# TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND COMMUNITY AFFAIRS

### GOVERNING BOARD MEETING

John H. Reagan Building JHR 140 1400 Congress Avenue Austin, Texas 78701

> May 12, 2022 10:03 a.m.

### MEMBERS:

LEO VASQUEZ, III, Chair ANNA MARIA FARIAS, Member BRANDON BATCH, Member KENNY MARCHANT, Member AJAY THOMAS, Member

BOBBY WILKINSON, Executive Director

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Services Block Grant in Brazoria, Fort Bend, Galveston, and Wharton counties (the service area previously served by Galveston County Community Action Council, Inc.)

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PUBLIC COMMENT ON MATTERS OTHER THAN ITEMS FOR WHICH THERE WERE POSTED AGENDA ITEMS

None

The Board may go into Executive Session Pursuant to Tex. Gov't Code §551.074 for the purposes of discussing personnel matters including to deliberate the appointment, employment, evaluation, reassignment, duties, discipline, or dismissal of a public officer or employee; Pursuant to Tex. Gov't Code §551.071(1) to seek the advice of its attorney about pending or contemplated litigation or a settlement offer; Pursuant to Tex. Gov't Code §551.071(2) for the purpose of seeking the advice of its attorney about a matter in which the duty of the attorney to the governmental body under the Texas Disciplinary Rules of Professional Conduct of the State Bar of Texas clearly conflicts with Tex. Gov't Code Chapter 551; including seeking legal advice in connection with a posted agenda item; Pursuant to Tex. Gov't Code §551.072 to deliberate the possible purchase, sale, exchange, or lease of real estate because it would have a material detrimental effect on the Department's ability to negotiate with a third person; and/or Pursuant to Tex. Gov't Code §2306.039(c) the Department's internal auditor, fraud prevention coordinator or ethics advisor may meet in an executive session of the Board to discuss issues related to fraud, waste or abuse.

OPEN SESSION 9

ADJOURN 165

# PROCEEDINGS

MR. VASQUEZ: I'd like to call to order the meeting of the Governing Board of the Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs. It is 10:03 in the morning on May 12, 2022.

Before we begin, I regret to officially inform everyone that the Board Member Paul Braden has submitted his resignation from this Governing Board of TDHCA. With that news, I'd like to take a moment of personal privilege to make a short personal statement regarding Mr. Braden's service. This is my personal opinion and not an official statement made on behalf of TDHCA or Governor Abbott's office.

That said, I will sincerely miss Mr. Braden's participation on this Board. He is a gentleman of the highest integrity, and his wisdom and knowledge were great assets to this Board and our Department. I personally valued and appreciated his input, analysis, and perspectives. This Board, the Department, and the State of Texas are better places due to Paul Braden's efforts and he will be missed.

With that, we'll go into roll call.

Mr. Batch?

MR. BATCH: Here.

MR. VASQUEZ: Ms. Farias?

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1	MS. FARIAS: Here.
2	MR. VASQUEZ: Mr. Marchant?
3	MR. MARCHANT: Here.
4	MR. VASQUEZ: Mr. Thomas?
5	MR. THOMAS: Present.
6	MR. VASQUEZ: And myself, so we do have a
7	quorum.
8	As usual, we'll start the meeting with Bobby
9	Wilkinson leading us in the Pledges of Allegiance.
10	(The Pledge of Allegiance and the Texas
11	Allegiance were recited.)
12	MR. VASQUEZ: We also have some resolutions that
13	Mr. Lyttle will read into the record, one recognizing May
14	as Community Action Month and a second recognizing May as
15	National Mobility Awareness Month.
16	MR. LYTTLE: Those were actually last meeting.
17	MR. VASQUEZ: You know, I thought that was
18	actually really
19	MR. LYTTLE: Thank you, sir.
20	MR. VASQUEZ: Let the record reflect that Mr.
21	Eccles gave me an out-of-date resolution. I seriously
22	thought when I saw that okay, anyway. But Beau is never
23	wrong, so I went with it.
24	(General laughter.)
25	MR. VASQUEZ: We have the consent agenda up

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Are there any items that a Board member or member of 1 2 the public would like us to remove from the consent and move to action? 3 4 (No response.) 5 MR. VASQUEZ: Hearing none, I'll entertain a 6 motion regarding adoption of the consent agenda. 7 MR. BATCH: Mr. Chairman, I make a motion that the Board adopt the consent agenda. 8 9 MR. VASQUEZ: Motion made by Mr. Batch. 10 there a second? MS. FARIAS: I second. 11 12 MR. VASQUEZ: Seconded by Ms. Farias. All in 13 favor say aye. 14 (A chorus of ayes.) 15 MR. VASQUEZ: Any opposed? 16 (No response.) 17 MR. VASQUEZ: Hearing none, motion carries. Now that we have everyone settled, before we get 18 19 going into the main body action of the agenda today, we are going to have a short executive session. 20 So the Governing Board of the Texas Department 21 22 of Housing and Community Affairs will go into closed or 23 executive session at this time, pursuant to Texas Government Code, Section 551.071, to seek and receive the 24 25 legal advice of its attorney or discuss pending or

contemplated litigation.

So with that, we will stand in recess. It's 10:07.

(Whereupon, at 10:07 a.m., the meeting was recessed, to reconvene this same day, Thursday, May 12, 2022, following conclusion of the executive session.)

MR. VASQUEZ: The Board is now reconvened in open session, it is 10:40. During the executive session the Board did not adopt any policy, position, resolution, rule, regulation, or take any formal action or vote on any item.

We will continue on with the agenda, and I think we've come to the executive director's report.

Mr. Wilkinson.

MR. WILKINSON: Thank you, Chairman.

The Homeowners Assistance Fund kind of remains the new biggest thing we're doing as far as, you know, new for us and high profile. It's gaining momentum. So far we've disbursed around \$24.7 million in assistance, serving over 3,500 households. There's another \$560,000 in process, and there's \$11.3 million that's reserved for loan modifications when a simple reinstatement isn't enough. These loan mods require servicer participation, and they take a little longer to achieve.

Just as a reminder, it's \$40,000 cap max to help

with the mortgage; either reinstatement, which is catch-up; or towards a loan mod to lower their payment going forward; \$25,000 max for what we call property charges which includes property tax, HOA, insurance; and so that's a \$65,000 max benefit per household.

They need to demonstrate that they can pay the mortgage after reinstatement. Someone with zero income, for instance, we wouldn't catch them up just so that they fell behind again immediately. There's lots more details to the program, of course, and you can read about it on our website texashomeownersassistance.com.

Some interesting geographic information: Most of the applications are from Hidalgo, Bexar, Harris, Dallas and Tarrant counties, and the average age of an applicant is 50 years old. Hidalgo being in that list because they were a pilot program for us, it started before the main program.

I'm excited to announce that we have Clear
Channel Communications have placed billboards advertising
the program along major roads and highways in Houston, San
Antonio, Dallas-Fort Worth, and El Paso.

As of recently we have a marketing vendor onboard, the same one that we used for Texas Rent Relief, so Christina and staff won't have to figure out Google ads on the fly, like I made them do a few weeks ago.

As we were waiting for the RFP responses, we decided we needed to do some stuff to get the money out, thus the billboards, our own Google ads. That's all going to go to the experts, and like Rent Relief, there will be radio, direct mail, earned media, and we're having the same vendor help with our statewide energy and water assistance.

We've gotten a lot more of that kind of money from the various COVID packages, and we're going to do what we can to push it out the door, not just relying on our local partners but vendor-driven and making sure that we don't give a dollar back to the feds.

I gave you the address:

Texashomeownersassistance.com. Also, if anyone is listening: 833-651-3874. Unlike Rent Relief, so far the phone gets picked up in a minute, everyone is helped within ten minutes or so, Spanish speakers, et cetera, so customer service we've been very pleased with the vendor and staff on HAF.

There's a dashboard link at the top of that page. You can see money paid, geographic, demographic data. Just for the Board's benefit, HAF is going to move a little slower than Rent Relief; you know, we're not going to have \$20 million days like we did at the peak of Rent Relief.

The ball is often in the mortgage servicer's

court, and so things take a little longer. Foreclosure is a little slower process than eviction as well, so I think we're in a good spot.

No payments go directly to the homeowner. Unlike Rent Relief, where sometimes checks would be sent to the renter, everything is paid to the tax collection entity, the mortgage servicer, et cetera.

Going back to Rent Relief, which is not over even though we closed the portal in November, we've distributed over \$2 billion in rent and utility assistance to over 310,000 households. This is 700,000 Texans, so a significant chunk of our population, and we significantly prevented evictions for over 21,000 households.

There's some reallocations happening federally with some slower moving states, et cetera. Some states, they had too few renters for their small state; there was no way they were ever going to spend the money -- looking at you, Wyoming.

In March we got another \$47.8 million in reallocated funds. With the new funding, the program is reviewing and processing applications that are already on file until all remaining funds are allocated.

The Texas Supreme Court emergency order establishing the eviction diversion program is currently extended through July 1, 2022. We have a lot a more people

that had applied than we're going to be able to serve with that \$47.8 million. We might get another allocation this summer. Timing is unknown, but even then there will not be a reopening of the portal; there's just so many people that have already applied and that are in line.

Compliance Division fund, we have the annual owners compliance report was due on April 30 for all our multifamily properties. We only had about 200 properties that did not report, which is good in a portfolio of 14,000. If any of you were late with your report in the audience, please raise your hand.

(General laughter.)

MR. WILKINSON: HUD released the new income limits several weeks ago for multifamily properties. We took the new information and updated our project income and rent tool for our housing partners to use. It's on the TDHCA website under the Compliance area.

We still have several vacancies in the Compliance area, and we're grateful to TAAHP for allowing us to post those vacancies on their website, and we're hoping to get some good candidates.

Under Single Family and Homelessness programs, as you know from last month, we submitted our HOME ARP -- that was from the American Rescue Plan -- to HUD last month, and HUD returned our plan and requested some

additional information in the needs assessment and gaps 1 2 analysis section and clarification on some items in the activities section. 3 4 We've made those changes, we're sending them 5 back, shouldn't be an issue. No budget changes were made 6 in the resubmitted version, just some extra detail. So as 7 a reminder, this is money we can spend on actual sticks and 8 bricks for homeless activities, not just services, so we're 9 excited about that. 10 And that concludes my prepared remarks. willing to entertain any questions from the Board. 11 MR. VASQUEZ: Do any Board members have 12 questions on the executive director's report? 13 14 (No response.) 15 MR. VASQUEZ: Hearing none, let's move on. Thank you for the report. Let's move on to item 4 of the 16 17 agenda, Presentation, discussion, and possible action on a recommendation to the governor to select eligible entities 18 19 to administer the Community Services Block Grant in Brazoria, Fort Bend, Galveston and Wharton counties. 20 21 Mr. De Young. 22 MR. DE YOUNG: Good morning. Michael De Young, 23 director of Community Affairs. Item 4(a) is a recommendation from staff that 24 25 does not come before this Board very often. Community

Affairs staff is recommending to the Board that they concur with our recommendation on providing two existing eligible entities that they be awarded eligible entity status for new counties that they serve. These are the counties that were served by Galveston County Community Action.

To go back a little bit in history, about four or five years ago we started working with Galveston County Community Action, and ultimately back in late 2021 the Board approved staff to go out for an RFA for new providers, in anticipation of a decision from HHS on whether or not Galveston County could continue.

We received in late April -- excuse me -- mid-April of '22, this year, HHS concurred with our decision and the State Office of Administrative Hearings that Galveston County would no longer be an eligible entity.

We had already been approved by you all to go out with an RFA and take applications. This is the result of those applications.

We had two entities apply to serve the four counties. The first entity is Combined Community Action, and they're the agency located in Giddings, Texas, just east of here. They applied for Fort Bend and Wharton counties, and if you'll remember, they were the recipient of the CEAP awards that you did back in December when we reassigned the Galveston area.

The other entity that applied is Gulf Coast

Community Action out of Harris County. This is a huge

community action agency that serves all of Harris County.

They applied for Brazoria and Galveston counties.

So with your approval, we will ask Governor Abbott's Office for authorization, and each entity will receive the balance of the 2022 CSBG funds that remain from the old Galveston contract, and then ultimately, this will result in them being the permanent providers for those counties in future years.

So as we get CSBG funds, they will now receive that allocation of funds. Those funds are distributed based on poverty, 98 percent poverty, so money follows the poverty. And they will be deemed the permanent providers for those counties.

With that, I can entertain questions. We have a representative from one of those agencies here today, Ms.

Kelly Franke. She's the executive director of Combined

Community Action in Giddings, Texas, and is willing to get up and introduce herself if y'all would like.

MR. VASQUEZ: Great. Thank you, Mr. De Young.

Ms. Franke, would you care to just briefly introduce yourself and organization?

MS. FRANKE: I'm Kelly Franke, I'm the executive director at Combined Community Action in Giddings. And

like Michael said, we have been administering the CEAP 1 2 program initially temporarily last summer, and then we were awarded the contract. 3 We've opened an office in Rosenberg, Texas. 4 5 We've hired four new staff that hit the ground in March and 6 are currently assisting clients in Fort Bend County. 7 will move into Wharton County doing outreach as soon as 8 these contracts are awarded to us, but we have definitely 9 hit the ground running and are excited to serve the 10 residents of Fort Bend County that have gone unserved for 11 so many years. 12 We thank you for your vote of confidence in us 13 and we hope to serve the public. 14 MR. VASQUEZ: Great. Thank you, Ms. Franke, and 15 welcome aboard. 16 MS. FRANKE: Thank you. 17 MR. VASQUEZ: Do any Board members have questions for Mr. De Young on this item? 18 19 MR. BATCH: I just had one quick question. mentioned the balance of funds. Do we know exactly how 20 21 much money we're talking about that's going to be split 22 between these two entities? 23 MR. DE YOUNG: Would you take a rough 24 approximation? 25 MR. BATCH: Oh, yeah, absolutely. I just want

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1 to get some idea. 2 MR. DE YOUNG: Boy. 3 MR. BATCH: I did not mean to put you on the 4 spot like that. I apologize. 5 MR. DE YOUNG: I'm going off of memory. 6 believe for CSBG they received around \$900,000 for the four 7 counties. You have one small county, which is Wharton County, that is very small, and then three counties that 8 9 are pretty sizable in population. 10 Galveston spent the first quarter of the funds, so we have approximately three-quarters of that \$900,000 11 left to distribute to the two entities for the remainder of 12 this year. And that is all on my memory so I reserve the 13 14 right to revise those numbers. 15 (General laughter.) 16 MR. BATCH: Thank you. 17 MR. DE YOUNG: Did I say that right, Beau? MR. ECCLES: Sure. 18 19 MR. DE YOUNG: Mr. Batch, if you'd like I can 20 give you the actual figures; when we get back to the 21 office, we can get you those figures. 22 MR. BATCH: Sure, that would be great. Thank 23 you so much. 24 MR. VASQUEZ: Okay, great. So at the end of 25 this long journey, I will entertain a motion on item 4(a)

of the agenda.

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MR. THOMAS: Mr. Chairman, I move the Board grant the authority to staff to request the governor designate the expansion of the CSBG eligible entity status of the Gulf Coast Community Services Association and Combined Community Action to include henceforth serving Brazoria, Fort Bend, Galveston, and Wharton counties, and to award the remaining 2022 CSBG for the respective counties to these entities, all as described in the Board action request on this item.

MR. VASQUEZ: Thank you.

Motion made by Mr. Thomas. Is there a second?

MR. BATCH: Second, Mr. Chairman.

MR. VASQUEZ: Seconded by Mr. Batch. All those in favor say aye.

(A chorus of ayes.)

MR. VASQUEZ: Any opposed?

(No response.)

MR. VASQUEZ: Hearing none, motion carries.

Moving on to item 4(b), Presentation, discussion, and possible action on the programming of

Department of Energy Weatherization funds available to

Texas through the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law, including

the authorization to take necessary steps to develop and

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25 submit to the Department of Energy Bipartisan

Infrastructure Law state plan and award such funds.

Mr. De Young again.

MR. DE YOUNG: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

This item is a preliminary view of the new weatherization funding appropriated in -- I'm going to say the bill, the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law. Texas received approximately \$173 million, and that's about a 25-times increase from our regular DOE funding, so this is a significant investment in this program.

This represents approximately 50 percent of what we got during ARA back in 2009; the state got \$327 million. The difference between the two is back then we had 37 Weatherization subrecipients, we gave money to 40 additional communities for a total of 77 different weatherization services across the state of Texas.

Needless to say, that was a significant effort to try and train and keep track of 77 different contracts.

This program is a longstanding program, and it's U.S. Department of Energy, it is annually funded about \$8 million. We also take some LIHEAP money, usually we add about \$15 million more from LIHEAP, so we have about \$23 million annually that goes to weatherization, and all of a sudden now \$173 million. The program primarily does weatherization measures. It's designed to increase the energy efficiency of low income households.

So this item basically starts the process of us developing the plan and submittal to DOE. Now, I will tell you that with all the money that went through the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law, many of the federal agencies, but especially DOE, is very slow right now in getting out guidance, so it's trickling out.

We will be developing the plan as they give us more and more guidance. I suspect you'll see this back later in the summer when we have much more detail from DOE about what they want to see.

This item also discusses a statewide provider of weatherization services to help us supplement those 21 agencies that now do it. Again, 2009 we had 37; that has dwindled to 21, so we have much larger service areas, so we're going to look into getting a statewide provider for services to help supplement those 21 agencies, and you will see more about this as we get that guidance. I can't tell you when that is.

I will tell you all the deadlines that they put out just a month and a half ago have been bumped back by two to three months already, so I anticipate that this process will be slow and by September-October, these contracts will come into play, so we'll come back to you with that plan and with those contract recommendations when the time comes.

MR. VASQUEZ: Great. That sounds fantastic. 1 2 We'll look forward to detailed reporting on this increased 3 volume. 4 MR. DE YOUNG: I believe there is one public 5 comment from the Sierra Club. 6 MR. VASQUEZ: Okay. And we'll impose the Eccles rule. We'll entertain a motion to have public comment on 7 8 this item. 9 MR. MARCHANT: So moved. 10 MR. BATCH: Second. MR. VASQUEZ: Moved by Mr. Marchant, second by 11 12 Mr. Batch. All those in favor aye. 13 (A chorus of ayes.) 14 MR. VASQUEZ: Any opposed, none. 15 And anyone that's going to speak in the future 16 here on an item that comes up on the agenda, please come up 17 to the first two rows so we'll kind of get that prepared, and when you come up, please sign in and identify which 18 19 organization you're with, and you'll get three minutes to talk. 20 21 Thank you. I can do it in less than MR. REED: 22 three minutes, I think. Cyrus Reed, C-Y-R-U-S, R-E-E-D, 23 I'm the conservation director of the Lone Star Sierra Club. 24 I am not a frequent participant at TDHCA, but this is a 25 really important issue.

Why is it important? Because we lived through Winter Storm Uri, we saw the impacts particularly on low and moderate income people who live in housing that may not be insulated correctly or have other features that make their homes more energy efficient.

Unfortunately, we haven't seen a lot of action at the Public Utility Commission to increase the utility energy efficient programs, which would be an obvious thing to do, so this is somewhat of a godsend for \$173 million, but we learned from the last time we got a big chunk of money that we need to do this carefully and smartly; we shouldn't try to spend all the money in one year, we should spend it wisely.

And we very much support the approach of not only giving money to the traditional community action networks, agency agencies -- which do a great job -- but also looking at either a statewide program or perhaps regional programs, and in particular to focus on multifamily housing.

We've got a lot of experience on homes, weatherizing homes, we don't have as many programs in the state for multifamily housing. That's a way to stretch those dollars and meet a lot of need.

I happen to sit on the Electric Utility

Commission for the City of Austin. Austin Energy recently,

1 a couple, three or four years, ago began to expand their 2 weatherization programs to take on multifamily housing. It's been a huge success, and it's been less costly. We've 3 4 reached more people with the same amount of money. 5 So very much support the resolution, look 6 forward to the detailed plan, but I'm here in support, and 7 with that, I'm happy to answer any questions or be quiet. 8 MR. VASQUEZ: Any questions for Mr. Reed? 9 (No response.) 10 MR. VASQUEZ: We appreciate your coming here and sharing your thoughts, and look forward to the Sierra 11 12 Club's continued input. Is there anything else, Mr. De Young? 13 14 MR. DE YOUNG: No. 15 MR. VASQUEZ: Okay. So Mr. Marchant, without 16 his microphone, has a motion. He hates the microphone. 17 MR. MARCHANT: When we get these big inputs of money, do you expand the infrastructure or do you do all of 18 19 the extra spending through subcontractors or through contracts so that when the money doesn't continue or it 20 goes back to a normal process, you don't have to fire a 21 22 bunch of people, you just pull your contracts back? 23 MR. DE YOUNG: The way we're proposing dealing 24 with the \$173 million is that a chunk will go to the 25

community action agencies. They actually subcontract in

most instances with just subcontractors to do the work.

They actually do the energy audit in-house, and there's a DOE-mandated energy audit. They hire a contractor to do the work, they go back in and do inspections and test out on the house to make sure that it truly did receive all the benefit it should have received, a lot of data measurements on how much the house leaks air and how much we sealed it up.

So there is expansion at the community action agency level on some level. The real expansion is the number of contractors they'll hire to do all this work. That's where most of the expansion is.

We'll hire a few people to deal with this over the next few years. We've already begun that process of hiring, and we have in multiple programs, the CEAP funds, we expand a little bit here staff-wise, but it's not just because we went up 55 times. We're going to hire four, five people maybe to help us with this influx of money.

MR. MARCHANT: Okay. So you treat it as it's a special funding.

MR. DE YOUNG: Yes, sir.

MR. MARCHANT: Okay. Thank you.

MR. DE YOUNG: And anyone that's hired is told that this is based on a one-time grant funded program, and the position will continue as long as there are grant

funds, so if we spend this money in three years, those positions expire at the end of three years. If it takes us five years, they stay on five years.

A lot of times it happens after, like ARA, some of those people moved into permanent positions here at TDHCA and some of them are still here.

MR. VASQUEZ: Great.

Ms. Farias, do you have anything?

MS. FARIAS: No.

MR. VASQUEZ: Okay.

MS. FARIAS: Yes, I do.

My experience after 25 years in the federal government -- of which 18 years were spent working for six different cabinet secretaries -- is that whenever billions and billions of money descend, the first one having been Katrina, then the pandemic, the states don't know what to do, because the feds don't know what to do, because Congress, they're not always clear about what they want, and the feds who are supposed to write the regs and tell you how to compete, they go what does Congress want, and that's always the bottleneck.

And all this money that you're talking about, it's wonderful, it is extremely needed, and I want to echo what Board Member Marchant said. I just hope that we don't read about a lot of scandals. Those monies must go to the

people that need it the most because that is the intention.

Congress can tell you that much, that is the intention,
but how do we get it from point A to point B, because we
will be looking at it. You know, we don't want to be
reading scandal stories. Thank you.

MR. DE YOUNG: Absolutely. During ARA we
learned quickly that having a lot of contracts is very

difficult to manage, and that's kind of why we're taking

9 the approach we are. We have these 21 providers, they do

it, they've been doing it for years, let's continue to

11 work.

Ms. Franke has weatherization for how many counties -- nine counties, she has a staff that has already done this. We're going to up her contract. We're going to push them. She's going to probably hire more contractors.

And we'd like to get the funds out as quickly as possible because we want to benefit low income households quickly, but we also want to be measured, as Cyrus was talking about, and not just dumping it out there.

I think we learned some lessons during ARA, and those will come to bear on how this plan develops, and we'll come back to you with that detail.

MS. FARIAS: Thank you.

MR. VASQUEZ: Great. Thank you, Mr. De Young.

Okay. We are prepared for a motion on item 4(b)

ON THE RECORD REPORTING (512) 450-0342

1 of the agenda. MS. FARIAS: Mr. Chairman, I move the Board 2 grant the executive dire3ctor and his designees the 3 authority to effectuate plans, amendments, guidance and 4 5 utilize flexibilities to make and manage the awards of 6 Department of Energy Weatherization funds, all as described 7 and expressed in the Board action request and proposed 8 resolution on this item. 9 MR. VASQUEZ: Thank you. 10 Motion made by Ms. Farias. Is there a second? MR. MARCHANT: Second. 11 12 Seconded by Mr. Marchant. MR. VASQUEZ: All 13 those in favor say aye. 14 (A chorus of ayes.) 15 MR. VASQUEZ: Any opposed? 16 (No response.) 17 MR. VASQUEZ: Hearing none, motion carries. Continuing to 5(a), Presentation, discussion, 18 19 and possible action regarding a material amendment to the 20 housing tax credit application for project 20190 in El 21 Paso. 22 And Mr. Banuelos is going to be on for a while. 23 MR. BANUELOS: Good morning, members of the 24 Rosalio Banuelos, director of Asset Management for 25 the Department.

You are correct, I'm here to present the next three items, and the first one is for an application amendment for Nuestra Senora Apartments, which received a 9 percent housing tax credit award in 2020 to construct 80 units in El Paso.

At initial application the development was anticipated to be on a .72 acre site and would consist of a single building that had two stories of podium parking and five floors of residential units above.

However, in order to reduce construction costs, the development owner is requesting approval for several changes to the design, which include increasing the development site to 1.55 acres, eliminating the podium parking, and reducing the building height from five stories to four stories.

The proposed changes result in the elimination of 63 of the 130 parking spaces that were proposed at application, but the owner provided ordinances adopted by the City of El Paso granting variances and also provided a parking analysis conducted for the site in support of the proposed parking reduction.

It's indicated that the street parking around the site would be sufficient for the resident needs, in addition to the 67 parking spaces onsite. These changes do not modify the number of units, the bedroom mix, or change

the square footage of the units significantly.

As part of the amendment analysis, the development was re-underwritten, including an increase to the tax credit amount due to supplemental tax credits.

That request was previously approved, and the analysis indicates cost increase of approximately \$6 million or 38 percent, and the credit increase is 15 percent, or \$184,917 in annual credits.

With those changes the development is still feasible, and staff recommends approval of the amendment.

MR. VASQUEZ: Do any Board members have questions? I have a couple, and I'm sure we'll have some folks speaking on it.

So we significantly increased the square footage of the whole development -- I mean the land mass.

MR. BANUELOS: It's approximately doubled.

MR. VASQUEZ: Okay. But we cut the parking in half.

MR. BANUELOS: Yes. So the reason for that is that they had two stories of parking in the initial design, so it was a smaller tract of land with two stories.

With this new design, that parking garage is being eliminated, and they're providing parking on the excess land, but it's not enough land to accommodate the 130 parking spaces that they had initially proposed.

1	MR. VASQUEZ: And it is fewer than one parking
2	space per unit?
3	MR. BANUELOS: Yes, that is correct. It is 67
4	parking spaces for 80 units.
5	MR. VASQUEZ: And El Paso agreed to this?
6	MR. BANUELOS: The city approved ordinances
7	approving that reduction.
8	MR. VASQUEZ: That just seems like an extreme
9	drop, not even having one per is this a senior facility?
10	MR. BANUELOS: It's not a senior facility. We
11	did discuss this with the development owner, and it was
12	brought to our attention that where this site is located
13	it's close to the downtown area and they have other
14	developments with a similar well, it has a parking
15	garage and the needs for that other development have not
16	been as significant as initially proposed at application,
17	so by using that as a comparison, they feel that the
18	resident population for these developments would be served
19	with the proposed parking.
20	MR. VASQUEZ: I'd like to hear some explanation
21	of this from staff or from the developers.
22	MR. MARCHANT: If you want to hear from them
23	first, that would be fine.
24	MR. VASQUEZ: Okay. Do you want to make a
25	motion that we hear from them?

MR. MARCHANT: Yeah, I make a motion. 1 2 MR. BATCH: I second. 3 MR. VASQUEZ: Motion made by Mr. Marchant, 4 seconded by Mr. Batch. All those in favor say aye. 5 (A chorus of ayes.) 6 MR. VASQUEZ: Motion carries, let's speak. 7 Come up and identify yourself and sign in, please, and explain where are we going to park. 8 9 MR. WILSON: Excuse me, Board. Let me sign in 10 real quick. I'm Ryan Wilson with Franklin Companies, and I will sign in. 11 So Chairman, thanks for the question. 12 Yeah, I can see from your chair where changes like this might need 13 an explanation, but what you're seeing before you guys is a 14 15 culmination of a year's worth of effort to balance what's 16 going on with feasibility as well as what we need to 17 provide for our residents. I think what Rosalio was referring to earlier is 18 19 this is a Housing Authority of El Paso project. They're the owners; I'm just the developer. 20 One of their projects downtown is the Blue Flame 21 22 Building, which I think you guys are probably familiar 23 with, and there was 120 units there, and we segregated 120 24 parking spaces in a nearby adjacent garage, and so far

about 56 spaces are being used by residents.

25

So in the El Paso Housing portfolio of units, they're not requiring the normal amount of parking I think you would see in a suburban plan or suburban San Antonio development. The amount of cars required are actually much less.

So the result of this culmination was engagement with the City of El Paso, which you heard before. They're routinely granting 100 percent parking reductions, 50 percent parking reductions in the downtown core, because they are trying to facilitate both pedestrian traffic, bus traffic, et cetera, so they're quite amenable to having parking reductions.

And I think Rosalio also mentioned the most important part of that analysis that we did middle part of last year was conduct a parking study around there, because there are surface parking areas available adjacent to the site that are free for public, and we identified about 93 spaces in the adjacent area, according to the parking study.

So in our estimation the tradeoff between the podium, which was no longer feasible in terms of cost, going seven stories up essentially, that's why the site increased, because now we needed to get rid of that podium to save on cost, make it a four-story building, and put the surface parking next to it.

So the housing authority agreed to put the entire block as part of the land, which is why the land increased, and the surface parking ended up being about 67 spaces which is about 80 percent, 85 percent ratio, it's not quite one-to-one.

The Blue Flame that I mentioned earlier, that's about a 35 or 40 percent ratio in terms of cars that are actually parking at that project versus units total that are at that project.

So the combination of those two, including, again as we discussed earlier, meeting with the City of El Paso, we are meeting their code, we do have that zoning in place now that is fully supported by the stakeholders and the City of El Paso, so that was sort of the genesis of why we're here today.

MR. VASQUEZ: Would you characterize this location as a downtown location?

MR. WILSON: Yes. It's adjacent to downtown.

There's actual zoning districts called Downtown El Paso,
but it's very, very small. But this is part of the

downtown core, this is literally two and a half, three,
four blocks away from city hall, essentially. But yeah, it
is the downtown corridor.

MR. VASQUEZ: And there's plenty of access to public transportation?

MR. WILSON: In fact, yeah, El Paso's famous streetcar is literally adjacent to it, so there's an El Paso north-south, which is really to the north of is where sort of the shopping is, and we're adjacent to that streetcar that goes from north -- if you're familiar with El Paso, sort of the top of the hill -- down towards downtown, there's a streetcar adjacent one street over access to public transportation.

MR. VASQUEZ: Is there a stop nearby?

MR. WILSON: That thing stops every block.

MR. VASQUEZ: Okay.

MS. FARIAS: Mr. Chair, I just have a question.

MR. VASQUEZ: Yes.

MS. FARIAS: I spent seven years running a housing authority in Crystal City, and I can tell you that -- maybe this is the exception, and I hope this is the exception because you have a big downtown; I have been to El Paso many times -- every executive director that runs a housing authority has three major headaches on a daily basis. Lack of parking is one of them.

So if you're telling us that this is an exception, that this is not happening with the rest of El Paso Housing Authority, I might consider it, but you know, to come back to us and say we're cutting parking by almost 50 percent, that's a lot. So talk to me some more.

MR. WILSON: Ms. Farias, we have the El Paso 1 2 Housing Authority with us today. 3 MS. FARIAS: Good. Are you the executive 4 director? 5 MR. CICHON: I am. 6 MS. FARIAS: Thank you. I like executive 7 directors. MR. CICHON: Good afternoon, Board members, 8 9 Chairman, Mr. Wilkinson. Ms. Farias, it's great to see you 10 again, and congratulations on your appointment. MS. FARIAS: Absolutely. Thank you, and 11 12 congratulations to you. 13 MR. CICHON: Thank you very much. I'm Gerry 14 Cichon, CEO of the Housing Authority of the City of El 15 Paso, now called HOME. 16 So as you know, we've done a massive 17 redevelopment, over 6,000 plus units that were public housing into multifamily, and we've been trying to look for 18 19 great sites that have great opportunity. 20 El Paso has a major revitalization going in the 21 downtown, which the housing authority piloted with the Blue 22 We house almost 3,000 families of elderly, and we 23 have quite a few sites across the city that are elderly 24 only. We have mixed sites like Blue Flame, and we've been 25 able to take a look at what we need for parking.

You are absolutely correct; parking is one of the critical things that we look at. Unfortunately, with some of our sites we're trapped, but this isn't one of them. Because we acquired the site, we looked at it, there was an old Ford dealership that was there that had a parking garage that only had one way up, one way down, with a really steep slope that we were trying to save to maximize parking in the area if we could make it happen. Unfortunately, it was impossible.

The area just in the uptown, which is about five blocks from the Blue Flame Building, about three blocks from city hall, has had a lot of investment in the infrastructure, and the street parking that's out there doesn't even have meters, so the demand for the street parking isn't even there.

The city, upon having conversations not only with the local community leaders, with ourselves, with a deep examination of what our needs were, we still think even the 67 parking stalls that we'll have onsite are still in excess of what will be utilized. And so we are, unfortunately, needing to cut down the parking garage, but we do believe that this is something that is good for El Paso and will more than satisfy the needs of the residents.

MS. FARIAS: Thank you.

MR. VASQUEZ: Thank you.

MR. PALMER: Hi. Barry Palmer with Coats Rose, represent the housing authority on this.

Just a couple of points in addition on this is although this isn't an elderly facility, half the tenants or more will be elderly. This is a 100 percent project-based voucher project, and the tenants are primarily at 30 percent AMI or under.

Many of them, a large number of them do not have cars, a large number of them are elderly, and based on the experience that the housing authority has had at the Blue Flame Building downtown, which is just six blocks away, they've seen that the number of parking spaces that they have there are twice as many as what are being utilized, so they believe that this will be adequate parking for the tenants.

MR. VASQUEZ: Thank you, Mr. Palmer.

Mr. Marchant, you have a question?

MR. MARCHANT: I do, sir. Thank you.

I don't know who to ask this question to, but what was the cost savings in going to surface parking versus that parking structure?

MR. WILSON: That's an excellent question. When we first started this analysis back basically sometime right after award sometime in August of 2020, the parking garage at that time was shooting us about 4- or \$5 million

over budget.

When we're doing apples-to-apples comparison the only way to sort of keep this feasibility in the ballpark was to get rid of that structured parking, which was very, very expensive, and including El Paso is extremely expensive concrete-wise.

So going to basically a slab on grade and then surface parking was approximately a 4- to \$6 million, if I remember correctly -- please don't quote me, but something around that order -- that allowed us to move forward in the feasibility.

At the same time we were having those questions with the housing authority, with the city about the parking: do we have enough, what's our plan for parking. So we think we've addressed that, and we feel very comfortable and confident we've addressed that issue and still trying to maintain feasibility and keep these units on the ground.

MR. MARCHANT: Okay. So you took that savings, plugged it back in over here to make the whole project work, but that was not what drove the decision? The decision was driven by the fact that the city said you could go to surface and you could go to the reduced number, and then that enabled you to do away with the parking structure. Which logic drove the conclusion?

MR. WILSON: I think it all started first with costs, so when there's a huge cost overrun like we experienced during the COVID years -- which we're still experiencing; you're probably going to hear other folks say in the past 90 days it's going through the roof again -- but the point is that first started the conversation.

So we went back to the drawing board as a team, the city, our stakeholders, the housing authority, how do we attempt to keep this in a feasible realm. And we went through, as Mr. Cichon said, there was an existing parking garage onsite that we were hoping to be able to rehab and maintain that and then somehow fit these buildings around that somehow.

And after three or four months of analysis on that, it was more expensive to rehab that parking garage because it was so old and falling down, and repairs on that were almost as much as the podium.

So you know, we wasted a few months with that analysis, so finally when we came to this particular solution, it was starting to check the boxes of not only our city but the requirements the housing authority has.

MR. MARCHANT: Did you keep the same number of units?

MR. WILSON: Same number of units, same square foot. We actually added a few amenities, we added a couple

of amenities we were able to put in, like a playground. 1 2 added some covered balconies that were not available before because of the design of the site. So we added a couple 3 4 amenities, but no amenities were taken away, and the square 5 footage in each unit remains exactly the same from initial 6 application way back when. 7 MR. MARCHANT: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. Thank you. Thank you, Mr. Wilson. 8 MR. VASQUEZ: 9 So Mr. Banuelos, just to recap, the staff is comfortable with this amendment and is recommending 10 adoption, acceptance? 11 MR. BANUELOS: Yes, staff is recommending 12 13 approval of this amendment to the application. 14 MR. LYTTLE: Mr. Chairman, I have two letters 15 that need to be read into the record on this item. 16 MR. VASQUEZ: Please. Mr. Lyttle, please. 17 MR. LYTTLE: Thank you. These were submitted to us by state elected officials. 18 19 The first letter reads: 20 "I am writing to reaffirm my support for the Housing Authority of the City of El Paso's application to 21 22 allocate 9 percent Low Income Housing Tax Credits to the 23 Nuestra Senora project in El Paso. 24 "As you are aware, the Housing Authority of the 25 City of El Paso, which now goes by HOME, is an active and

innovative developer of affordable housing in my district,
Texas State Senate District 29.

"HOME and its development partners have explained to me that they are asking TDHCA for permission to amend their application for the Nuestra Senora project, which is proposed to be an 80-unit apartment in the uptown area of El Paso.

"The site to be developed is a longtime blighted urban city block which this project will revitalize. This project will be for residents who want to live near downtown and its amenities to have safe, new, and decent apartments.

"As I understand it, the proposed amendment deals with site density and parking and it does not affect the application's competitiveness at issue versus any other applicants.

"One of the main issues with the amendment deals with reallocating the vehicle parking at the site. My office understands that the issue of parking for the proposed complex has been carefully vetted and discussed with local stakeholders, including the nearby large churches, a nonprofit, and other members of the neighborhood.

"This discussion occurred before the number of parking spaces for the proposed project was presented to

and approved by the City of El Paso through an open and public review process. This process resulted in a waiver passed by El Paso City Council in November 2021, granting a 50 percent reduction in parking per city parking ordinance.

"In summary, the local community is generally in consensus and the City of El Paso is supportive of the proposal of 67 onsite parking spots to be utilized, with the availability of street parking for the proposed project once it is completed. Accordingly, I continue to support HOME's application for 9 percent Low Income Housing Tax Credits for the Nuestra Senora project.

"I respectfully request that you accept this letter as part of the record when your Board reviews and takes appropriate action on this proposed amendment when it comes before you.

"Sincerely, Cesar J. Blanco, Texas State Senator, District 29."

The second letter is from State Representative Lina Ortega. It reads as follows:

"I am writing as the Texas State Representative for District 77, where the Housing Authority of the City of El Paso's planned 80-unit affordable housing apartments called Nuestra Senora is located.

"The project is proposed to be built near downtown El Paso in an area that has seen little recent

investment in quality new apartments for our local community. The Housing Authority of the City of El Paso, doing business now as HOME, and its development team are asking for permission to include a reduced number of parking spaces for the planned Nuestra Senora site, a request that requires your Board's review and permission.

"HOME shared information with me that projects the population of residents at the Nuestra Senora project will be similar to the demographics of the residents of other affordable housing projects developed and operated by HOME, which primarily attract and house elderly residents.

"As these other properties show, the utilization of parking is far less than other types of multifamily housing. The other affordable housing complexes with majority elderly populations operate without any significant parking issues with about one-third the number of vehicles as compared to a typical market rate apartment complex of the same size.

"Based on the utilization of parking spaces anticipated for the future residents of Nuestra Senora, HOME and its development partners anticipate that the proposed 67 onsite parking spots, along with the 90-plus units of street parking, will be sufficient for the residents and surrounding churches, schools, nonprofits, and businesses. The specific issue of parking at the

1 project has been discussed and debated locally among the neighbors of the site, and it was approved, after a public 2 3 process, by the City of El Paso. "For this reason, I support the application for 4 5 an allocation of 9 percent Low Income Housing Tax Credits 6 for the Nuestra Senora project and respectfully request 7 that the Board take my comments under consideration for the 8 request seeking an amendment to the application for the 9 project. 10 "Thank you, Lina Ortega." MR. VASQUEZ: Thank you, Mr. Lyttle. 11 The comments and letters from the state 12 13 representative and state senator will be noted. 14 MS. FARIAS: Mr. Chairman, I'm ready to make a 15 motion. 16 MR. VASQUEZ: I'm ready to accept a motion. 17 MS. FARIAS: Very well. I move the Board approve the material amendment to the application number 18 19 20190 Nuestra Senora in El Paso, all as described and 20 expressed in the Board action request on this item. 21 MR. VASQUEZ: Motion made by Ms. Farias. Is 22 there a second? 23 MR. THOMAS: Second, Mr. Chairman. 24 MR. VASQUEZ: Seconded by Mr. Thomas. All those 25 in favor say aye.

(A chorus of ayes.)

MR. VASQUEZ: Any opposed?

(No response.)

MR. VASQUEZ: Hearing none, motion carries.

Moving right along to item 5(b), Presentation, discussion, and possible action regarding a material amendment to the Housing Tax Credit application and land use restriction agreement for project 98008, Reed Parque Townhomes.

MR. BANUELOS: Yes, thank you.

So Reed Parque Townhomes received an award of 9 percent housing tax credits in 1998 for the new construction of 192 units in Houston. The owner is now requesting approval to change the supportive services required under the LURA, and to point out, the requirement under the LURA for supportive services goes until December 31, 2024, so they have two years and a half left of that requirement.

The LURA, as previously amended, currently requires an onsite daycare center, educational and job training services, and an onsite Boy Scout troop. The development owner stated that in recent years, due to personnel issues within the Boy Scouts and the lack of interest in urban scouting, the development has terminated the service.

1 The onsite daycare and the educational and job 2 training services will continue to be provided, but the job training services will be provided through Workforce 3 Solutions. 4 5 In addition, the owner proposes to replace the 6 Boy Scout troop with a mobile library facilitated through the Harris County Public Library. This is an after-school 7 8 program and will make weekly visits using the development's

community room to provide materials and instruction to

promote early reading for resident children.

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The owner indicated that the mobile early reading program has already started as of March '22, and the program already has had more participation than the Boy Scout troop had in the time that it was there.

Staff recommends approval of the requested material amendment to the application and the LURA for this development.

MR. VASQUEZ: So in summary, they want to replace the Boy Scout troop that was not getting participation, and they'll instead kind of substitute the mobile library facility.

MR. BANUELOS: Yes, that is correct.

MR. VASQUEZ: Periodically comes in.

MR. BANUELOS: Weekly.

MR. VASQUEZ: Doesn't necessarily sound

1 one-to-one for me, but I guess it is something. 2 Do any Board members have questions on this item? 3 4 (No response.) 5 MR. VASOUEZ: We'll discuss with our executive 6 director the lack of scouting, our Eagle Scout executive 7 director. MR. WILKINSON: Beau is also. 8 9 MR. VASQUEZ: Beau is an Eagle Scout also? 10 MR. WILKINSON: Beau was also an Eagle Scout, yeah. I'll show you some knots later. 11 12 (General laughter.) MR. VASQUEZ: We need to do something about 13 14 improving interest in Scouting. 15 Are there any questions or commenters on this 16 item? 17 MS. FARIAS: Quick question, just a very quick question. On the weekly library, do they have any 18 19 experience on how many attend, even if in other libraries? MR. BANUELOS: I don't know about other 20 21 libraries, but that was a question that we asked for this 22 particular site. As I indicated, the program started in 23 March, and according to the owner, participation has been 24 averaging about seven children per session. 25 MS. FARIAS: Well, Mr. Chairman, considering

1	that nowadays children, a lot of them don't even read
2	because they always have a tablet or whatever it is that
3	they do, the fact that somebody wants to have a library,
4	that's good, that's very good.
5	MR. VASQUEZ: Out of curiosity, so is this
6	asking for permission or asking for forgiveness.
7	MR. BANUELOS: More forgiveness.
8	MR. VASQUEZ: That's what I thought. Sounds
9	like a fine opportunity to me.
10	(General laughter.)
11	MR. VASQUEZ: All right. I'll entertain a
12	motion on item 5(b) of the agenda.
13	MR. BATCH: Mr. Chairman, I move that the Board
14	approve the material amendment to the application 98008,
15	Reed Parque Town homes in Houston, all as described and
16	expressed in the Board action request on this item.
17	MS. FARIAS: I second.
18	MR. VASQUEZ: Motion made by Mr. Batch, seconded
19	by Ms. Farias. All those in favor say aye.
20	(A chorus of ayes.)
21	MR. VASQUEZ: Any opposed?
22	(No response.)
23	MR. VASQUEZ: Hearing none, motion carries.
24	Moving on to item 5(c), Presentation,
25	discussion, and possible action regarding an increase to

the Housing Tax Credit amount on project 16414, Father Carlos Pinto Memorial Apartments, with El Paso again.

MR. BANUELOS: This development received a 4 percent Housing Tax Credit award in 2016 to acquire and rehabilitate 113 units in El Paso. The development consists of one single building of eight stories that was originally built in 1975.

Rehabilitation of the building has been completed, and the development is going through the cost certification process at this time. As part of this process, and due to increased costs that were incurred during construction, the owner has requested an annual tax credit amount of \$665,031, which due to staff's review was adjusted down to \$657,918, and this adjusted amount represents an increase of \$236,533, or 56.13 percent, from the amount reflected in the determination notice.

The comparison of the development costs from the time of application to cost certification indicates that development the costs increased almost \$7.6 million, or 70 percent, from approximately \$10.6 million to \$18.2 million.

Out of that increase, \$4.4 million was due to direct construction costs, and the owner explained that this increase in the direct construction costs was primarily due to unforeseen preconstruction conditions which resulted in a change in the scope of work.

Those items included asbestos abatement in interior walls, ceilings and drywall, complete electrical rewiring, ventilation replacement of waste and vent piping, water copper piping, demolition replacement of windows, and an extension of the contract time for construction, architectural design costs increased, and there was an increase to the construction interest expense and title and recording fees.

Due to the increased costs, the developer fee and contractor fee increased. Under the Tax Credit Program, those costs are driven for contractor fees by hard costs, a percentage of the hard costs, and developer fee is a percentage of overall eligible costs, not including developer fee.

Contractor fees increased \$783,000, or 102 percent, from the estimate at application, but were adjusted in staff's analysis due to limitations, and developer fee increased \$600,743, or 44 percent, from the estimate at application.

Staff's analysis of this transaction at cost certification has concluded the development supports an annual tax credit allocation of \$657,918, which exceeds the 20 percent threshold for administrative approval.

Board approval is required for that increase, and staff recommends approval.

1 MR. VASQUEZ: Could you recap the timeline 2 again? When did we first start the 4 percent process with them? 3 MR. BANUELOS: The application is a 2016 4 5 development. They went through construction I believe 6 through 2018. Then in 2020 they submitted the cost 7 certification package, which has been under review by staff. 8 9 We have gone back and forth with the owner 10 clearing up questions. We are now at the point where we have finalized our review, but we have not issued 8609s, 11 which is the form that allows them to claim credits. 12 13 MR. VASQUEZ: So this certification process took 14 two years? 15 MR. BANUELOS: Yes. 16 MR. VASQUEZ: I mean, they started the process 17 and then once they finished the construction then they submitted. So this wasn't pandemic related or anything 18 19 like that. 20 MR. BANUELOS: No. This was prior to the 21 pandemic. It's all a change in the scope of work, as I 22 understand it. 23 MR. VASQUEZ: Okay. You said the cost increase 24 went up about \$7.5 million? 25 MR. BANUELOS: 7.6- overall.

1	MR. VASQUEZ: Were there increases in the bonds
2	the private activity bonds, or how does the financing get
3	in the request?
4	MR. BANUELOS: So this is a housing authority
5	development, and they provided their own debt for this
6	development. The tax credit amount will result in
7	additional equity as well, so that's how this increase is
8	being financed.
9	MR. WILKINSON: I think he means did they still
10	meet their 50 percent test. How close was it?
11	MR. VASQUEZ: Yeah, that too.
12	MR. BANUELOS: They did meet that. The cost
13	certification indicates that they're at 50.95 percent.
14	MR. VASQUEZ: It meets it. All right.
15	Do Board members have questions on this item?
16	Mr. Marchant?
17	MR. MARCHANT: Help me understand giving this
18	additional tax credits comes from what pool?
19	MR. BANUELOS: So this is a 4 percent
20	transaction. As opposed to 9 percent developments, the 4
21	percent credits are not limited, so it's really what the
22	project can support and still meeting the program
23	requirements, so it's just money that's available under
24	that program.
25	MR. MARCHANT: And is that money that's

1	available I mean, this was awarded back in '16, did you
2	say?
3	MR. BANUELOS: Correct.
4	MR. MARCHANT: So if it's not used it goes back,
5	it just never was used?
6	MR. BANUELOS: Correct.
7	MR. MARCHANT: And it can't benefit anybody
8	else?
9	MR. BANUELOS: No, no. This is not like the 9
10	percent program where there's a limited supply; it's just
11	money that they can get in the form of credits, but if it's
12	not used, it doesn't go away, or if it's increased it
13	doesn't
14	MR. MARCHANT: So if the concrete was \$3 million
15	and then the developer fee that was associated with a \$3
16	million concrete bill, and then all of a sudden the
17	concrete bill went to \$4 million, the developer fee goes up
18	because the prices went up?
19	MR. BANUELOS: They have the ability to claim a
20	higher developer fee because of higher costs.
21	MR. MARCHANT: And when you say they have the
22	ability to, there's no extra effort that goes into that
23	except writing a larger amount on the check.
24	MR. BANUELOS: Correct.
25	MR. MARCHANT: Okay. Thank you.

MR. VASQUEZ: But just to clarify, that developer fee is the same percentage; it's just that what it's being based off of -- I mean, whatever that cost is increased, so it's just the ratio. The number gets bigger but the ratio stays the same.

MR. BANUELOS: Yes.

MR. THOMAS: Question, Mr. Chairman.

MR. VASOUEZ: Mr. Thomas.

MR. THOMAS: In situations like this where you have such substantial cost overruns or claims for the reason the scope of work expanded -- which some of the items, clearly like asbestos removal is quite expensive -- what are the agency's obligations to verify or have a direct submit, like for the developer to submit and say these were the actual cost overruns; we've gone through and verified the copper piping has been put in and all these things have been done so that you can justify the developer fee increase and the cost adjustments?

MR. BANUELOS: As part of the cost certification review we obtain a third-party CPA's statement to the validity of the costs, so the CPA has reviewed the costs. As far as verifying the construction, we do send out and do a final inspection, but obviously that's limited based on what's visible for the site. We don't typically go beyond that.

We review the construction documents, so we look at the contractor's final draw to determine that that is the amount that they drew, and that's the extent of our review.

MR. THOMAS: Thank you.

MR. VASQUEZ: And I just have one more clarification. Well, in the face of this missing by so much, it just seems outrageous, but if at the very beginning in 2016 they had come to us with a \$17.5 million total cost, here are all the numbers, odds are likely we would have just approved it as a matter of course.

MR. BANUELOS: Correct. At the time they had submitted a scope and cost review or just the property condition report. Typically that's what we use as the basis for the credit recommendation up front for rehab developments.

I can't speak as to what happened there in terms of that not being covered. It might be just a function of once the work started they realized that there were bigger issues at the building than they had realized. But if everything that was provided at application supported that larger construction cost amount, we would have moved forward with the development at that time.

MR. VASQUEZ: Okay. We'll accept a motion. Before we take that vote on that motion, if you want to

1	talk, we can still talk.
2	So on 5(c), does anyone have a motion on 5(c)?
3	MR. MARCHANT: Mr. Chairman, I move the Board
4	approve the material I move that I turn my mic on I
5	move the Board amendment to the application
6	MR. VASQUEZ: No, next one, 5(c).
7	MR. MARCHANT: 5(c). I move that the Board
8	approve the increase in 4 percent tax credits for
9	application number 16141 Father Carlos Pinto Memorial
10	Apartments in El Paso, all as described and subject to the
11	conditions expressed in the Board action request on this
12	item.
13	MS. FARIAS: I second.
14	MR. VASQUEZ: Motion made by Mr. Marchant,
15	seconded by Ms. Farias.
16	Does anyone need to make another comment on this
17	before we vote?
18	(No response.)
19	MR. VASQUEZ: All right. All those in favor say
20	aye.
21	(A chorus of ayes.)
22	MR. VASQUEZ: Any opposed?
23	(No response.)
24	MR. VASQUEZ: Hearing none, motion carries.
25	Thank you.

Thank you, Mr. Banuelos.

Moving on to item 6(a), Presentation, discussion, and possible action regarding the issuance of Multifamily Housing Mortgage Revenue Bonds Series 2022, Resolution No. 22-023, and a determination notice of housing tax credits.

Ms. Morales.

MS. MORALES: Good morning. Teresa Morales, director of Multifamily Bonds.

Item 6(a) involves the multifamily bond issuance for the new construction of 250 units in Balch Springs, located in Dallas County.

A little background on how the Multifamily Bond Program works, for the benefit of some of our newer Board members. The Department has a set-aside of private activity bond authority beginning in January and runs through August every year.

Our set-aside is a percentage that is prescribed in state statute. The bond financing allows an applicant to access the 4 percent Housing Tax Credit, which helps to offset the debt that the bonds carry on the project.

An applicant puts the deal together, determines who will be the lender and equity investor and what financing platform provides for the best execution. Once that has been determined, it is submitted to the Department

for review and then ultimately to the Board for consideration in the form of a bond resolution.

The Torrington Arcadia transaction involves the issuance of \$31 million in tax-exempt bonds that will be privately placed with Community Bank of Texas, who will serve as the construction and permanent lender. The terms are referenced under Section 1.2 of the bond resolution that's included in your packet. Specifically, the bonds will carry a 3.75 percent interest rate and have a maturity date of June 1, 2040.

There will be several more bond transactions coming before you over the next few months, and the resolutions that you'll adopt authorizing the bond issuance will differ slightly based on the financing structure used.

To provide some context for this, in the case of publicly offered bonds, which are rated debt obligations, because the issuance meets the requirements of another statute, we can use the delegation authority found in that statute.

The resolution for these transactions is considered a parameters resolution that provides just that, parameters around the principal amount, interest rate and maturity date that cannot be exceeded at the time of closing.

The Board is approving the terms but in the

approval is the delegation to staff to close a transaction that may have different terms so long as those terms do not exceed the parameters adopted and the transaction remains financially feasible.

In the case of Torrington Arcadia, which is a private placement, meaning the bonds are unrated and will be placed with Community Bank of Texas at closing, we cannot use the delegation authority from another statute. These types of transactions require the Board to approve the specific amount to be issued, the specific interest rate, or a formula by which that interest rate will be determined, and the specific maturity date. What is approved by the Board is the only deal that we can close.

The recent volatility in the market creates pressure for lenders to solidify business points before they're ready or before they have all of the due diligence required to do so. If there are changes that need to be made to what the Board previously approved, it would necessitate a new resolution be adopted.

Considering the statutory six-month closing deadline, getting to another Board meeting isn't always an option. Despite the challenge that this creates, we've been collaboratively working with lenders and their counsels navigating this limitation that other state FHAs across the country and even local issuers do not have.

I think I've shared more about our process and the program than the actual deal, but I do believe it is important to share with the Board some of the constraints that our multifamily bond transactions have when there's market volatility or increase in rates.

With respect to Torrington Arcadia, staff

recommends approval of Bond Resolution No. 22-023 for \$31 million and a determination notice of 4 percent Housing Tax Credits in the amount of \$2,726,740.

MR. VASQUEZ: Great. Thank you, Ms. Morales, and you preempted my question about the changing interest rate environment and how that might impact.

MS. MORALES: Excellent.

MR. VASQUEZ: But this one is going to be locked in.

MS. MORALES: Correct. This particular private placement is a little bit different from some of the others, primarily with respect to the lender that's involved, Community Bank of Texas. Because they carry the bonds on their own balance sheet and don't securitize them with other agency executions, they're able to hold to a specific interest rate. So given the increase that we've seen over the last few weeks, this particular transaction, as well as the next, will not be affected.

MR. VASQUEZ: Great. Good for them.

1 Any Board members have questions on this item? 2 MR. MARCHANT: I do, Mr. Chairman. MR. VASQUEZ: Mr. Marchant, please. 3 4 MR. MARCHANT: If the project had overruns in 5 costs, do they have the ability to come back here and 6 adjust those costs with this Board. 7 MS. MORALES: Yes, they do. They would follow the same process as the prior Board item did. 8 9 MR. VASQUEZ: There will still be a cost 10 certification after it's all said and done. Any other questions? 11 If I could elaborate just a little 12 MS. MORALES: bit further. The constraint would be, and probably one 13 14 part the prior transaction had is that bond amount, that 50 15 percent test. While it is true that on a 4 percent 16 transaction those credits are to some degree unlimited, 17 they can come back and if there are increased costs then they can absorb those and have a higher credit allocation, 18 19 but the constant is that bond amount, so at some point we 20 can reach a point where the cost overruns are so great that 21 now are you in jeopardy of failing the 50 percent test, and 22 if you do that, those credits are not able to be claimed. 23 MR. MARCHANT: Can the developer absorb those 24 costs and not make application so that he would exceed? 25 If the project can absorb those MS. MORALES:

1	costs and still remain above 50 percent, then, yes.
2	MR. MARCHANT: So they would have the option of
3	absorbing the costs to stay under that.
4	MS. MORALES: Yes.
5	MR. VASQUEZ: Okay. We will entertain a motion
6	on item 6(a) of the agenda.
7	MR. THOMAS: Mr. Chairman, I move the Board
8	approve the issuance of Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds
9	Series 2022 by approving Resolution No. 22-023, and
10	approving a determination notice for 4 percent Housing Tax
11	Credits for Torrington Arcadia Trails, all as described and
12	subject to the conditions expressed in the Board action
13	request on this item.
14	MR. VASQUEZ: Thank you.
15	Motion made by Mr. Thomas. Is there a second?
16	MR. BATCH: Second.
17	MR. VASQUEZ: Seconded by Mr. Batch. All those
18	in favor say aye.
19	(A chorus of ayes.)
20	MR. VASQUEZ: Any opposed?
21	(No response.)
22	MR. VASQUEZ: Hearing none, motion carries.
23	Moving on to item 6(b) of the agenda,
24	Presentation, discussion, and possible action regarding the
25	issuance of Multifamily Housing Mortgage Revenue Bonds

Series 2022, Resolution No. 22-024, and a determination notice of Housing Tax Credits.

Ms. Morales.

MS. MORALES: Item 6(b) involves the multifamily bond issuance for the acquisition and rehab of 100 units in Center, located in Shelby County.

This transaction proposes a \$10.1 million issuance of tax-exempt bonds, and similar to the prior transaction, the bonds will be privately placed with Community Bank of Texas. The specific terms to be approved are identified under Section 1.2 of the bond resolution.

The Department held a public hearing, which is required for all of our bond issuances, and there was only comment provided by the developer himself. There were letters of support received from the mayor of Center and State Representative Chris Paddie, who represents the district containing Union Acres, and these letters are included in your packet.

The scope of work planned for the property includes, but is not limited to, energy efficient fixtures, new HVAC, new plumbing, roofing, interior doors and hardware, painting, appliances, lighting fixtures, and asbestos removal.

Minimal displacement of the residents is anticipated. Our underwriting report breaks down the

1	improvements relative to interior and exterior and a little
2	over half, or 60 percent, of the improvements will be to
3	the interior of the units, which provides for a more direct
4	benefit to the residents.
5	Staff recommends approval of Bond Resolution No.
6	22-024 for \$10,100,000 and a determination notice of 4
7	percent Housing Tax Credits in the amount of \$679,520.
8	MR. VASQUEZ: Thank you.
9	Any Board members have questions on this item?
10	(No response.)
11	MR. VASQUEZ: Hearing none, I'll entertain a
12	motion on item 6(b).
13	MR. BATCH: Mr. Chairman, I move that the Board
14	approve the issuance of Multifamily Housing Mortgage
15	Revenue Bonds Series 2022 by approving Resolution No.
16	22-024 and approving a determination notice for 4 percent
17	Housing Tax Credits for Union Acres project, all as
18	described and subject to the conditions expressed in the
19	Board action request on this item.
20	MR. VASQUEZ: Thank you.
21	Motion made by Mr. Batch. Do I have a second?
22	MS. FARIAS: Second.
23	MR. VASQUEZ: Seconded by Ms. Farias. All those
24	in favor say aye.
25	(A chorus of ayes.)

1 MR. VASQUEZ: Any opposed? 2 (No response.) MR. VASQUEZ: Hearing none, motion carries. 3 Item 6(c), Presentation, discussion, and 4 5 possible action regarding eligibility under 10 TAC Section 6 11.101(a)(3)(B)(ii) related to undesirable neighborhood 7 characteristics for Sunset Gardens, project 22445. 8 And it looks like we have lots of interest in 9 this one. 10 Ms. Morales, please continue. MS. MORALES: Item 6(c) relates to an item of 11 12 eligibility for a current 4 percent tax credit application. 13 For context, the Qualified Allocation Plan, or 14 QAP, identifies eligibility requirements that all 15 multifamily applications must meet. Among those are what 16 we call neighborhood risk factors, and there are four of 17 the poverty rate of the census tract, the them: performance of the schools in the attendance zone of the 18 19 development, blight in the neighborhood, and the Part 1 violent crime rate. 20 If any of these neighborhood risk factors are 21 22 present, the applicant must disclose them in the 23 application and provide specific mitigation as outlined in 24 the QAP. Upon staff review, if the mitigation is

considered sufficient, the application can be allowed to

25

move through the process. If the mitigation is not considered sufficient, then the matter comes before the Board for a decision regarding eligibility.

The application for Sunset Gardens disclosed all four neighborhood risk factors. The poverty rate for this census tract is 62.8 percent, which exceeds the 40 percent allowed in the QAP; however, sufficient mitigation was provided.

The middle school for the attendance zone received an F rating for 2019, but given the disruption in the TEA accountability ratings caused by the pandemic, the QAP waives this neighborhood risk factor for this year.

There were a few single-family residences in proximity to the development that can be considered blight; however, sufficient mitigation was provided.

The information provided to mitigate the Part 1 violent crime rate was not sufficient based on staff's review, so the matter is before the Board, asking that you affirm staff's recommendation that the site be ineligible.

The benchmark used to identify the Part 1 violent crime rate that exceeds the threshold is Neighborhood Scout. Neighborhood Scout is really the only universal reporting system that can be applied statewide. If the Neighborhood Scout report reflects a Part 1 violent crime rate of greater than 18 per 1,000 persons annually,

the applicant is required to disclose.

Recognizing that Neighborhood Scout data may be outdated, or to the extent that it does not present an accurate picture of what is going on in any given neighborhood in Texas, an applicant is allowed to submit police beat data for the previous two years and provide their own calculation based on the population of that beat or census tract as applicable.

A little bit about the development itself.

Sunset Gardens is located in the Sunnyside neighborhood in Houston, which is south of downtown, kind of inside the beltway and 610.

Sunset Gardens proposes to merge two existing developments located adjacent to one another: King's Row, which was built in 1970, and Scott Plaza, built in 1965.

King's Row has a Section 8 HAP contract that covers all of the units, while Scott Plaza has a HAP contract covering all but 44 of the 149 units there.

The King's Row property is in our portfolio. It was rehabbed in 2002 and has a land use restriction agreement, or LURA, that will run through 2059. It has a 55-year extended use period. So the property is currently 52 years old, and when the current LURA expires, the property will be 89 years old.

Aside from these two properties, this particular

census tract also has five other affordable properties that are also in the Department's portfolio.

I previously mentioned that the threshold for the Part 1 violent crime rate is 18 per 1,000 persons.

Neighborhood Scout reflects a crime rate for this neighborhood of 41 per 1,000 persons.

The applicant provided historical crime data based on the police beat containing the development for the past five years. These rates are identified in a table in your Board writeup and start with a crime rate of 36 in 2017, down to 28 in 2019, but then an increase up to 35 in 2020, which the applicant believed to be pandemic related. The most recent crime rate for 2021 was 30.

To provide some historical context for this tract and neighborhood, on the opposite of this census tract is Anna Dupree Terrace, which was approved by the Board despite the high crime in 2018.

The crime rate at that time was 34 according to Neighborhood Scout. As previously mentioned, it is now at 41, representing an increase over the past four years. One of the adjacent tracts has a crime rate of 40 which in 2018 was only 21.

Another adjacent tract has a crime rate of 35, which was only 22 in 2018. This latter tract is important because it contains Villa Americana, which is an existing

development also approved by the Board despite the high crime in 2017, so there's another significant increase in the past five years.

Exhibit A in this agenda item contains information provided by the applicant for you to consider. This information and what you may hear in testimony today includes a City of Houston investment with the development being located in a TIRZ and plans for housing and infrastructure improvements.

The information provided speaks to planned appropriations through fiscal year 2025 and include beautification projects to improve the visual appearance of the area, median improvements, landscape and sidewalk improvements to allow for more walkability, and a destination space that would provide a jogging trail, benches and a space for art festivals and local vendors.

The question becomes whether it would be worthwhile to see the effect that these improvements have on the area before investing funds. It's also worth noting that this same TIRZ was identified at the time the Anna Dupree Terrace development was found eligible.

At that time staff was unable to ascertain whether those improvements to date, which were convenience stores, a carwash, a few restaurants and some infrastructure improvements, had had a positive effect on

the neighborhood. The high poverty rate and high crime rate are both still seen today.

Exhibit B contains information provided by staff. I would like to draw your attention to page 354 of your Board materials to a map that was compiled by staff which outlines the boundaries of the police beat, plots all of the instances of violent crime over the past three years, with the subject development noted in tract 3314.

Note the degree of crime concentration based on the size of the dot. The Ann Dupree Terrace development that I referenced is on the opposite end of this census tract, while Villa Americana is located in tract 3317 which is to the southeast of Sunset Gardens.

Additionally to note is an excerpt of the Neighborhood Scout report, which reflects some of the characteristics of this neighborhood. Worth noting on page 363 of your Board materials is the projected trend relating to violent crime rates through 2027, which is nowhere near the national median or our threshold of 18.

The standard to which we arrive at eligibility pursuant to the QAP states that eligibility could only occur if there is a determination that the risk factor is not of a nature or severity that should render the development site ineligible based on the assessment and mitigation provided.

Additionally, the QAP requires the demonstration that actions being taken would lead staff to conclude that there is a high probability and a reasonable expectation that the risk factor will be sufficiently mitigated or significant improved prior to placement in service, and that the risk factor demonstrates a positive trend and continued improvement.

The reasonable expectation part of that is important because the placement-in-service timeline is shorter for an acquisition rehab, which is generally 12 to 18 months, compared to new construction, which is 24 to 36 months.

When it comes to this particular neighborhood and recognizing the prior approvals, there's the question as to whether the passage of time has demonstrated the downward, the continued improvement, and the reasonable expectation relative to the violent crime rate. The neighborhood risk factors represent eligibility as it relates to today, so it's not a determination of not ever but more of not now.

My last point is that you may hear testimony that speaks to crime prevention efforts at the property itself and how those efforts can be successful at reducing crime. The expectation is that the properties we fund should be safe, and it is incumbent upon the owner to

ensure that that is the case.

Our governing statute 2306.002 identifies the Department's policies as providing a decent, safe, and affordable living environment. While owners should be responsible for reducing and possibly eliminating instances of crime on their property, what owners may not be able to control is what happens to a resident when they leave their home and walk down the street.

It is also important to keep in mind that we aren't talking about property crime, although that's a problem too. We are talking about violent crime. Maybe part of the discussion is the extent to which the safe environment noted in our governing statute extends to the neighborhood in which a resident lives.

Staff recommends the site for Sunset Gardens be ineligible based on the rate of the Part 1 violent crime.

MR. VASQUEZ: Okay. So to clarify, the schools and blight and poverty rates, we're setting those aside.

MS. MORALES: Correct.

MR. VASQUEZ: We're really focusing here on the crime rate.

MS. MORALES: Correct.

MR. VASQUEZ: And before we continue, Mr. Lyttle has another letter to be read into the record. Please.

MR. LYTTLE: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

Regarding this issue, we received a letter from the Harris County District Attorney's Office that reads as follows:

"The Harris County District Attorney's Office is dedicated to evidence-based prosecution. This means guaranteeing a fair process with the goal of obtaining a just result for the victim, the accused and the community in every case.

"However, our justice system is dependent upon the participation of regular citizens from the community to serve as witnesses and jurors. Additionally, part of the crime prevention, suspect identification, and apprehension process relies upon neighborhood residents and public safety personnel working together.

"Rainbow Housing Assistance Corporation's tenant-based service model and crime prevention efforts provide an opportunity to build community, police, and business owners relationships that can work to fight back against the criminal elements in most vulnerable communities.

"Houston's Sunnyside area King's Row, located at 4141 Barberry Drive, and Scott Plaza, located at 9703 Scott Street, Houston Texas, 77051, has been identified by the Houston Police Department as having a high degree of crime in the community. Specialized team efforts are needed to

1 address the types of crime most problematic in the 2 community. "The District Attorney's Office will support 3 local law enforcement and Rainbow's efforts to mitigate 4 5 crime in and around the community, while working with 6 community stakeholders as a part of our ongoing commitment to make Houston and Harris County safer. 7 "Sincerely, Kim Ogg, Harris County District 8 9 Attorney." 10 MR. VASQUEZ: Thank you, Mr. Lyttle. Obviously we have some public input. Is there a 11 12 motion to accept public comment on this? MR. MARCHANT: I'll make that motion. 13 14 MR. BATCH: Second. 15 MR. VASQUEZ: Motion made by Mr. Marchant, 16 seconded by Mr. Batch. All those in favor say aye. 17 (A chorus of ayes.) MR. VASQUEZ: Any opposed? 18 19 (No response.) 20 MR. VASQUEZ: Hearing none. Before we get started, let me just plead with 21 22 y'all if you are about to say the same thing as a speaker 23 before you; please make your remarks extra brief and just reiterate what he said/what she said. 24 25 Are any of you going to be speaking against

the -- well, I assume you all are speaking for the project?

Okay. Just I was trying to alternate if we needed to do that.

Please say hello and introduce yourself and sign in.

MS. ANDRE: Hi. Thank you. Sarah Andre, consultant to the project. Good afternoon, and my comments are going to be somewhat extemporaneous, so thank you for your patience today.

You know, Teresa gave an excellent overview that was all information we provided in our application. We are not here today to try to pretend that crime does not exist in the area. I do want to address two things, though.

Poverty, you heard that this is a high-poverty area. You also heard that there are five assisted developments in this area. The poverty is a function of that, so when you have large developments that have these HAP contracts on them, in order to qualify to live there, you have to make less than 30 percent of the area median income; therefore, you are, quote, the poverty that is in the area. And that is a beef I have with that particular indicator when you're talking about rehab, because you're basically saying, well, we don't want to go back to this place we've already created.

Today when you hear about crime, you're going to

hear from the developer, the management, our community supporters, and most importantly, the management and our community partner, Rainbow Housing, which has been very effective in the past in similar developments and is working to provide services.

At a QAP hearing, I recently likened rehab developments to a plastic bottle that someone has thrown on the ground: It will stay there forever. The question is today whether or not we're going to pick that bottle up and recycle it or dispose of it properly or if we're just going to let it continue to roll down the street in the wind, and I think it's clear what I believe the right answer is.

Thank you for your time, and Jacob Levy, with the developer, will be up next.

MR. VASQUEZ: Thank you, Ms. Andre.

MR. LEVY: Ladies and gentlemen of the Board, my name is Jacob Levy, and I represent the developer of Sunset Gardens. I have the pleasure of stewardship over 15 TDHCA properties throughout Texas, and I've successfully used the LIHTC Program to rehabilitate over 2,000 apartment units in the last five years.

Sunset Gardens is an existing apartment community in the Sunnyside neighborhood of Houston, an area that is rapidly transforming and receiving hundreds of millions of dollars of public and private investment.

The city itself is building 480 single-family homes in Sunnyside and is investing in the area with expanded pedestrian and bicycle networks. The city selected Sunnyside as a priority area in its Complete Communities Program, and it was one of ten neighborhoods selected for Houston's tax increment reinvestment zones, which has set aside millions of dollars in public funds for Sunnyside.

Seventy million dollars is being invested in the nation's largest urban solar installation, located just one mile from our project, and for what it's worth, D.R. Horton, the nation's largest homebuilder, is planning to redevelop hundreds of acres in Sunnyside, demonstrating that corporate America recognizes this neighborhood is in the path of growth, development and progress.

The project itself has tremendous local support. We will read into the record letters provided by the offices of Council Member Evans-Shabazz, Houston Housing and Community Development, and you've already heard the letter from Harris County's highest ranking law enforcement official, District Attorney Kim Ogg. All pledge support for the project and that our efforts to rehabilitate the property are integral to public safety and crime reduction in the area.

The historic crime statistics in this census

tract pointed in the right direction. According to Houston PD beat data, violent crime has reduced 30 percent in the last five years. With our comprehensive renovation and security plan and all the public and private investment in the area, the crime score will continue to fall, and we fully expect it will comply with TDHCA's guidelines prior to placement in service.

While the crime score parameter may exist to deincentivize building affordable housing in high crime areas, this building and its residents already exist, and more than half of these units are already in TDHCA's portfolio.

A vote to approve the project is consistent with public safety and public investment and development goals.

We're asking for your help today to make a transformative change in this community for the hundreds of families living at Sunset Gardens.

Thank you very much for your time.

MR. VASQUEZ: Thank you, Mr. Levy.

Who do we have up next?

MS. FONTENOT: Good afternoon. My name is Terren Fontenot. I am the property manager.

I just wanted to be really brief and just state that I myself grew up in subsidized housing. I just remember going to school and wanting the resources that my

peers had and not being able to get those.

Being in property management, specifically with this property, I hold it dear to my heart because I can relate. I do have a close relationship with the Houston Police Department. Anything that I need, they're there.

In fact, this summer they're actually having a program for our children. They'll be there once a week, there will be art projects, it will be an educational series, and also they're going to do some sporting events, and this is from June to August.

We do have security to make sure that all of our tenants are feeling secure and also that they can sleep at night. I am tightening up and I have tightened up on our application process; I do not allow any felons in our facilities, and also, we do offer meals for the kids.

So this is coming from my heart; I would love to give back to my tenants. They deserve better. In the area they're developing and I just want my property as well to be intact with what's going on around us.

So that's what I have to say for Sunset Gardens. Thank you.

MR. VASQUEZ: Thank you, Ms. Fontenot. Appreciate your input.

MR. CROWDER: Good afternoon. My name is James Crowder. I'm the chief operating officer of the developer.

I have the opportunity to read into the record a letter that received from Dr. Carolyn Evans-Shabazz in support of the project.

"Dear Mr. Wilkinson:

"I am Dr. Carolyn Evans-Shabazz, the city council member of District D in Houston, where the Sunset Gardens rehabilitation development is located. I have communicated with the Houston Police Department on matters regarding crime statistics and crime mitigation within Sunnyside.

"The Houston Police Department analyzes crime data by police districts and police beats which is an important method to ensure we can address crime appropriately in individual areas throughout the City of Houston.

"For the Sunnyside neighborhood we analyze police beat 14H-20 to best understand crime that could affect the Sunset Gardens development site. Moreover, the Houston Police Department, City Council and the City of Houston are committed to mitigating crime in the entire Sunnyside area. Sunnyside is also one of the City of Houston's ten selected priority neighborhoods as one of Houston's Complete Communities.

"The Houston Police Department is actively involved in a variety of focused crime-stopping efforts.

Specifically, our specialized teams are working to address the types of crimes most problematic in the community. The Houston Police Department also has crime suppression teams active in the community to address the violent crimes. This approach allows the department to use their best efforts and resources on the issues closest to home. This has proven to lead to better policing that serves the community more effectively.

"We have also simply increased the police presence in the community and created more intimate relationships with community members like ourselves and business owners to ensure the community knows we are partners.

"With an approach that has increasing quality and quantity, we wholly expect the crime rate to trend downwards. The efforts that have been engaged in will continue as our commitment to a safer, more secure community is ongoing.

"Respectfully, Dr. Carolyn Evans-Shabazz."

In addition, I have had the pleasure to do close to 2,100 units here in the state of Texas through my career in affordable housing. As this is an existing project with existing families, the rehabilitation and the increased security cameras and security patrol will mitigate the crime at our property and in the neighboring community.

1	I've seen that successful in other projects around the
2	country and in Texas. With the partnership with the city
3	and the police department, we can actively mitigate crime
4	at our project and in the neighboring areas.
5	Thank you for your time today.
6	MR. VASQUEZ: Thanks, James.
7	MR. DZIDO: Good morning. My name is Marcin
8	Dzido, and I work for the developer and I'd like to read a
9	letter from
10	MR. MARCHANT: Mr. Chairman, they keep saying
11	they work for the developer. I don't know who that is.
12	MR. VASQUEZ: Could you tell us who the
13	developer's name officially is? I know it's in here
14	somewhere.
15	MR. DZIDO: Yes. It's the Sunset Gardens
16	Preservation, LP.
17	MR. MARCHANT: But who owns Sunset?
18	MR. DZIDO: Mr. Jacob Levy is the owner, or the
19	proposed owner.
20	MR. MARCHANT: Thank you.
21	MR. DZIDO: Yes. I would like to read the
22	letter from the director of HCD into the record.
23	"Dear TDHCA Governing Board:
24	"On behalf of the Sunset Gardens Preservation,
25	formerly known as King's Row and Scott Plaza, please accept

this letter as confirmation of support of their request to rehabilitate the properties at 4141 Barberry Drive and 9703 Scott Street in Houston, Texas.

"As director of the City of Houston Housing and Community Development Department, I recognize the critical importance of ensuring that every citizen has access to safe and affordable housing in communities where they can thrive. Unfortunately, the rising costs of rent, coupled with severe lack of attainable housing for extremely low income households in Houston, has left many residents concerned about where they will live and the quality of their home.

"Sunset Gardens preservation is located within boundaries of Sunnyside Complete Community. Complete Communities are part of a citywide initiative to improve the overall neighborhood quality, reduce poverty concentration, and preserve affordable housing in Houston. Other efforts in this neighborhood include homebuyer down payment assistance and financing single family home construction.

"As Houston continues to grow, the demand for attainable housing will increase. HCD believes redevelopment of existing multifamily facilities with diligent property management is an effective strategy for neighborhood revitalization. Ensuring these homes are

affordable and safe will assure more Houston families have 1 2 a place they can proudly call home. 3 "Your favorable consideration is greatly 4 appreciated. 5 "Respectfully, Keith W. Bynum, Director of 6 Housing and Community Development Department, City of 7 Houston." 8 Thank you. 9 MR. BURKLEY: Good morning, everyone. Hi. I'm 10 David Burkley. I'm the associate director of Rainbow Housing, and I'm also a homeowner in Sunnyside and a pastor 11 12 in the community. Rainbow Housing, we're a national nonprofit that 13 14 provides supportive services to families in affordable 15 housing communities across the country. We currently 16 operate in 19 different states and have 160 communities 17 that we work with, many of which are in the State of Texas and are a part of TDHCA's portfolio. 18 19 For the last 20 years, Rainbow Housing has provided tenant-based services to families with a specific 20 focus on community stabilization with the advancement of 21 22 socioeconomic opportunities for the families and individuals who live in these communities. 23

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Right? We understand that whenever there's development,

We understand that change comes with challenges.

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whenever there's things that are progressing that there's going to be some hurdles that you have to come over, and crime is one of those.

In communities that we serve that are also part of TDHCA's portfolio, we've been able to make this change. One example is Haverstock Hill, which is a community that was ready to be written off by the city, but with the partnership of Rainbow Housing, local law enforcement and even the DA's Office, we were able to have 67 percent in crime reduction in the very first year, providing meaningful programs and services, and this is not just random after-school programs but these are economic opportunities, GED programs, scholarships, workforce programs that will help families change the financial narratives of their lives

And we know, and the FBI has proven, that crime and poverty go together, and where we can give economic hope to the families who live there, we believe and we've seen that we can reduce the poverty outcomes in this community if we're given the opportunity, and I hope that you guys give us that chance.

You all know Sunnyside is one of the oldest

African American communities in the City of Houston,

established in 1912. My family moved there in the 1940s. I

still own a home there. There's a Starbuck's down the

1 street, there's a stadium around the corner for rugby. 2 There's Houston Community College that's really around the 3 corner, there's a new gated community that's being built. Sunnyside is changing, but this project and this 4 5 development ensures that the people who have called 6 Sunnyside home for generations can be a part of that 7 progress and can be a part of that change. 8 So on behalf of those individuals, I ask that 9 you guys support this project so that we can move this 10 community forward and really begin to lift some lives in Sunnyside. Thank you. 11 12 Thank you, Mr. Burkley. MR. VASQUEZ: 13 I have a question that I assume Ms. Fontenot 14 would probably be the best one to answer. Do we have any 15 statistics on the number of HPD calls, police calls at this site and trends? Whoever can answer. 16 17 MS. FONTENOT: I don't have a specific 18 percentage. 19 MR. VASQUEZ: I mean just the number of calls. 20 In the last year were there 365 calls to HPD or were there 21 36? 22 MS. FONTENOT: So I've been with the property 23 since August of last year, and I've had to call HPD about 24 six times, six or seven times.

MR. VASQUEZ: But do you have any statistics on

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1	your tenants, on how often are they calling?
2	MR. FONTENOT: I don't have any statistics for
3	you for that one, for the tenants calling.
4	MR. VASQUEZ: Okay. All right. I was just
5	trying to get a sense of where that stood.
6	MS. FONTENOT: Okay.
7	MR. VASQUEZ: Mr. Marchant.
8	MR. MARCHANT: Maybe the staff can answer these
9	questions. How many units is this exactly? There's a lot
10	of information on this computer. I've just been trying to
11	sift through it to see if I can find that one kernel of
12	corn that mattered to me.
13	MS. MORALES: There are in total 330.
14	MR. MARCHANT: And they're currently occupied?
15	MS. MORALES: It's currently occupied. It's
16	basically two existing properties adjacent to one another
17	that are going to be merged together under this development
18	plan, so there's, I think, 180 units over at King's Row and
19	then 149 over at Scott Plaza.
20	MR. MARCHANT: And what's the occupancy level?
21	MR. VASQUEZ: Ballpark.
22	MS. FONTENOT: So the occupancy together for the
23	330 units, we're at 90 percent.
24	MR. MARCHANT: Okay. Thank you.
25	So this is 4 percent money or 9 percent money?

MS. MORALES: Four percent money. 1 2 MR. MARCHANT: Are we creating any new units out of this application? 3 4 MS. MORALES: No new units that are not already 5 affordable, probably with the exception of the Scott Plaza 6 property, so that one has 149 units and the HAP contract 7 covers all but 44. We haven't done underwriting or anything on this application, so I don't know the extent to 8 9 which those 44 --10 MR. MARCHANT: Thirty-nine deficiencies in the application. 11 12 MR. VASQUEZ: That's a different question. 13 MR. MARCHANT: Okay. So this 4 percent money is 14 going to rehab. Is the rehab such that all the units will 15 be emptied? So they're going to rehab them while they're 16 living in them? SPEAKER FROM AUDIENCE: 17 They will be in place. MR. MARCHANT: Okay. Thank you. 18 19 MR. VASQUEZ: Mr. Batch, please. 20 MR. BATCH: So if I may, I'm just trying to wrap 21 my head around exactly what we're dealing with. So this is 22 a project, a facility that already exists that they're trying to rehab -- I mean, I'm kind of confused, actually, 23 24 as to why -- so the violent crime, is that the only reason 25 that staff made the recommendation that it did?

MS. MORALES: Yes.

MR. BATCH: But it sounds like the argument is also about the residents and their safety?

MS. MORALES: Correct.

MR. BATCH: So then I guess my question would be if part of the rehab is putting in place cameras, additional security measures, I mean, would that not also kind of be addressing staff's concern about the well-being and the safety of the residents?

MS. MORALES: So I guess the question needs to be asked whether we're concerned with the actual property itself and the safety of the residents itself, or are we talking about the neighborhood.

So the Part 1 violent crime rate doesn't focus on what are the instances of violent crime at this particular property and what are you going to do to change that. It's sort of the neighborhood as a whole, what's going on around this property.

So to the extent that cameras are going to be put in, there's a lot of talk of supportive services, and I guess to that point, supportive services are a requirement of the Tax Credit Program anyway, and the King's Row property having a LURA currently on the property is required to do those services, so those are things that should be happening regardless of what happens today.

1 MR. VASQUEZ: And probably to answer the 2 question I think you're asking, it's in our rules -- our rules or HUD rules that the crime rate has to be less than 3 4 18 per 1,000. 5 MR. WILKINSON: It's our rules, sir. 6 MR. VASQUEZ: So it's our rules. 7 MR. WILKINSON: It's something that could be 8 adjusted by the Board. 9 So the staff, if it's over that, MR. VASQUEZ: 10 it needs to start going through an appeal process. can't just -- Teresa can't just say 30, that's fine, go 11 12 ahead, and it has to come to the executive director next. MS. MORALES: What I have seen, because I've 13 14 looked at a number of these over the years, is that 15 Neighborhood Scout is the benchmark, it's the trigger, but 16 then if that's over 18, I've seen a number of applications 17 where the applicant would provide the actual police beat data, and again, it kind of goes to what is actually 18 19 happening to the extent that Neighborhood Scout is outdated, whatever. 20 And there have been plenty of situations where 21 22 that police beat data comes back at a threshold below 18, and so in those situations, because that mitigation is 23

considered sufficient, those eligibility issues do not come

before the Board, but because actual police beat data

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yields a threshold that's below 18, staff is comfortable with the mitigation provided and the application moves forward.

In instances where the 18 is triggered and then you provide the police beat data and that's still over 18 -- in this case it's 30 -- then it requires consideration before the Board.

MS. FARIAS: Mr. Chairman.

MR. VASQUEZ: Ms. Farias, if we can let Mr. Batch continue.

MR. BATCH: I'll be brief. So I don't know; it kind of seems -- I understand the fact with this crime data with the violent crime rate, I don't think anybody would be necessarily comfortable being in that position, but if what we're seeing -- does staff agree that up until the pandemic started occurring there was a downward trend in violence within --

MR. CROWDER: This first quarter of 2022. because the beat data we're getting it constantly on the project, so for the first quarter of 2022 we're looking at an annual rate of 26, so that would be a substantial drop from the, I think, 35 that was 2021, so we're already starting to see the trending heading in the right direction.

As people have highlighted here, there's a lot

of development going on in the area, it has a very large focus by the Houston Police Department and the local community for crime, so I think we're on that right direction.

In addition, I had a project in Florida that was a really tough site, really bad crime, and the security systems that you can put on the projects don't only protect the site but they also protect the neighborhood around, because the cameras aren't just looking in, they look out, and those can be direct-connected to the police department.

And on that project specifically we actually had crime diminish so much in the neighborhood that the police department was very grateful for all the camera systems we put in, because they could solve crime by connecting to our system. So that's something that we intend to do here at this project as well so that we can be a resource to HPD.

MR. BATCH: And I think my sympathy is in the fact that, you know, if we're seeing a decrease in crime and if the goal is to improve the lives of the people that are living within this community, then you know, I can't see why we wouldn't want to be supportive of something that would increase police presence in the area, increase accountability amongst the residents to protect their community.

I mean, in a lot of these communities the big

issue with crime rates is that, you know, nobody wants to talk about the crime taking place and they don't want to communicate with the police and they don't want to share this information.

And so if there is something in place, if there's something that I think can serve as kind of a carrot, if you will, I think that that is a good thing. You know, I certainly agree that the crime is a big problem, not just for the residents but also for the people that are going to be building this development, but I personally hope that we would consider or at least continue to talk about supporting this or not supporting it.

MR. THOMAS: Mr. Chairman, just to echo what my fellow colleague on the Board is saying, I mean, my concern would be if we don't support something like this and they are trending and making an effort and doing the things, what is the consequence of not supporting it for the people in this community?

I'm familiar with the community, I grew up in Houston, know of it, and to me it seems like this is exactly the type of situation the Board and the State would want to support because the consequence of not supporting it could be much more dire than taking a chance here and giving them a chance to continue the trend line that you want them to hopefully achieve.

And I would urge Ms. Fontenot here, you know, if there's a way to incorporate within the development an effort to do a neighborhood watch or property watch and have physical security resources as well in addition to those cameras that would be internal and external, I think that certainly helps.

And having worked with HPD before when I had the privilege of working at City Council in Houston, and so I've said that that certainly helps with the community policing effort and getting community buy-in and property buy-in in those situations.

And the redevelopment is definitely going on in that area, so I mean, to me I think the challenging charge for us as a Board and an agency is to take risks and get behind efforts like this where they're asking for help and a helping hand to get them to the right trend line and benchmarks that we're supposed to do.

MR. VASQUEZ: Ms. Farias.

MS. FARIAS: I want to get back to reality. The governing statutes are very clear: safe, decent and affordable housing, safety, safe.

Now, I'm not speaking because I read a book or a chapter or went to live someplace that I could write the book; I grew up in the housing projects because of poverty.

It happens to people and so be it, get over it. My mom

made \$20 a week being a maid, and for us, Crystal City

Public Housing was a refuge, so there. There are a lot of

us that were there, and we turned out to be okay.

But when I was growing up, safety was good and I left Crystal City and I told myself: I am never coming back to this little town. I became a lawyer, went and worked for presidents and cabinet secretaries, and then one day when I'm talking to my mom, she starts crying.

And I'm like the women in my household do not cry. I'm like what's going on, que pasa? She said, Mija, the crime rate, the thugs have just taken over. 1992, this was the beginning of truck trade at the Mexican-American border. That's where it all started, 1992.

So I went, took my mom, I said, Okay, now I can move you to San Antonio. It's big, you can go to the doctors there. I showed her around, and she starts crying again. And I'm like two cries in less than one week, what's going on? And I will never, never forget, defining moments for my mom and myself that taught me never say never, never. My mom, she said, Mija, why do I have to move? I am not the criminal.

So I went back home and ran the housing authority, and I didn't just run it, I was the first or second executive director in the country that lived in the housing projects. I don't get up there and talk -- with

all due respect, talk about developing and talk about how wonderful it's going to be. At the end of the day I still had to go back to the housing projects. And when the crime was rampant and something was wrong, they would call me or they would come knocking at the door: Mija, Mija, help us.

What the law enforcement told me, don't ever expect them to be witnesses. They're scared to death because there's a price to be paid when you want to be living in safe, decent, and affordable housing.

One of the biggest things that they will do to the elderly and even to moms, single moms -- they always picked on the single moms that they knew that they had jobs, not the ones that were home all the time -- they go and cut the telephone lines and the cable, and for the elderly that's their oxygen, that's their life.

And in my 25 years in the federal government, where we read thousands of proposals -- and no insult to you, so don't take it personally -- when proposals are written they promise you the stars and the moon, and the question is after all these decades of public housing, why do we still have the same problems?

All the things that you are proposing, I read them, I read them three times. I go, Wow, that sounds good, all the city councilmen approve it, they're going to do this, they're going to do

this. Why hasn't any of it been done before?

And yes, I know we want to help, of course, and my question to you -- because I want to go on the record, this is just my second meeting, so hopefully I'm going to be here a long time, so just get used to it.

My question to you is if this gets approved and the aggravated robbery and aggravated assaults continue to go up, do we go back to you? So therefore, who do the tenants, the poor tenants -- and I came from there -- where do they go to for help if things don't work?

So I know -- you weren't here at the last meeting sir -- for us, for this Board, these kind of issues, these kind of amendments and proposals that we have to vote on, these are the hardest ones to vote on because it's 50-50, but the buck stops with us, and that's why let's not lose sight of the governing statute: safe, decent and affordable.

And I think it's a sad commentary if you're coming to us to tell us we're going to make this rehab the first safe rehab. Public housing has been around since the late 1940s, so where was the interest in the past? That's reality.

MR. VASQUEZ: Thank you for your comments, Ms. Farias.

I guess Mr. Marchant.

MR. MARCHANT: I don't have a comment; it's a 1 2 question. 3 Are the units currently under a federal program? MS. MORALES: Of the 330, all but 44 are 4 5 restricted. So the King's Row property is under a HAP 6 contract at the federal level with a restriction, and then 7 layered upon that is a tax credit LURA that we placed on 8 the property in 2002 when it was rehabbed. 9 MR. MARCHANT: Okay. So how much longer are 10 they under the current restrictions? MS. MORALES: Under the current restriction for 11 12 King's Row, speaking only for the tax credit LURA that we 13 put on that property in 2002, it will remain affordable 14 until 2059. 15 MR. MARCHANT: 2059. 16 MS. MORALES: Correct. 17 MR. WILKINSON: Apparently we had a crazy long LURA on that. 18 19 MR. MARCHANT: So it's currently it's under --20 affordable housing is under this incentivized funding 21 currently, and yet it's been described as just not safe. 22 Correct? 23 MS. MORALES: Correct. 24 MR. MARCHANT: Okay. And I completely concur 25 with if it makes it safer, this is better. How long will

1	these units be locked into a scheme I mean
2	MS. MORALES: Thirty years.
3	MR. MARCHANT: Thirty years from now.
4	MS. MORALES: Correct.
5	MR. MARCHANT: So 52, so will the 59 go away?
б	MS. MORALES: No.
7	MR. MARCHANT: Okay. So if it doesn't work,
8	these units, can they be torn down at some point and
9	redeveloped?
10	MS. MORALES: Yes. However, given the HAP
11	contract being on the property so the HAP contracts are
12	generally renewed for a 20-year term it would be up to
13	HUD if they wanted to place or move that.
14	MR. MARCHANT: Yeah, the real question. And I
15	very sincerely would like to vote for it for all of the
16	improvement reasons. Does it make the committee does it
17	set a precedent in the committee that if we approve
18	something that's at 30 and it exceeds it by 18, and a later
19	project comes in and they're having the same situation and
20	we still would have to vote on that one? Does it set a
21	precedent that we voted to do this one?
22	MR. WILKINSON: Beau has a short speech about
23	precedents.
24	(General laughter.)
25	MR. MARCHANT: Not president, precedent.

1	MR. ECCLES: Understood. Unlike court cases,
2	the actions of this Board do not lay the ground for like
3	stare decisis, they can't be cited. Years hence, though,
4	many will try to. But the issue is more consistency of
5	application. The Board will certainly want to be
6	consistent with its decisions, given the same statutory or
7	rules basis; however, it is not legally constrained by any
8	particular court-like concept of precedent.
9	MR. MARCHANT: And it doesn't send a signal to
10	staff that we are somewhat lenient on this issue and that
11	maybe we should start bringing more of these issues.
12	Because I like the policy that we have, frankly.
13	MR. ECCLES: I think it's also pretty safe to
14	say that everything this Board does sends a signal to staff
15	and to the community at large.
16	MR. MARCHANT: Thank you very much.
17	MR. BURKLEY: (Speaking from audience.)
18	MR. VASQUEZ: Actually, I don't think you need
19	to.
20	I'd like to try to get us to come to a
21	conclusion on this. A signal point of data or a change in
22	data does not a trend make, and I do not believe that the
23	trend of the violent crime or just crime rate is materially
24	moving in the right direction.
25	However, with that said, I'm the only resident

here of Harris County, and I will note that this just illustrates so greatly why every one of you and everyone you know should be just screaming at the current criminal judiciary in Harris County who are letting out, releasing convicted folks and people who are charged with violent crimes and turning them around and letting them back out on the street. That's what's a big chunk of what's contributing to the crime in your area not appearing to get better.

So I encourage you go back and tell the judges to stop. I agree the HPD and Sheriff's Office and constables and the DA are all trying to enforce the laws, but it does them no good when it's just a revolving door and people are in in the morning and out in the afternoon. I encourage you all to follow up with that in addition to all the projects you're doing.

When we talk about a precedent, if this was a brand new development proposed, I would vote no.

MR. BATCH: Mr. Chairman, I would as well.

MR. VASQUEZ: But since this is already there and we have people willing to put more money in, the city is putting more money in, I don't see why we can't make the exception without it being a full precedent.

But given all the other factors and all the other investment and attention going in with the city and

the housing department and focusing on this Complete 1 2 Communities and such, I see no problem in this particular 3 case under these particular circumstances in us waiving the 4 crime rate issue that the staff did correctly and 5 legitimately deny based on it's way over 18 and it's been 6 way over 18 per 1,000. 7 MR. BATCH: Sorry. I'd like to make one general 8 comment. 9 MR. VASQUEZ: Let's make one more comment, and 10 then I sense a consensus. Mr. Batch. MR. BATCH: Well, for the record I just want to 11 12 again echo what you just said. If this were a new project 13 and this wasn't something where we're taking people who are 14 already living in this area and trying to improve their 15 lives, I would not support it because I think the safety is 16 a big factor. 17 But if we're talking about safety and improving the lives of the people that are already in this condition, 18 19 you know, I don't know why that would be something we 20 should not support. So with that, Mr. Chairman --21 22 Would you care to make a motion? MR. VASQUEZ: 23 MR. BATCH: -- I would like to make a motion. I 24 would like to move -- let me see here -- regarding the site 25 for the 4 percent Housing Tax Credit application number

1	22445, Sunset Gardens, I'd move that the Board support
2	MR. VASQUEZ: Find the site eligible.
3	MR. BATCH: find the site eligible for the
4	reasons that I think the Board has expressed.
5	MR. THOMAS: Mr. Chairman, I wholeheartedly
6	second that motion.
7	MR. VASQUEZ: Motion made by Mr. Batch and
8	seconded by Mr. Thomas. Does Mr. Eccles approve of the
9	form of the motion?
10	MR. ECCLES: That is a for sure.
11	MR. VASQUEZ: It's wholeheartedly supported by
12	our counsel, so all those in favor of finding this site
13	eligible say aye.
14	(Ayes: Board Members Batch, Marchant, Thomas,
15	and Vasquez.)
16	MR. VASQUEZ: Any opposed?
17	MS. FARIAS: Opposed.
18	MR. VASQUEZ: Note for the record Ms. Farias
19	voted opposed. The motion carries with one nay vote.
20	So thank you all.
21	Okay. I know people are hungry, but we're going
22	to forge ahead on this last section, item 7 of the agenda,
23	and Cody we all know is very brief and concise, so we're
24	going to plow ahead through this.
25	Moving on to item 7(a), Presentation,

discussion, and possible action regarding a waiver of 10 TAC Section 13.2(14) and awards from the Multifamily Direct Loan 2021 NOFA.

Mr. Campbell.

MR. CAMPBELL: Thank you, Mr. Vasquez.

My notes start with good morning, but that's no longer applicable, so good afternoon. My name is Cody Campbell. I am the director of Multifamily Programs for the Department.

This item concerns two recommended awards for developments here in Austin. The first of these is application number 21513 Balcones Terrace. Now, this is a pretty large award from the National Housing Trust Fund. The applicant has requested \$6 million for the adaptive reuse of two buildings in north Austin which previously functioned as a hotel.

The application proposes the creation of 123 efficiency units serving a supportive housing population, and includes a number of set-asides resulting from the various funding sources for the development.

These set-asides are outlined on page 2 of the Board item and include -- and some of these sound repetitive but there are subtle nuances between them -- preferences for those meeting HUD's definition of chronically homeless, those experiencing homelessness,

veteran households experiencing homelessness, those transitioning out of or who are at risk of homelessness, as well as persons with physical, intellectual or developmental disabilities, youth aging out of foster care, persons transitioning out of institutionalized care, and/or persons with special housing needs. In other words, this development is really going to reach a lot of people who generally have a lot of trouble securing housing.

Of the 123 units, 113 will be restricted at the 30 percent income limit by the Department's Housing Trust Fund award. The remaining 10 units will be restricted at the 50 percent income limit by other funding sources, including three HOME match units.

The site will include robust tenant services, including a secure single point of entry, tenant laundry, food pantry, exercise room, community kitchen, TV room, and a secure landscaped courtyard. Offices will also be provided onsite for property management and supportive services.

The \$6 million Housing Trust Fund loan will be in first lien position with a 30-year term at zero percent interest. The loan will be structured as deferred forgivable. Other funding sources for the project include a sizable loan from the City of Austin for about \$15.5 million, and a sponsor loan of just over \$2 million. The

affordability period for this project will be 30 years.

Approval of this award necessitates a waiver of 10 TAC 13.2(14) of the MFDL rule, and MFDL stands for Multifamily Direct Loan. That's our money that we loan to Multifamily Direct Loan developments rather than providing as grants or equity investments into the development.

So for most affordable housing programs, including the Housing Trust Fund and project-based vouchers, owners are required to calculate what's called a utility allowance. Utility allowance is an estimate of a tenant's monthly utility obligations, which then must be accounted for when calculating the tenant's rent.

So for example, if the utility allowance calculation determines that estimated monthly utility bills for a one-bedroom unit at a development -- and this isn't specific to this development; this is just an example -- but if the estimated utility bills are \$100 a month and the rent limit is \$1,000 a month for that unit, then the owner would only be able to charge \$900 for that unit.

Utility allowances generally must be updated once per year, and different programs require different methodologies for calculating utility allowance, and some of these methodologies are, unfortunately, incompatible with one another.

This project is proposed to be all bills paid,

meaning that tenants are not responsible for paying their utilities. At the time of the last rulemaking process for the MFDL rule, guidance from HUD indicated that NHTF and project-based vouchers were incompatible due to separate irreconcilable utility allowance requirements.

HUD has recently provided guidance that this conflict does not exist for all-bills-paid developments, which allows the applicant to layer these two funding sources in units.

The current definition of qualifying unit in the MFDL rule prohibits this layering and will be revised to reflect the updated guidance from HUD the next time it goes through the rulemaking process. In the meantime, the definition prohibiting this layering is still on the books and must be waived in order for this application to move forward.

The second recommendation in this item concerns application 21514 Parker Apartments. This development was awarded 9 percent Housing Tax Credits in July of 2021. You may remember this is one of the forward commitments that was made during the last tax credit cycle.

Since this time, the development has experienced sharp construction increases with a total development cost having increased just over \$8 million. To help cover this gap, the Department is recommending an award of National

Housing Trust Fund in the amount of \$2,025,974.

This gap is additionally offset by other funding sources, namely an increase to the deferred developer fee, a \$750,000 from Federal Home Loan Bank, and the developer is also ponging up quite a bit of money. They have increased their sponsor loan to the project by \$4.4 million.

Parker proposes the new construction of 135 units that will serve a general population in Austin, with income levels ranging from 30 percent to 60 percent of the area median income. As a result of the NHTF award, 10 of the units will be restricted at the 30 percent income level for that program.

The NHTF loan will be in second position, structured as soft repayable with a 40-year term. The affordability period will also be 40 years, so we're getting four decades of affordability out of this award.

Staff recommends approval of the previous mentioned waiver and both awards on this item, and I'm happy to take any questions that you have.

MR. VASQUEZ: Okay. So really to summarize, our current rules lag behind the new guidance from HUD that allows this to happen. Our rules as written haven't been updated in the cycle to reflect that.

MR. CAMPBELL: That is exactly correct, yes,

1	sir.
2	MR. VASQUEZ: So odds are likely that we will
3	amend our rules to match, just like we do in everything
4	else, and this would go forward.
5	MR. CAMPBELL: Yes, sir.
6	MR. VASQUEZ: Do any Board members have
7	questions on this item?
8	(No response.)
9	MR. VASQUEZ: The staff's recommendation is to
10	accept the waiver of the rule at this point.
11	MR. CAMPBELL: The waiver, yes, sir, and then
12	approve both of the awards. Yes, sir.
13	MR. VASQUEZ: Are you speaking against this or
14	for this?
15	MR. FISHER: (Speaking from audience.) It's
16	another component of the matter.
17	MR. VASQUEZ: Okay. So you would like to chime
18	in on the matter?
19	MR. FISHER: Two minutes tops.
20	MR. VASQUEZ: Okay. So Mr. Marchant
21	MR. MARCHANT: Move.
22	MR. BATCH: Second.
23	MR. VASQUEZ: moves to hear comment, Mr.
24	Batch seconds it. All those in favor aye.
25	(A chorus of ayes.)

1	MR. VASQUEZ: Any opposed?
2	(No response.)
3	MR. VASQUEZ: I might be opposed, but I'll let
4	you go. Please sign in.
5	MR. FISHER: Bill Fisher, Sonoma Housing.
6	Multifamily Direct Loans have quite a bit of
7	lead time, they require engineering feasibility studies and
8	a great deal of other investment by the applicants. I
9	believe a component of this matter is to close the
10	applications for HOME funds tomorrow.
11	So I work with several nonprofits that have been
12	working on applications, I know there's some indication in
13	the Board book that we may or may not be oversubscribed,
14	these would be CHDO HOME applications. So if that's a
15	component of this item, all I'm asking is that the Board
16	move the deadline date for the application cutoff from the
17	13th to the end of the month and we don't reprogram funds,
18	which I think is also a component of this item, unless I
19	read it incorrectly.
20	MR. CAMPBELL: I believe that's the next item.
21	MR. FISHER: Okay.
22	MR. VASQUEZ: Okay. We'll entertain a motion on
23	item 7(a) of the agenda.
24	MR. BATCH: Mr. Chairman, I move that the Board
25	approve the 2021 Multifamily Direct Loan NOFA applications

1	for application number 21513 Balcones Terrace, and
2	application 21514 Parker Apartments, subject to the
3	conditions, limitations, and providing the limited waiver,
4	all as expressed in the Board action request on this item.
5	MR. VASQUEZ: Thank you.
6	Motion made by Mr. Batch. Is there a second?
7	MS. FARIAS: Second.
8	MR. VASQUEZ: Seconded by Ms. Farias. All those
9	in favor say aye.
10	(A chorus of ayes.)
11	MR. VASQUEZ: Any opposed?
12	(No response.)
13	MR. VASQUEZ: Hearing none, motion carries.
14	And let's be sure to sync up the rules with HUD,
15	of course.
16	MR. CAMPBELL: Certainly.
17	MR. VASQUEZ: Item 7(b), Presentation,
18	discussion, and possible action on permitting the executive
19	director to make necessary amendments to the 2022-1
20	Multifamily Direct Loan notice of funding availability.
21	Mr. Campbell.
22	MR. CAMPBELL: Great. Thank you.
23	This item requests that the executive director,
24	Bobby, be given certain permissions with regards to the
25	2022 MFDL notice of funding availability to help staff

effectively and efficiently administer the HOME and Housing Trust Fund programs.

The Department began accepting applications under the current NOFA on February 7 of 2022. Due to the increased need for funding resulting from rising costs in the industry, the number of applications submitted has increased substantially from previous years, and as a result, all available set-asides in the NOFA are currently significantly oversubscribed.

I believe in total we have received 42 applications thus far, and to give you an idea, the NOFA initially made available about \$41 million and the current log reflects about \$100 million in requests.

This item requests a few permissions with regards to administering this NOFA. First, staff requests that the executive director have the authority to suspend the acceptance of new applications under the NOFA and then to begin the acceptance of new applications as additional funding becomes available.

Staff recognizes that there are likely additional applicants wishing to apply under this NOFA; however, it is in the best interest of sensible administration to not assign those applications an acceptance date until additional funding becomes available.

As we are all aware, construction prices are

extremely volatile right now, and an application accepted today could be totally outdated if and when sufficient funding becomes available to necessitate its review.

Staff is also requesting that the executive director be given flexibility when programming additional funding that becomes available. The Department anticipates a large award of National Housing Trust Fund coming our way in the coming months and would like to be able to program the non-administrative funds from that award into the NOFA as soon as possible when that happens.

The funds will first be required to go through a regional allocation period of 30 days, after which staff requests the ability to program those funds into the set-asides in a manner that is most responsive to the needs of the applicant pool at that time, which may include programming National Housing Trust Fund into the COVID impact set-aside.

Lastly, staff is requesting that the director be permitted to add unprogrammed 2021 or prior year MFDL funds into the NOFA. So for example, if a current 2021 NOFA application were no longer to be able to move forward, approval of this item would allow those funds to be programmed directly into the current NOFA.

If this item is approved, staff anticipates suspending the acceptance of new applications as soon as

1 tomorrow at 5:00 p.m. The Department's MFDL programs are 2 bigger and in more demand than ever before. Just a couple of years ago, I believe, we were 3 4 doing five, maybe ten deals a year, and depending on how 5 much money we get, we might actually be able to fund all 42 6 of these -- not a promise, nothing is final till it's 7 final, but it has grown exorbitantly in the last couple of 8 years. 9 And so approving this item will allow staff to 10 more nimbly administer those funds and to respond more quickly to the needs of the applicant pool. 11 12 Staff recommends approval of this item. 13 MR. VASQUEZ: Do any Board members have 14 questions on this? 15 MS. FARIAS: No. I'm ready to make a motion. 16 MR. VASQUEZ: Just to clarify, will this allow 17 the executive director to increase loans that were approved, approval amounts on loans? 18 19 MR. CAMPBELL: No, sir, it does not. So the 20 maximum request amount of the NOFA would not be changed, 21 and there is no request for approval to change that amount 22 in this item. 23 MR. VASQUEZ: So it would just allow us to 24 re-utilize the fund. 25 MR. CAMPBELL: Correct. It would give us

1	flexibility in moving this money around. Yes, sir.
2	MR. VASQUEZ: All right. Ms. Farias, would you
3	care to make a motion?
4	MS. FARIAS: Yes. I move the Board grant the
5	executive director the identified additional authority and
6	flexibility to efficiently administer the 2022-1 MFDL NOFA,
7	all as outlined in the Board action request on this item.
8	MR. VASQUEZ: Great. Thank you.
9	Motion made by Ms. Farias. Is there a second?
10	MR. BATCH: Second.
11	MR. VASQUEZ: Seconded by Mr. Batch.
12	Your comment already applies, right?
13	Okay. All those in favor say aye.
14	(A chorus of ayes.)
15	MR. VASQUEZ: Any opposed?
16	(No response.)
17	MR. VASQUEZ: Hearing none, motion carries.
18	Moving on to item $7(c)$ and possibly $7(d)$ ,
19	depending on 7(c), Presentation, discussion, and possible
20	action on timely appealed termination of Housing Tax Credit
21	application number 22062, Country Villa, under the
22	Department's Multifamily Program rules.
23	MR. CAMPBELL: Thank you.
24	This item concerns an appeal related to the
25	termination of application 22062, Country Villa in Freer.

This application is competing in the USDA set-aside of the 2022 9 percent competitive tax credit round and proposes the acquisition and rehabilitation of 32 units. The application was timely filed.

On April 11, staff sent the applicant a notice of administrative deficiency. Administrative deficiencies are information requested by Department staff required to explain or clarify inconsistencies to provide non-material missing information, or to assist staff in evaluating the application.

The administrative deficiency sent out for this application included 39 separate items which required a response including: the development owner's certificate was omitted from the application; the incorrect survey for the development site was submitted with the application; inconsistencies were identified throughout the application regarding the number of units receiving rental assistance, various exhibits and supporting documents identified the number of units receiving rental assistance as 11, 15, 17 and then 115; required documentation concerning the existing USDA loan and the sponsor characteristics were not submitted; points were claimed regarding the opportunity index and underserved area provisions of the Qualified Allocation Plan for which the site does not appear to be eligible; along with 34 other items requiring

clarification.

Now, applicants are not automatically disqualified for containing administrative deficiencies, and I would say that they're actually a pretty common part of the application review.

These applications are very complex, so having a few points of clarification that are necessary is certainly not an uncommon thing. However, applications which contain material deficiencies are not eligible for consideration.

A material deficiency is any deficiency which exceeds the scope of an administrative deficiency. The QAP also includes the important caveat that it is possible that multiple deficiencies that could individually be characterized as administrative deficiencies when taken as a whole would create a need for substantial re-review of the application and, as such, would be characterized as a material deficiency.

The 39 deficiencies issued for this application would require that staff re-review information related to the application's finances, threshold, eligibility and scoring matters.

As a result of the QAP's substantial re-review criteria for a material deficiency, staff determined that the application is not eligible for consideration and issued a termination letter to the applicant on April 22.

The applicant appealed on April 28, requesting that the application be given the opportunity to continue competing in the round. This appeal was denied by the executive director and is now being presented to the Board for consideration.

If the Board denies this appeal and upholds the termination, then the application will no longer be competing in the 9 percent round; if the Board grants the appeal, then the application will continue to compete. Staff recommends that the Board deny the appeal.

And just as a final note, as Mr. Vasquez alluded to just a few minutes ago, the next item on the agenda also concerns this application. If the Board upholds this termination, then the next item will not be necessary for presentation.

I'm happy to answer any questions that you have.

MR. VASQUEZ: I'm just curious. Did the applicant make a statement that, oh, we accidentally sent in our first draft?

MR. CAMPBELL: They did respond to the deficiency notice. There was a timing issue with their response which the next item concerns. Most of the response that they provided to us in their appeal suggested or was in response to the potential scoring loss that we're going to be discussing next. In terms of the number of

1	deficiencies in the application, there wasn't really a
2	great response to that.
3	MR. VASQUEZ: I don't see anyone that came up to
4	the front two rows. Are there members
5	SPEAKER FROM AUDIENCE: We're here on the next
6	one, on (e).
7	MR. VASQUEZ: But you don't wish to make
8	comments on (e) or (d)? Okay, all right.
9	So do any other Board members have questions on
10	this deficient application?
11	(No response.)
12	MS. FARIAS: I'm ready to make a motion.
13	MR. VASQUEZ: I will entertain a motion on item
14	7(c) with the staff's recommendation to terminate this
15	based on material deficiencies.
16	MS. FARIAS: I move the Board deny the appeal of
17	County Villa, application number 22062, for the reasons
18	described in the Board action request on this item.
19	MR. MARCHANT: Second.
20	MR. VASQUEZ: Motion made by Ms. Farias. I
21	think I heard a second by Mr. Marchant. All those in favor
22	say aye.
23	(A chorus of ayes.)
24	MR. VASQUEZ: Any opposed?
25	(No response.)

MR. VASQUEZ: Hearing none, motion carries; therefore, 7(d) is a moot point and we don't have to discuss it.

MR. ECCLES: Precisely, 7(d) is moot.

MR. VASQUEZ: Okay. So we will now move on to 7(e), Presentation, discussion, and possible action on timely appeal of termination of Multifamily Direct Loan application 22500, Freedom's Path at Waco, under the Department's Multifamily rules.

MR. CAMPBELL: Thank you.

As Mr. Vasquez just said, this item concerns a timely filed appeal of the termination of MFDL application 22500, Freedom's Path at Waco.

Freedom's Path is a 2021 9 percent tax credit award which proposes the adaptive reuse of 34 units in Waco. The applicant applied for \$1.2 million in additional MFDL funding on February 7 of this year to help fill the gap caused by construction cost increases which have been incurred since the original award.

The application proposes the layering of historic tax credits with the Department's MFDL funds. This financing combination is explicitly prohibited by 10 TAC 13.3(d)(2)(A) -- and I'm sorry for all the citations in this sentence -- but that particular portion of the rule states that direct loans may not be used for adaptive reuse

developments subject to the requirements of 36 CFR 67 implementing Section 47 of the Internal Revenue Code.

These citations directly relate to historic tax credits.

This rule is in place because the complex requirements of historic tax credits are not easily compatible with the very strict timing deadlines of MFDL funds.

Some of you may recall an item being presented earlier this year concerning which windows should be allowed to be installed in an adaptive reuse development in Amarillo. That deal had a similar funding combination, and those are the kinds of issues that the Department has experienced in the past when these funding sources are combined.

Because the Department must always be mindful of our deadlines related to committing and expending MFDL funds, applications which could present significant timing issues do present some level of risk. That being said, the rule in question prohibiting the combination of these funds is a state rules and is not a federal requirement.

Because the application is ineligible for consideration under the rules and did not include a waiver request or otherwise address how it can meet requirements, a termination notice was issued on April 22. The applicant appealed, which was subsequently denied by the executive

director and is therefore being presented to the Board for consideration.

If the Board denies the appeal, then the application will be terminated; if the Board grants the appeal and reinstates the application, then staff anticipates that a waiver request of the rule in question will be presented at the June meeting. Because this waiver will affect threshold criteria for our MFDL funds, then an amendment to the Department's one-year action plan with HUD will be necessary.

In accordance with the MFDL rule, if a waiver is necessary and is approved by the Board, then the application acceptance date for an MFDL application will then be the date that the Department completes the amendment process for the one-year action plan.

Because this particular caveat of the rule is part of the Department's HUD-approved methods of distribution for these funds, there really isn't much available flexibility regarding the requirement of the new application acceptance date.

As discussed earlier, the Department anticipates suspending the NOFA for new application acceptance dates shortly, which would present an issue for this application if it is able to move forward.

Now, sometimes you just have to say the quiet

part out loud and lay it out on the table.

MR. VASQUEZ: Please do.

MR. CAMPBELL: Sure. So how we got here today is a very straightforward administrative process. We received an application that does not comport with the rules. There was no waiver request provided, there was no explanation of how the application could be made to comport with the rules, and therefore, the termination of the application and the denial of the appeal is pretty straightforward by-the-book stuff.

That being said, staff is aware that this is probably not the most compelling termination that has ever been presented to the Board for consideration before, and so as a suggestion, if the applicant does end up moving forward and requests a waiver at the June meeting, then what staff can do is present a NOFA amendment for approval at the same meeting, which would allow this application to be accepted upon approval of the waiver and completion of the one-year action plan amendment even if the NOFA is otherwise suspended. This would allow the application to proceed without being delayed by the suspension.

So strictly on the basis of the rules, staff does recommend that the Board deny the appeal; however, we are prepared to look for solutions if the application is reinstated, and I am happy to answer any questions that you

have.

MR. VASQUEZ: On the one-year plan that we would have to amend, would that impact any of our other processes or applications unrelated to this project?

MR. CAMPBELL: No, sir. In fact, I believe this is the only application that we have that is in this particular situation, so amending that portion of the action plan would not present an issue.

MR. VASQUEZ: Okay. So it doesn't stop any other clocks or delay us in other ways.

MR. CAMPBELL: Correct. The timing of the amendment could present issues. Sometimes HUD is just Johnny-on-the-spot with getting them back to us, and sometimes they do take a little bit of time.

We would not be able to move forward with the application until HUD approved the amendment to the one-year action plan, but we are certainly prepared to submit that amendment if the Board directs us to do so.

MR. VASQUEZ: And if HUD responds slowly, what does that do with other timelines and dates and such?

MR. CAMPBELL: HUD has been responding uncharacteristically quickly recently. The last one-year action plan submission that we submitted to them was approved, I believe, within two days, so staff is optimistic.

1	MR. VASQUEZ: And they could still not approve
2	the amendment.
3	MR. CAMPBELL: They could. Again, this is a
4	state rule, so I'm not sure what their basis for not
5	approving the amendment would be. Staff does not have any
6	great concerns about being able to get the one-year action
7	plan amendment through.
8	MR. WILKINSON: Worst case scenario, this
9	\$1.2 million would be hung up until we got HUD's approval.
10	MR. CAMPBELL: That is correct.
11	MR. VASQUEZ: Anyone have any question on this?
12	MR. MARCHANT: The quickest way to help these
13	folks is to deny this?
14	MR. VASQUEZ: No. Well, the recommendation by
15	staff is to terminate the application.
16	MR. CAMPBELL: Right. So the quickest way to
17	help these folks is to disagree with staff's recommendation
18	and
19	MR. MARCHANT: To grant?
20	MR. CAMPBELL: and to grant the appeal.
21	That is correct, yes, sir.
22	MR. MARCHANT: I'm ready to make that motion.
23	MR. VASQUEZ: Counsel, if we were to grant this
24	appeal based on the solution that was presented by Mr.
25	Campbell, would that cause us any other unintended

consequences?

MR. ECCLES: Well, the granting of the appeal doesn't really have a basis. The application violates this rule, and our federal compliance counsel has raised a finger, and I believe would also like to chime in on this matter, with the Chair's indulgence.

MR. VASOUEZ: Please.

MS. SYLVESTER: So another option would be to deny the appeal but reopen the agenda item for the amendment, because the amendment was properly posted and we were going to be talking about things in the amendment, and direct staff to amend the NOFA to allow a subset, qualifying project like this.

However, that still does not give them an application acceptance date, and I want to be really clear about that because right now we are oversubscribed in the COVID set-aside. And so let's say, you know, we did that NOFA amendment, we posted it. We have to give people a reasonable time who would be in a similarly situated position, and we can't actually do that until we get the approval from HUD.

They're still going to receive an application acceptance date of, let's say, best case scenario, end of June, and so likely we would not be able to process the application until we get the new monies from HUD. So I

just wanted to kind of put that out there.

The other path is the waiver path, which means they have to come back in June and then we still have to do the substantial amendment -- I'm sorry; it's not a substantial amendment -- an amendment to the action plan.

So either way it's not that they're getting an application acceptance date. So when you said, oh, we're just going to hold up that \$1.2 million, we're not actually holding up the \$1.2 million because of their application acceptance date, so the review in which they will be recommended for an award is going to go to the next person that's eligible on the list.

And there's a good way to do that because of how we put in our application to HUD what is an eligible project and what is not an eligible project. You have to identify threshold items, and this is specifically identified as an ineligible applicant.

And we have done projects like this before, but the application acceptance date in those prior projects, it wasn't really a relevant factor because we were in a non-competitive environment. So it didn't matter if the application acceptance date got moved back, from a practical standpoint; we were undersubscribed in that particular set-aside or that particular fund so it didn't matter.

It does matter in this case, so I wanted to just more fully explain the Byzantine world of how HUD and the Texas Administrative Code sort of interact in this area. Thank you.

MR. VASQUEZ: Could someone clarify for the Board that the way the structures of this financing are done -- or the reason why we're specifically not allowed under the current rules? Because it's very difficult to layer these on and match up the requirements? Could someone explain? So even if we said okay, the implementation of this, how does that work?

MR. CAMPBELL: Sure. So it's not impossible to make it work. The review process for the historic tax credits can draw on, I think is a fair way to say it.

Sometimes you have to, you know, get a public board together and discuss window standards just to move the project along an inch when it's got that funding stack.

So it's not impossible to make happen. We've done it, I believe, three times in the past. We have had difficulties with all three of those applications related to this combination of the funding. However, if the Board directs staff to, we will figure it out; we always do.

MR. ECCLES: I think if it was to form Member

Marchant's question to just say granting the appeal doesn't

really fix these problems that Megan laid out, most

specifically because the plan that's submitted the HUD, kind of the rules of the board game, include this type of project with this funding stack being excluded, so we have to change the rules of the game.

So granting or denying the appeal doesn't really change the fact that we have to get the plan amendment and then get a waiver of that rule, but if we reopened -- I think if we could get kind of the middle ground for reopening, that would at least shorten it a little bit.

MS. SYLVESTER: There's two ways to do this.

Right? So they can have an individual waiver for their project, or we can amend the NOFA, and before we do that, we take the plan amendment to HUD.

So for example, the COVID set-aside has many waivers that are published in the NOFA of our regular rules, and we said these are the rules for this particular set-aside, and we are waiving certain provisions of these rules for the COVID set-aside, and we published those waivers in our action plan with HUD.

So that is a path you could do. You could say, for example, the applications that apply in the COVID set-aside that have received a Step 2 review from the National Park Service are eligible under this NOFA, under the set-aside, or that have submitted the application.

In answer to -- I'm not sure who asked the

question, so typically we have the expectation from a committing-our-funding perspective that within a year of the Board awards you're going to be able to sign a contract with us, and none of the historic rehab deals has directed us to do have ever met that deadline.

We have one right now where we had an almost two-year time frame between the time of award, and we're still not to the point where we can sign a contract because of the extensive negotiations that goes on with the National Park Service and historic rehab standards.

So that's why the rule is what it is; it just doesn't play well with our commitment deadline. Having said that, I think I gave you the actions which we do.

Beau, do you have another?

MR. ECCLES: Well, I was just going to -- from a practical standpoint, I think that the question for the Legal Division was if it still begins with denying the appeal, the second part of a motion that could be made that would give the shortest option for having this matter still be considered despite the fact that there is this application acceptance issue that is going to linger, regardless of what happens.

MS. SYLVESTER: Correct.

MR. ECCLES: What would you suggest?

MS. SYLVESTER: To direct staff to have a NOFA

1	amendment that applicants are eligible in the COVID
2	set-aside that have submitted their Step 2 to HUD.
3	Now, we can't effectuate that until we get the
4	approval from HUD, but we could that's probably the
5	quickest path, though it's still not going to result in a
6	review of this application tomorrow.
7	MR. MARCHANT: Chairman, if they'd write that
8	up, I'd be willing to do it.
9	(General laughter.)
10	MR. VASQUEZ: So can Beau state a motion to that
11	effect that Mr. Marchant will
12	MR. ECCLES: Well, Megan, why don't you come
13	back up to the dais, and we'll do this like an annoying
14	two-person message on your home answering machine.
15	So I'll start
16	MS. SYLVESTER: Okay. Hold on just a second. I
17	think we need to hear from the applicant have they
18	submitted their Step 2. That's the key part.
19	MR. ECCLES: Okay.
20	MR. VASQUEZ: So Mr. Marchant makes a motion.
21	MR. MARCHANT: To accept public comment.
22	MR. VASQUEZ: Mr. Batch seconds. All those in
23	favor?
24	(A chorus of ayes.)
25	MS. MEYER: They've not only submitted it, but

1	they were approved this morning.
2	MR. VASQUEZ: Can you identify yourself?
3	MS. MEYER: Robbye Meyer. Thank you for
4	allowing us to speak.
5	They've not only submitted it, but it was
6	approved this morning, so it's done. They're ready,
7	they've got final approval for both their federal and state
8	credits.
9	MS. SYLVESTER: Is it the SHPO or is it the
10	National Park Service approval?
11	MS. MEYER: They've got the Part 2.
12	MS. SYLVESTER: Okay. But there's a Part 2
13	approval by the SHPO, and then it goes to the national.
14	MS. MEYER: They've got their final approval, so
15	that's all I can tell you.
16	THE REPORTER: I can't hear anybody.
17	MS. SYLVESTER: I'm sorry. The question is
18	here, the reason partly why this process takes so long is
19	there's a state process; it's called the State Historic
20	I forgotten the acronym State Historic Preservation
21	Office, and the applications go to them for a
22	recommendation, and then the SHPO sends the information to
23	the National Park Service and they do their own review, and
24	that process is the process that takes really a long time.
25	The state office, in our experience, is pretty

1 responsive; it's when it gets sent to the National Park 2 Service that it used to take six months and now we have 3 some projects taking two years. 4 MR. TAYLOR: May I speak, Mr. Chairman? 5 MR. VASQUEZ: Please come up, identify yourself, 6 sign in, and all that. 7 MR. TAYLOR: Craig Taylor, executive director of Solutions for Veterans, which is the managing general 8 9 partner and developer of this project. I was showing the 10 counsel the email I got today. So just a little bit of background. When you do 11 12 a historic tax credit project, you first of all have to be designated as an eligible project, which is called Part 1, 13 14 and she's right, that goes to the state and then it goes to 15 the federal government, so we received our Part 1 16 certification some months ago. 17 Once that's done, then the application process opens up to submit the Part 2, and what the Part 2 18 19 represents is what you plan to do when you renovate these historic structures in order for the structure to comply 20 21 with the historic preservation rules. 22 And so our architects worked on that, and we 23 submitted our Part 2 certification to the Texas State

Historic Preservation Office. They reviewed it, a very

iterative process between our historic consultants, us as

24

25

the developer and the SHPO, and we finally got to a place where we felt like we had an approvable project.

That project was then submitted to the National Park Service for their approval, and this what I was showing is the email from David Trayte, who is Technical Preservation Services, National Park Service, Washington, D.C., and it is a signed -- you won't be able to see it, but it's the signed Part 2 approval of the project, which means that our plans have been approved.

There are conditions, and we'll have to comply with those conditions, but our plans have been approved, and we can now move forward with the development of the project.

Our issues has been, just like everybody else on the planet, from when we submitted our application to now, we've got a cost increase, and so we asked the agency how should we address this, because we're a '21 project and there wasn't an opening at the time for a supplemental credit request which was only 2019 and 2020.

The suggestion was that we would put in a 2021 application, and then we got caught up -- our fault, not reading the rule as closely as we should.

And let me just say, we've got 10 of these projects around the country, we're a small volunteer-run nonprofit corporation. We've got 10 of these around the

country for homeless veterans, four of which, previous to this, have been done with a blending of HOME dollars and historic credits.

The most recent one, a 28-unit development in Hines, Illinois at the Hines VA Hospital, using IHDA, Illinois Housing Development Authority, \$3.5 million HOME funds and Illinois state and federal historic credits, which is very similar to Texas's program, and they've all been very successful and they've all been timely done.

But our problem on this project is a cost problem and your \$1.2 million would go almost all the way in solving our problem.

So thank you for your consideration. I appreciate the opportunity to speak with you.

MR. VASQUEZ: Great. Thank you, Mr. Taylor.

MS. SYLVESTER: So one of the options, Beau, would be for the NOFA to be amended -- the second part of a motion for the NOFA to be amended to allow -- subsequent to approval from HUD, to allow the adaptive reuse development subject to the requirements of 36 CFR 67, implementing Section 47 of the Internal Revenue Code that apply in the COVID set-aside and at the time of the application acceptance date have completed the Part 2 review process.

MR. LYTTLE: Mr. Chairman, I can't tweet that. (General laughter.)

1	MR. ECCLES: Okay. We're still going to do this
2	as the annoying two person.
3	MR. VASQUEZ: Could we simply make a motion
4	form the motion to approve the appeal and direct the staff
5	to take whatever actions necessary to proceed?
6	MS. SYLVESTER: Well, I would say that the
7	motion is to deny the appeal, because if you approve the
8	appeal, then they have to go the waiver route, which is
9	going to take longer.
10	MR. VASQUEZ: Deny the appeal and to direct
11	staff to take whatever actions necessary to allow a
12	continuation of the
13	MS. SYLVESTER: Allow projects in the COVID set
14	aside that at the time of the application acceptance date
15	have completed the Part 2 review process.
16	MR. ECCLES: That's the one. Who would like to
17	make that motion?
18	MR. MARCHANT: I'd read that motion if it was
19	written down.
20	MR. VASQUEZ: I think it's simple to say I move
21	that motion as stated.
22	MR. MARCHANT: I would like to make that motion
23	as previously stated, to deny this and
24	MR. VASQUEZ: You've got to turn on your mic
25	again.

1	MR. MARCHANT: I'd like to make a motion that we
2	deny 7(e) that we direct staff to make appropriate
3	documentation so that the applicant can conform to whatever
4	staff needs to get the deal done.
5	MR. ECCLES: As indicated by staff counsel Megan
6	Sylvester.
7	MR. MARCHANT: I love that language. I would
8	like for that language to be recorded as part of my motion.
9	MR. VASQUEZ: Motion made by Mr. Marchant.
10	MS. FARIAS: Second.
11	MR. VASQUEZ: Seconded by Ms. Farias.
12	One more comment by Ms. Meyer.
13	MS. MEYER: Robbye Meyer.
14	I mean, the application is terminated, so how do
15	you continue with the application if you've terminated it?
16	So before you vote on that and say no, you can't move
17	forward, I mean, if you go and deny our appeal, the
18	application is terminated and how do you get around that?
19	MR. MARCHANT: The intent of my motion is to
20	MR. VASQUEZ: Let's let staff clarify that.
21	MR. CAMPBELL: So in that situation, the
22	applicant would be required to resubmit the application
23	just as soon as it become an application that comports with
24	the rules, and they would get a new application acceptance

25

date at that time.

1	MR. MARCHANT: Yeah. I understand the answer.
2	Do you understand the answer?
3	MR. VASQUEZ: Robbye, are you okay with that?
4	MS. MEYER: Not really, because we would lose
5	our place in line.
6	MR. ECCLES: I believe you're going to lose your
7	position anyway because you submitted an application that
8	was plainly in violation of the rule.
9	MS. MEYER: Well, okay. So could I make my
10	remarks then, if we're going to go down this path, before
11	you vote?
12	MR. VASQUEZ: Please. Go ahead, please, if you
13	have a better solution.
14	MS. MEYER: My name is Robbye Meyer. Thank you,
15	Chairman, for letting me speak.
16	My client contacted the Department in January
17	because he has a 2021 development, and he inquired about
18	the possibility of having supplemental credits. At that
19	time he was told there wasn't a consideration, and he
20	talked to Mr. Campbell.
21	Mr. Campbell encouraged him to apply for Direct
22	Loan funds. That's exactly what he did. And now he's been
23	terminated for doing exactly what he was advised to do.
24	Last year the rule was changed in 2022 to make

this historic credit developments ineligible activity, and

25

the presentation to the Board was said that these developments would be ineligible going forward, but they would be considered on a case-by-case basis either through a NOFA or by waiver. However, staff did not explain to the Board that that waiver was going to take an act of Congress in order to do it.

In the executive director's response to our appeal, he explains that it's going to take change of the one-year action plan and approval by HUD, that we would lose our place in line, and all of this in accordance with 10 TAC 13.1(c)(2).

That rule siting applies to non-layered developments. If you're going to treat this as a non-layered development, then a termination is invalid and this waiver is not needed.

On a previous agenda item on this agenda item today, staff recommended to you a waiver that they recognized in another application. I don't understand why this application did not get that same consideration before it was terminated.

Now we're sitting here under a termination and getting kicked out of line having to wait for a waiver approval because you have to change the one-year action plan and get HUD approval and such.

I just want the same consideration that other

applicants have received. They've got their final approvals for their historic credits, they're ready to move forward, they're not going to clog up the pipeline, and they'll probably be ahead of most 2021 deals.

So that's my comments. I hope you will reconsider that decision and allow this development to move forward without losing their place in line.

MR. VASQUEZ: We haven't voted on anything yet.

Cody, Beau, who's got the response or
explanation?

MR. CAMPBELL: So if I may address the comments about the applicability of the waiver section that was just mentioned -- I don't have the exact citation right in front of me.

Ms. Meyer is correct, that section does apply to non-layered developments. What the NOFA says, however, is that for applications in the COVID impact set-aside, those will be treated in accordance with that provision of the rule. It's very clearly stated in the NOFA -- I don't have it right here in front of me, but I've read it 15 times preparing for this Board item -- it's very clear in there.

Regarding the other application that received a staff-initiated waiver earlier today, from memory, those project-based vouchers were awarded to the project after the application was already in TDHCA's ecosphere.

1 So that was not an application that was 2 submitted that didn't comport; it was an application that 3 was submitted and throughout the process additional information became available and additional funding sources 4 5 entered the project that then necessitated a waiver. Not 6 quite the same as an application being presented that from 7 the get-go flatly does not comport with the rules. MR. ECCLES: And do we have a waiver request? 8 Ι 9 mean, it's not on this agenda. 10 MR. CAMPBELL: There is no waiver request for this on the agenda. 11 12 MS. MEYER: It was in the presentation in the 13 appeal. 14 MS. SYLVESTER: Megan Sylvester, federal 15 compliance counsel. 16 So there are certain things in our rules that 17 are threshold items, and there are certain things in our rules that speak to how we calculate subsidy, and you also 18 19 have to sort of consider that in the past sometimes when 20 we've done waivers this application acceptance date doesn't 21 come into play, and it does come into play here. 22 The waiver that staff initiated earlier today is 23 not a threshold item for HUD's action plan; it is not a 24 description of an eligible applicant. So ineligible 25 applicants are specifically described in Chapter 13.3, and

1	that's why this one needs an amendment, whereas the other
2	one does not.
3	MR. VASQUEZ: Does getting at the end of the
4	line under this scenario that we were about to put forth,
5	does that mean the applicant will be waiting for additional
6	funds?
7	MR. CAMPBELL: Most likely, yes. As I said
8	earlier, we do anticipate receiving quite a bit more
9	funding in the coming months. It's not something that we
10	can guarantee right now, but yes, they will lose their
11	current place in line and get a new application acceptance
12	date.
13	MR. VASQUEZ: So we're expecting funding,
14	additional funding in the coming months.
15	MR. CAMPBELL: Yes, sir.
16	MR. VASQUEZ: And won't it take some months for
17	this process to get approved by HUD?
18	MR. CAMPBELL: Potentially, yes, sir. On the
19	staff level we knock out the draft amendment and get it to
20	HUD pretty quickly. At that point it is kind of in HUD's
21	court. Like I said, they responded to the last one in two
22	days; maybe that will happen again.
23	MR. VASQUEZ: Although then we still have to
24	wait for additional funding at that point.
25	MR. CAMPRELL: Correct.

1	MR. VASQUEZ: So the option to the applicant is
2	either that we deny the appeal, as originally presented in
3	the Board action request and it's done, it's over I
4	guess it could be reapplied at some point but it's over
5	or we can deny the appeal and instruct staff to do what we
6	said to get it reprocessed and get the NOFA amended, and
7	then there's still life in the application.
8	MR. CAMPBELL: Sure. Or you could grant the
9	appeal and we could go with the waiver route, and the
10	waiver route, I would assume, would come to June.
11	MR. MARCHANT: Mr. Chairman, let me withdraw my
12	amendment so we clear the decks. Are we discussing the
13	motion?
14	MR. VASQUEZ: Yes. We're discussing the motion.
15	MR. MARCHANT: Okay. Then I do not withdraw if
16	we are discussing the motion.
17	MR. VASQUEZ: We need direction from staff on
18	which is the most viable way.
19	MR. WILKINSON: Of the two options, the motion
20	on the table is the faster one, according to counsel.
21	MR. VASQUEZ: Ms. Sylvester on that too. Megan.
22	MS. SYLVESTER: I believe it will be faster with
23	the motion on the table.
24	MR. VASQUEZ: Do we have one more applicant
25	renresentative?

1 MR. PARKER: Thank you for your time. My name 2 is Stan Parker. City of Waco wants this, everybody from the 3 4 Neighborhood Watch to the Capitol over here signed off in 5 favor of it. Time will kill us. We don't need to spend a 6 lot of time getting the rest of our money. 7 The VA needs it. These buildings were built in '36 and haven't been used since the '70s. This will 8 9 provide maintenance on them and bring them back to viable 10 use and, more importantly, the veterans' need, because we need a safety net for our vets. 11 12 Thank you. 13 MR. VASQUEZ: Okay, great. Thank you, Stan. 14 Again, I think it's the consensus of the Board 15 that we're trying to make this work. 16 MR. TAYLOR: Can I make one more comment? 17 MR. VASQUEZ: Actually, unless it's an actual solution that you're proposing to this. We agree we want 18 19 to do the project, but at this point we need to come up with a solution. 20 21 (Speaking from audience.) I need MR. TAYLOR: 22 an implication of what you're talking about. 23 MR. VASQUEZ: Please, Mr. Taylor, come up. 24 MR. TAYLOR: Thank you very much. 25 We do have a 9 percent allocation, and I do have a signed carryover. I have to do a 10 percent test and I have to, in accordance with the carryover, place this project in service by December 31, 2023, and so much more delays in an allocation of the funding will have a significant deleterious effect on my ability to perfect the 9 percent tax credits that were already awarded to the project.

MR. WILKINSON: Sir, I think you'll notice if you look down the agenda you'll see many force majeure requests pushing people to 2024, and if the Board is willing to move mountains and change federal plans to help you out now, I imagine they would grant a force majeure request.

MR. TAYLOR: That's my other concern apart from just the immediacy of needing to house veterans as quickly as possible, and we'll fairly ready to go, but y'all get that, I understand. I appreciate all the help. I just wanted to make sure that we weren't shooting ourselves in the head over losing our 9 percent credits. Thank you very much.

MR. VASQUEZ: With that, we have a motion that's been made by Mr. Marchant, seconded by Ms. Farias, I believe, if I recall.

MS. FARIAS: Right.

MR. VASQUEZ: I usually get it, writing it down.

ON THE RECORD REPORTING (512) 450-0342 I understand there's concerns and more hoops to jump through, but this was against our rules as we had put it out there when it was submitted.

So I'll call for a vote on the motion that we've detailed that I'm sure is in the record here. So we all understand? All those in favor of Mr. Marchant's motion, as augmented by Ms. Sylvester, say aye.

(A chorus of ayes.)

MR. VASQUEZ: Any opposed?

(No response.)

MR. VASQUEZ: None. Y'all are still alive; it's still going forward.

And again, obviously staff understands we're going to do everything we can to help move this along.

MR. CAMPBELL: Certainly.

MR. VASQUEZ: Thank you.

When going over the agenda with Mr. Wilkinson, I thought we'd be done much earlier than this, so thank y'all for your indulgence that you're still here.

We are getting closer to the end with item 7(f) on the agenda. Am I correct, we're on (f), yes?

Presentation, discussion, and possible action on a request for return and reallocation of tax credits under 10 TAC

Section 11.65 related to credit returns resulting from

force majeure events for Boulevard 61, project 21131.

MR. CAMPBELL: Yes, sir. It's time for our monthly discussion about force majeure. I believe we've got four of them on the agenda today.

As a brief refresher, Internal Revenue Code

Section 42 establishes that tax credit developments must be

placed in service no later than the end of the second

calendar year following the year of the award.

Placing in service means that the building is ready for its intended use and it's generally evidenced by a certificate of occupancy. So for example, developments awarded funding this year in July of 2022 will have until the end of 2024 to complete construction and receive their certificates of occupancy.

Because this is a federal requirement, the

Department has no authority to waive or extend this

deadline. The IRS does occasionally allow for states to

extend the deadline in response to specific situations;

however, no such relief is currently available for any of

the developments on the agenda today.

As a means of providing relief when necessary, the Department's QAP includes a force majeure or unforeseen circumstances provision. This section of the rule allows for developments to return their previously awarded credits and be allocated them in the current year which effectively

resets the clock for their deadline to place in service.

Treatment under this provision of the rule requires Board approval. This isn't something that we can approve at the staff level, and the Board may impose a shorter deadline to place in service if it so chooses.

The QAP has a kind of lengthy definition of force majeure events, but it includes events such as acts of God, fire, tornado, flooding, significant and unusual rainfall or subfreezing temperatures, loss of access to necessary water, utilities as a direct result of significant weather events, explosion, vandalism, orders or acts of military authority, unrelated party litigation, changes in law, rules or regulations, national emergency or insurrection, riot, acts of terrorism, supplier failures or materials and labor shortages, which seems to be the one that most of our requests have fallen back on here recently.

MR. VASQUEZ: In the future you can just tell us the one that applies to this.

MR. CAMPBELL: Certainly. Will do.

Boulevard 61 is a 2021 tax credit award which initially had a placed-in-service deadline of December 31, 2023. On April 18 the Department received a request from the applicant to extend the placed-in-service deadline under the force majeure rule. The request cites conditions

typical of those seen in recent requests: rising construction costs, labor shortages, and supply chain issues. The request also cites substantial funding issues related to a canceled City of Houston NOFA, as well as the time required to apply for National Housing Trust Funds under the Department's 2022 NOFA as causes for delay.

With an estimated 18-month construction schedule, the applicant anticipates placing in service sometime in 2024, which is after their current 2023 deadline.

If the Board approves this request, staff will execute a 2022 carryover allocation, which will set a placed-in-service deadline of the end of 2024, unless a shorter deadline is imposed by the Board.

If the Board denies this request, then the deadline will remain 2023, and because the development owner does not anticipate meeting this deadline, the credits are expected to be returned.

If the development owner returns the credits, they would first be made available in the subregion from which they were originally awarded pursuant to 10 TAC 11.62 related to returned credits. If there are pending applications on the applicable waiting list from the relevant subregion, the next application would be awarded, assuming that there are enough credits to make the award.

1 If there are not enough credits in the subregion to make an 2 award, then the credits would go to the statewide collapse and contribute to the next award. 3 Staff has reviewed this request and believes 4 5 that it does meet the requirements of the force majeure 6 rule and therefore recommends approval. I'm happy to 7 answer any questions that you have. MR. VASQUEZ: So 18-month construction period, 8 9 when does that start? 10 MR. CAMPBELL: I believe that they are needing to close on all of their other funding sources. Like I 11 12 said, they have a 2022 NHTF application in right now that's 13 currently under review by the Department. It's hard to 14 give a firm date. 15 MR. VASQUEZ: So 18 months would be early 2024, 16 we're not expecting it's going to truly wait a whole other 17 year. MR. CAMPBELL: That is my understanding, having 18 19 read the request. Yes, sir. 20 MR. VASQUEZ: Do any Board members have questions on this item? 21 22 (No response.) 23 MR. VASQUEZ: Hearing none, I would entertain a 24 motion on item 7(f) of the agenda. 25 MR. THOMAS: Mr. Chairman, I move the Board

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1 approve the request for treatment of Boulevard 61 under the 2 force majeure rule, including the return and reissuance of tax credits, subject to the conditions expressed in the 3 4 Board action request and proposed resolution on this item. 5 MR. VASOUEZ: Thank you. 6 Motion made by Mr. Thomas. Is there a second? MS. FARIAS: 7 Second. MR. VASQUEZ: Seconded by Ms. Farias. All those 8 9 in favor say aye. 10 (A chorus of ayes.) MR. VASQUEZ: Any opposed? 11 12 (No response.) MR. VASQUEZ: Hearing none, motion carries. 13 14 7(q) Presentation, discussion, and possible 15 action on a request for return and reallocation of tax credits under 10 TAC Section 11.65 related to the credit 16 17 returns resulting from force majeure events for Longview Square, project number 21220. 18 19 MR. CAMPBELL: Thank you. I believe these last 20 three should be pretty quick. This is for Longview Square, which is a 2021 9 21 22 percent award located in Longview. The request cites 23 material and labor shortages as well as global geopolitical 24 events as causes for construction delays and financing 25 shortfalls.

The request cites a 29.55 percent increase to

hard costs as well as rising interest rates and declining equity rates as difficulties that the project is experiencing.

This request and one immediately after differ in one significant way from requests heard recently. The request requires that developments must remain financially feasible in order to be considered for force majeure treatment.

While the applicant's request cites an extraordinarily large financing gap, which is a direct quote from the request, no explanation is provided as to how the owner intends to fill this gap. Because of this, staff recommends that the Board approve the request but conditioned upon the applicant's demonstration of continued financial feasibility.

If approved in this manner, then the owner will be required to provide evidence that the financing gap can be filled prior to staff issuing a new carryover with an extended date to place in service.

If the Board denies this request, then staff anticipates that the credits will be returned and the normal processes relating to credit returns will be followed.

I'm happy to answer any questions that you have.

MR. VASQUEZ: Doesn't it go without saying that

when we approve something like this it's subject to them
meeting the financing requirements?
MR. CAMPBELL: Sure, sure.
MR. VASQUEZ: Then we're just reiterating that
because we don't know how the answer is going to be.
MR. CAMPBELL: So most of the requests we've
seen recently, you know: We've applied for MFDL funds,
we're coming in for supplemental credits, we've applied for
CDBG DR funds. This request doesn't provide us any of that
information, and so without knowing where that money is
coming from, staff has less assurance that there's going to
be financial feasibility moving forward.
MR. VASQUEZ: Okay. But we're not going to
close or do any final issuance until we have that
information and you've analyzed it.
MR. CAMPBELL: Certainly.
MR. VASQUEZ: Okay.
MR. CAMPBELL: Right. And I think that the
development would not get built until they address this
issue. You know, they've got to get the money from
somewhere.
MR. BATCH: When you say geopolitical issues, is
there something specific there outside of what does that
mean exactly? Because that's a new term.
MR. CAMPBELL: It is a new one for me as well.

1	The request cites the war in Europe as being a reason.
2	MR. BATCH: But specifically I mean, the war
3	in Europe, that's even broad in and of itself, so what are
4	we talking about when we say geopolitical issues?
5	MR. CAMPBELL: So the request ties that to the
6	rising interest rates and decreasing equity rates that are
7	causing part of the shortfall.
8	MR. WILKINSON: I would add that some of the
9	force majeure requests, they list all the problems they're
10	dealing with and they don't necessarily narrow it to what's
11	actually covered by the rule, but just the supply
12	disruptions and labor cost increase due to COVID meet it by
13	itself, so then they add some other things.
14	MR. BATCH: I just wanted to make sure maybe
15	this is ridiculous; I just wanted to make sure that it
16	wasn't anything sanctions-wise that we're dealing with that
17	is thrown into this category of geopolitical issues.
18	MR. WILKINSON: I don't think so.
19	MR. CAMPBELL: There's nothing in the request to
20	that effect.
21	MR. VASQUEZ: That's just one statement amongst
22	a whole bunch of others that everyone else is citing.
23	MR. CAMPBELL: Sure.
24	MR. VASQUEZ: If that was the sole thing they
25	put in there, I'd question it too.

1	So are there any questions on this item? I
2	assume any potential speaker is in favor of the item.
3	Right? No one is here to speak against it?
4	Okay. I'll entertain a motion on item 7(g).
5	Don't be shy. Ms. Farias.
6	MS. FARIAS: I move the Board conditionally
7	approve the request for treatment of Longview Square under
8	the force majeure rule, including the return and reissuance
9	of tax credits, subject to the particular conditions as
10	expressed in the Board action request and proposed
11	resolution on this item.
12	MR. VASQUEZ: Thank you.
13	Motion made by Ms. Farias. Is there a second?
14	MR. THOMAS: Second, Mr. Chairman.
15	MR. VASQUEZ: Seconded by Mr. Thomas. All those
16	in favor say aye.
17	(A chorus of ayes.)
18	MR. VASQUEZ: Any opposed?
19	(No response.)
20	MR. VASQUEZ: Hearing none, motion carries.
21	7(h) of the agenda, Presentation, discussion,
22	and possible action on a request for return and
23	reallocation of tax credits under 10 TAC Section 11.65
24	related to the credit returns resulting from force majeure
25	for the Providence on the Park, project 21221.

Thank you. So this item is 1 MR. CAMPBELL: 2 identical to the previous item. It's for a 2021 9 percent award located in Lumberton, name is Providence on the Park. 3 4 The reasons cited in the request -- it actually came in on 5 the same letter, so the developer requested both of these 6 at the same time. 7 About the only difference between the two of them is that rather than a 29.55 percent increase, for this 8 9 particular development they cite a 39.42 percent increase. Staff's recommendation on this item is exactly 10 the same. We recommend that this be approved conditioned 11 upon demonstration of continued financial feasibility for 12 13 the development. 14 MR. VASQUEZ: Any Board members have questions 15 on this item? 16 (No response.) 17 MR. VASQUEZ: Hearing none, I'll entertain a motion on item 7(h) of the agenda. 18 19 MR. BATCH: Mr. Chairman, I move that the Board 20 conditionally approve the request for treatment of Providence on Park under the force majeure rule, including 21 22 the return and reissuance of tax credits, subject to the 23 particular conditions as expressed in the Board action 24 request and proposed resolution on this item.

Thank you.

MR. VASQUEZ:

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1	Motion made by Mr. Batch. Is there a second?
2	MR. MARCHANT: Second.
3	MR. VASQUEZ: Seconded by Mr. Marchant. All
4	those in favor say aye.
5	(A chorus of ayes.)
6	MR. VASQUEZ: Any opposed?
7	(No response.)
8	MR. VASQUEZ: Hearing none, motion carries.
9	We will be moving on to 7(i) of the agenda. Let
10	me introduce it and then I'll recognize you, Ms. Farias.
11	Presentation, discussion, and possible action on
12	the request for return and reallocation of tax credits
13	under 10 TAC Section 11.65 relating to the credit returns
14	resulting from force majeure events for 3300 Caroline
15	Street, project 20114.
16	And Ms. Farias would like to make a statement.
17	MS. FARIAS: I will be stepping out because I
18	must disclose that in my previous work as assistant
19	secretary of Fair Housing at Housing and Urban Development,
20	I had occasion to act on matters that wound up in events
21	such as the one before his Governing Board.
22	I do not have any pecuniary interest. I'm a
23	federal retiree. I've not been a consultant now, before or
24	later to either of these two parties. However, over an

abundance of caution I do not even want the appearance that

25

1	I lack impartiality.
2	MR. VASQUEZ: Does she have to physically leave?
3	MS. FARIAS: Doesn't matter.
4	MR. VASQUEZ: I'll recuse myself too.
5	MR. ECCLES: If there's coffee and a bathroom,
6	I'm not going to stop her
7	(General laughter.).
8	MR. VASQUEZ: Let the record reflect that Ms.
9	Farias has recused herself from this vote and has
10	physically left the room.
11	Mr. Campbell, please go ahead.
12	MR. CAMPBELL: Thank you.
13	This item concerns a request for treatment under
14	the force majeure rule for 3300 Caroline, which is a 2020 9
15	percent award in Houston. This is the second time that
16	force majeure treatment has been requested for this
17	development, the first of which was submitted to the
18	Department in April of 2021 and approved by the Board in
19	September of that year. You may recall that there were
20	several developments in a similar situation at the last
21	meeting that were requesting force majeure treatment for a
22	second time.
23	This request cites common reasons for delays
24	related to rising costs and supply chain issues and also
25	cites numerous delays related to the City of Houston,

specifically the city withholding CDBG DR funds as a result of the General Land Office freezing those funds, as well as the passage of a walkable streets ordinance, which required site plan changes that were approved by the Board in February of 2021.

Staff has determined that this situation does meet the requirements of the force majeure rule. If approved by the Board, staff will issue a new carryover with a 2024 deadline to place in service. If the Board denies the request, then staff anticipates that the credits will be returned and we will follow the normal procedures in that event.

Staff recommends approval of this request.

MR. MARCHANT: Mr. Chairman, I have a question.

MR. VASQUEZ: Please, Mr. Marchant, you have a question.

MR. MARCHANT: Just on items of force majeure in general, when we give this to, say, these four or five projects and then we open another round next year for shortfall additional funding, does that put them in that round automatically, or have they already passed their window for supplemental requests?

MR. CAMPBELL: So that depends on how the rule ends up being written for next year. I think with internal discussion among staff, if there do end up being

supplemental credits next year, we've identified perhaps 1 2 ways that the process could go a little bit smoother next 3 year and, from an administrative standpoint, be a little bit easier on staff. 4 5 So until the rule is finalized for what 2023 6 supplemental credits might look like, it's impossible to 7 answer that question, but we are certainly open to the 8 input of the Board. 9 MR. MARCHANT: You understand what my concern 10 is? MR. CAMPBELL: Yes, sir, that they could come 11 12 back in -- they get this force majeure and then they also 13 come back in. 14 MR. MARCHANT: Yeah. 15 MR. CAMPBELL: Yes, sir. 16 MR. MARCHANT: Thank you. 17 MR. VASQUEZ: Any other questions in this item? 18 (No response.) 19 MR. VASQUEZ: This reminds me that we're going 20 to need to appoint a Board member as chair of the Rules 21 Committee, and perhaps since Ms. Farias is out of the room, 22 we could do that. We'll put that aside until later. 23 (General laughter.) 24 MR. VASOUEZ: I would entertain a motion on item 25 7(i) on the agenda.

1	MR. THOMAS: Mr. Chairman, I move the Board
2	approve the request for treatment of 3300 Caroline Street
3	under the force majeure rule, including the return and
4	reissuance of tax credits, subject to the conditions as
5	expressed in the Board action request and proposed
6	resolution on this item.
7	MR. VASQUEZ: Motion made by Mr. Thomas. Is
8	there a second?
9	MR. BATCH: Second.
10	MR. VASQUEZ: Seconded by Mr. Batch. All those
11	in favor say aye.
12	(A chorus of ayes.)
13	MR. VASQUEZ: Any opposed?
14	(No response.)
15	MR. VASQUEZ: Hearing none, motion carries.
16	Thank you, Mr. Campbell.
17	So the Board has addressed the posted agenda
18	items. Now is the time of the meeting where members of the
19	public can raise issues with the Board on matters of
20	relevance to the Department's business or request that the
21	Board place specific items on future agendas for
22	consideration.
23	Is there anyone who would like to provide public
24	comment at this time?
25	(No response.)

ON THE RECORD REPORTING (512) 450-0342

1	MR. VASQUEZ: Thank you all. And thank you all
2	for bearing with us on a slightly extended meeting. We
3	will have our next scheduled meeting of the Board on
4	Thursday, June 16 at this same location at a time to be
5	announced, either 10:00 a.m. or possibly 9:00 a.m., but we
6	will get that posted.
7	So is there a motion to adjourn?
8	MS. FARIAS: I so move.
9	MR. BATCH: Second.
10	MR. VASQUEZ: Motion made by Ms. Farias,
11	seconded by Mr. Batch. All those in favor say aye.
12	(A chorus of ayes.)
13	MR. VASQUEZ: The meeting is adjourned. Thank
14	you. It is 2:03.
15	(Whereupon, at 2:03 p.m., the meeting was
16	adjourned.)

1 CERTIFICATE 2 3 MEETING OF: TDHCA Board 4 LOCATION: Austin, Texas 5 DATE: May 12, 2022 6 I do hereby certify that the foregoing pages, 7 numbers 1 through 163164, inclusive, are the true, 8 accurate, and complete transcript prepared from the verbal 9 recording made by electronic recording by Nancy H. King before the Texas Department of Housing and Community 10 Affairs. 11 12 DATE: May 18, 2022 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 (Transcriber) 20 21

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