplace common rule apply to this certification. Grantees' attention is called, in particular, to the following definitions from these rules:

*Controlled substance* means a controlled substance in Schedules I through V of the Controlled

Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 812) and as further defined by regulation (21 CFR 1308.11 through 1308.15);

*Conviction* means a finding of guilt (including a plea of nolo contendere) or imposition of sentence, or both, by any judicial body charged with the responsibility to determine violations of the Federal or State criminal drug statutes;

*Criminal drug statute* means a Federal or non-Federal criminal statute involving the manufacture, distribution, dispensing, use, or possession of any controlled substance;

*Employee* means the employee of a grantee directly engaged in the performance of work under a grant, including: (i) All direct charge employees; (ii) All indirect charge employees unless their impact or involvement is insignificant to the performance of the grant; and, (iii) Temporary personnel and consultants who are directly engaged in the performance of work under the grant and who are on the grantee's payroll. This definition does not include workers not on the payroll of the grantee (e.g., volunteers, even if used to meet a matching requirement; consultants or independent contractors not on the grantee's payroll; or employees of Subrecipients or subcontractors in covered workplaces).

## Certification Regarding Drug-Free Workplace Requirements

### Alternate I. (Grantees Other Than Individuals)

The grantee certifies that it will or will continue to provide a drug-free workplace by:

- (a) Publishing a statement notifying employees that the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession, or use of a controlled substance is prohibited in the grantee's workplace and specifying the actions that will be taken against employees for violation of such prohibition;
- (b) Establishing an ongoing drug-free awareness program to inform employees about --(1)The dangers of drug abuse in the workplace;  
(2) The grantee's policy of maintaining a drug-free workplace;  
(3) Any available drug counseling, rehabilitation, and employee assistance programs; and  
(4) The penalties that may be imposed upon employees for drug abuse violations occurring in the workplace;
- c) Making it a requirement that each employee to be engaged in the performance of the grant be given a copy of the statement required by paragraph (a);
- (d) Notifying the employee in the statement required by paragraph (a) that, as a condition of employment under the grant, the employee will --  
(1) Abide by the terms of the statement; and  
(2) Notify the employer in writing of his or her conviction for a violation of a criminal drug statute occurring in the workplace no later than five calendar days after such conviction;
- (e) Notifying the agency in writing, within ten calendar days after receiving notice under paragraph (d)(2) from an employee or otherwise receiving actual notice of such conviction. Employers of convicted employees must provide notice, including position title, to every grant officer or other designee on whose grant activity the convicted employee was working, unless the Federal agency has designated a central point for the receipt of such notices. Notice shall include the identification number(s) of each affected grant;
- (f) Taking one of the following actions, within 30 calendar days of receiving notice under paragraph (d)(2), with respect to any employee who is so convicted -



- (1) Taking appropriate personnel action against such an employee, up to and including termination, consistent with the requirements of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended; or
  - (2) Requiring such employee to participate satisfactorily in a drug abuse assistance or rehabilitation program approved for such purposes by a Federal, State, or local health, law enforcement, or other appropriate agency;
  - (g) Making a good faith effort to continue to maintain a drug-free workplace through implementation of paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f).
- (B) The grantee may insert in the space provided below the site(s) for the performance of work done in connection with the specific grant:

Place of Performance (Street address, city, county, state, zip code)

221 East 11<sup>th</sup> Street

Austin, Travis County, Texas, 78701

Check if there are workplaces on file that are not identified here.

Alternate II. (Grantees Who Are Individuals)

- (a) The grantee certifies that, as a condition of the grant, he or she will not engage in the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession, or use of a controlled substance in conducting any activity with the grant;
- (b) If convicted of a criminal drug offense resulting from a violation occurring during the conduct of any grant activity, he or she will report the conviction, in writing, within 10 calendar days of the conviction, to every grant officer or other designee, unless the Federal agency designates a central point for the receipt of such notices. When notice is made to such a central point, it shall include the identification number(s) of each affected grant.

[55 FR 21690, 21702, May 25, 1990]

By checking this box, the prospective primary participant is providing the certification set out above.

## Section 20: Certification Regarding Lobbying

The submitter of this application certifies, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

(1) No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of an agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

(2) If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.

(3) The undersigned shall require that the language of this certification be included in the award documents for all subawards at all tiers (including subcontracts, subgrants, and contracts under grants, loans, and cooperative agreements) and that all Subrecipients shall certify and disclose accordingly. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by section 1352, title 31, U.S. Code. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

### Statement for Loan Guarantees and Loan Insurance

The undersigned states, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

If any funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this commitment providing for the United States to insure or guarantee a loan, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions. Submission of this statement is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by section 1352, title 31, U.S. Code. Any person who fails to file the required statement shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

By checking this box, the prospective primary participant is providing the certification set out above.

## **REQUIRED ATTACHMENTS**

The following documents must be attached to this application:

- Assurances signature page
- Designation letter for signature to Assurances is required if someone other than the Governor or Tribal Chairperson signs the Assurances.
- Heating component benefit matrix. (Attachment 3)
- Cooling component benefit matrix. (Attachment 3)
- Local Agency Monitoring Schedule (Attachment 4)

## **Attachment 3**

### **Benefit Matrix**

Program rules found at 10 Texas Administrative Code, §6.309(e) and (f). All benefits are determined based on a sliding scale:

(e) Benefit determinations for the Utility Payment Assistance Component and the Household Crisis Component cannot exceed the sliding scale described in paragraphs (1) - (3) of this subsection:

(1) Households with Incomes of 0 to 50% of Federal Poverty Guidelines may receive an amount not to exceed \$1,200 per Component;

(2) Households with Incomes of 51% to 75% of Federal Poverty Guidelines may receive an amount not to exceed \$1,100 per Component; and

(3) Households with Incomes of 76% to at or below 150% of Federal Poverty Guidelines may receive an amount not to exceed \$1,000 per Component; and

(f) Service and Repair of existing heating and cooling units: Households may receive up to \$3,000 for service and repair of existing heating and cooling units when the Household has an inoperable heating or cooling system based on requirements in §6.310, relating to Household Crisis Component.

## Attachment 4

### Monitoring Schedule for FY 2020

	SUBRECIPIENT	REVIEW TYPE	Date of Next Monitoring Review	DATE OF LAST FULL ONSITE REVIEW (IF APPLICABLE)
1	Aspermont Small Business Development Center, Inc.	On-Site		June 2017
2	BakerRipley	On-Site	FY19-Q4	October 2016
3	Bexar County Community and Development Programs	On-Site	FY20	February 2018
4	Big Bend Community Action Committee, Inc.	On-Site	FY19-Q3	May 2017
5	Brazos Valley Community Action Agency	On-Site		June 2018
6	Central Texas Opportunities, Inc.	On-Site		March 2018
7	City of Fort Worth	On-Site		February 2018
8	City of Lubbock Community Development Department	On-Site	FY19-Q2	October 2016
9	Combined Community Action, Inc.	On-Site		February 2018
10	Community Action Committee of Victoria, Texas	On-Site		May 2018
11	Community Action Corporation of South Texas	On-Site	FY19-Q4	March 2017
12	Community Action Inc. of Central Texas	On-Site		October 2018
13	Community Council of South Central Texas	On-Site		November 2018
14	Community Services Northeast Texas, Inc.	On-Site		May 2018
15	Concho Valley Community Action Agency	On-Site		October 2018
16	County of Hidalgo Community Services Agency	On-Site		December 2018
17	Dallas County Department of Health and Human Services	On-Site	FY20	February 2018
18	Economic Action Committee of the Gulf Coast	On-Site	FY19-Q4	February 2017
19	Economic Opportunities Advancement Corporation of Planning Region XI	On-Site		November 2017
20	El Paso Community Action Program-Project BRAVO	On-Site		January 2018
21	Galveston County Community Action Council, Inc.	On-Site	FY19-Q3	May 2018
22	Greater East Texas Community Action Program	On-Site	FY20-Q3	February 2019
23	Hill Country Community Action Association, Inc.	On-Site		December 2018
24	Kleberg County Human Services	On-Site	FY20-Q1	September 2016
25	Nueces County Community Action Agency	On-Site	FY19-Q2	March 2016
26	Panhandle Community Services	On-Site		November 2017
27	Pecos County Community Action Agency	On-Site	FY19-Q2	April 2018
28	Rolling Plains Management Corporation	On-Site		November 2018
29	South Plains Community Action Association, Inc.	On-Site		April 2018
30	South Texas Development Council	On-Site		May 2018
31	Texas Neighborhood Services	On-Site	FY19-Q3	September 2015
32	Texoma Council Of Governments	On-Site	FY19-Q4	April 2017
33	Travis County Health and Human Services	On-Site	FY20	April 2018
34	Tri-County Community Action, Inc.	On-Site		November 2018
35	Webb County Community Action Agency	On-Site		December 2017
36	West Texas Opportunities, Inc.	On-Site	FY20-Q1	March 2019
37	Williamson-Burnet Counties Opportunities, Inc.	On-Site	FY19-Q3	January 2017